

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Financial Statements

For the period 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED **Report on Audit of Financial Statements**

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2023, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income and the Cash Flow Statement and the, Statement of changes in equity for the period From 26 July 2022 to 31st March, 2023, and notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Financial Statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013, as amended ('The Act') in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2023 ,its loss including other comprehensive income, Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the period ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the Financial Statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143 (10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the Financial Statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the Financial Statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the Financial Statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent

with the Financial Statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the IND AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India,. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless Management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our

opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Financial Statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Financial Statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Financial Statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020, issued by the Central Government in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act (hereinafter referred to as "the Order"), we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards prescribed under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31th March, 2023 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2023 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer our separate Report in “Annexure B” of this report.
- g) According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not paid any managerial remuneration during the period.
- h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor’s Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and as represented by the management:
 - i. The Company has no pending litigations which will have an impact on its financial position.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv.
 - a. The management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, and as disclosed in Note No. 21 (ii) of the Notes to account, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- b. The management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, and as disclosed in Note No. 21 (iii) of the Notes to account, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- c. Based on our audit procedure conducted that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (1) (h) (iv) (a) & (b) contain any material misstatement.
- v. The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the period.
- vi. Proviso to Rule 3(1) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 for maintaining books of account using accounting software which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility is applicable to the Company with effect from April 1, 2023, and accordingly, reporting under Rule 11(g) of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 is not applicable for the Period ended March 31, 2023.

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No.: 113904

UDIN: 23113904BGYGSN4473

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th April, 2023

ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 1, under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our Report of even date to the Members of the Company)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the Company and the books of account and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- i. The Company does not have any Property, Plant & Equipment (PPE) and Intangible asset in the current period. Therefore, the provisions of Clause (i) (a), (b), (c), (d) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - e). As represented by management there are no proceedings initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii.
 - a) The Company is not holding any inventory in the current period, therefore, the provisions of Clause (ii) (a) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Company has not been sanctioned any working capital facility from banks or financial institutions and hence reporting under clause (ii)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. The Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties. Therefore, Clause (iii) (a), (b), (c), (d), (e), (f) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. The Company has not granted any loans, or provided any guarantees or security to the parties covered under Section 185 and 186 of the Act. The Company has complied with the provisions of Section 186 of the Act, wherever applicable, in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits or amounts which are deemed to be deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company. Hence the reporting requirement under Clause (vi) of the Order is not applicable.

- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
- a) According to the records of the Company examined by us, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, sales tax, service tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty, value added tax, Cess and other statutory dues, whichever is applicable have been generally regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. No undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2023 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.
 - b) There are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2023 on account of disputes.
- viii. As disclose in Note no. 19 (iv), the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions which are not recorded in the books of account in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- ix.
- a) The Company does not have any loans or borrowed funds. Therefore, clause (a) of Paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - c) The Company has not raised any term loans, therefore the provisions of Clause (ix)(c) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - d) On an overall examination of the Financial Statements of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - e) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Therefore, provisions under sub-clause (e) of Clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
 - f) The Company does not have any subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures. Therefore, provisions under sub-clause (f) of Clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- x.
- a) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence clause (x)(a) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
 - b) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares /fully or partially or optionally convertible debentures during the year under audit and hence, the requirement to report on clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xi.
- a) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the Financial Statements and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the period.
 - b) No report under sub-section 12 of section 143 of the Act has been filed by us or by any other auditor in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - c) The Company is not required to have Whistle Blower mechanism under applicable rules and regulations. Further, as represented to us by the management, there are no Whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the period.
- xii. The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) (a), (b), (c) of Paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. The Company is in compliance with Section 188 of the Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the Financial Statements as required by the applicable accounting standards. The provisions of section 177 of the Act are not applicable to the Company and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xiii) insofar as it relates to section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 is not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- xiv. As per section 138 of the Company Act 2013, the company does not have to appoint an internal auditor therefore the provisions of clause 3 (xiv) of the order are not applicable to the Company.
- xv. The Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or directors of its Holding Company or persons connected with them and hence provisions of section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi.
- a) The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - b) The Company has not conducted any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities without obtaining a valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
 - c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3 (xvi) (c) of the order is not applicable to the company.

- d) As represented by the management, the Group does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 and hence the reporting under clause (xvi) (d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. The information and explanations given to us, the Company has incurred cash loss of Rs. 97 lakhs in the current financial period.
- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the period. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xviii) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios disclosed in Note 13.2 to the Financial Statements, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the Financial Statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. As disclosed in Note No. 9.2 to Financial Statements, The Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) contribution under section 135 of the Act is not applicable to the Company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xx) (a) & (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No.: 113904

UDIN: 23113904BGYGSN4473

Place: Mumbai

Date: 13th April, 2023

ANNEXURE “B” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR’S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 2(f), under ‘Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our Report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 (“the Act”)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to Financial statement of Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited, (“the Company”) as of 31st March, 2023 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the period ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (“ICAI”). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditor’s Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to these Financial statement based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to the Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to the Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to the Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A Company's internal financial control with reference to the Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to the Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to the Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements and such internal financial controls with reference to the Financial Statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2023, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No.: 113904

UDIN: 23113904BGYGSN4473

Place: Mumbai

Date: 19th April, 2023

	Notes	(₹ in Lakhs) As at 31 st March, 2023
ASSETS		
Non-Current Assets		
(a) Capital Work-in-Progress	1	869
Total Non-Current Assets		869
Current Assets		
(a) Financial Assets		
(i) Cash and Cash Equivalents	2	37
(b) Other Current Assets	3	157
Total Current Assets		194
Total Assets		1,063
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		
Equity		
(a) Equity Share Capital	4	875
(b) Other Equity	5	(97)
Total Equity		778
Current Liabilities		
(a) Financial Liabilities		
(i) Trade Payables	6	
Micro and Small Enterprises		-
Other than Micro & Small Enterprises		20
(ii) Other Financial Liabilities	7	200
(b) Other Current Liabilities	8	65
Total Current Liabilities		285
Total Equity and Liabilities		1,063

Significant Accounting Policies

1 - 22

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 113904

Date: April 19, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board

Saurabh Agarwal

Director

DIN: 09206293

Ketan Patil

Director

DIN: 09687107

Harshad Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 09687106

Statement of Profit and Loss for the period ended 31st March, 2023

		(₹ in Lakhs)
	Notes	For the period 26 th July, 2022 to 31 st March, 2023
INCOME		
Income		-
Total Income		-
EXPENSE		
Other Expenses	9	97
Total Expenses		97
Profit/ (Loss) Before Tax		(97)
Tax Expenses	10	-
Profit/ (Loss) for the period		(97)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period		(97)
Earnings per Equity Share of INR 10 each	11	
Basic (in INR)		(7.35)
Diluted (in INR)		(7.35)
Significant Accounting Policies	1 - 22	
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements		

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 113904

Date: April 19, 2023

For and on behalf of the Board**Saurabh Agarwal**

Director

DIN: 09206293

Ketan Patil

Director

DIN: 09687107

Harshad Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 09687106

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Statement of changes in Equity for the period ended 31st March, 2023

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

(₹ in Lakhs)

Balance as at 26 th July, 2022	Changes during the period	Balance as at 31 st March, 2023
-	875	875

B. OTHER EQUITY

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Balance as at 26 th July, 2022	Total Comprehensive Income for the period	Others	Balance as at 31 st March, 2023
Reserves and Surplus				
Retained Earnings	-	(97)	-	(97)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Total	-	(97)	-	(97)

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

For and on behalf of the Board**Saurabh Agarwal**

Director

DIN: 09206293

Ketan Patil

Director

DIN: 09687107

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 113904

Date: April 19, 2023

Harshad Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 09687106

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Statement of Cash Flow for the period ended 31st March, 2023**

	(₹ in Lakhs)
	For the period 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
Cash Flows from Operating Activities	
Profit/(Loss) before Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	(97)
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes	(97)
Adjusted for:	
Trade and other receivables	(157)
Trade and other payables	85
Cash (Used in) / Generated from Operating Activities	(168)
Income Taxes Paid (Net)	-
Net Cash Flow (Used in) / Generated from Operating Activities	(168)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities	
Expenditure on Property Plant and Equipment	(670)
Net Cash Flow (Used in) / Generated from Investing Activities	(670)
Cash Flows from Financing Activities	
Proceeds from Issue of Equity Share Capital	875
Net Cash Flow (Used in) / Generated from Financing Activities	875
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	37
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the period	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of the period (Refer Note 2)	37

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

For and on behalf of the Board**Saurabh Agarwal**

Director

DIN: 09206293

Ketan Patil

Director

DIN: 09687107

Parag D. Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 113904

Date: April 19, 2023

Harshad Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 09687106

RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited [‘the Company’] is an unlisted entity incorporated in India. The registered office of the Company is located at 9th Floor, Maker Chambers IV, 222, Nariman Point, Mumbai – 400021.

The company is into the business as designers, innovators, manufacturers, assemblers, integrators, processors, producers, suppliers, installers, repairers, purchasers, marketeers, sellers, importers, exporters, makers, fabricators, recyclers, operators and dealers in all batteries, stationary batteries, starting batteries, storage batteries, traction batteries, liquid metal batteries, metal hydride batteries, lithium ion batteries, solid state batteries, zinc hybrid batteries, sodium sulphur batteries, flow batteries, alkaline batteries, dry batteries, button batteries, solar power batteries, mini batteries, emergency lights, dry cells and other batteries used in or required for utility, industrial, transport, commercial and consumptive purpose, their components, parts, ingredients, substances, systems, consumable accessories or fittings including but not limited to battery plates, anode, cathode, polymer electrolyte membrane, cases, wires, knobs, accessories, distilled water, armature and armature winding, electrical wires and accessories, electrical motors, generators, accumulators, battery chargers, relays, transformers, auto transformers, electrical switches, plugs, sockets, circuit breakers, actuators, connectors, measuring instruments, multimeters and multi testers, electrical connectors and automobile parts.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The Company has been incorporated on 26th July 2022 and hence these financial statements are for the period 26th July 2022 to 31st March 2023. These being the Company’s first financial statements, there are no previous year’s figures.

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for certain financial assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount.

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards (‘Ind AS’), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, amended from time to time.

The Company’s financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs (‘00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

(a) Current and Non-Current Classification

The company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/ Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is -

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or

RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current

A Liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

(b) Property, Plant and Equipment

Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work-in-Progress.

(c) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

(d) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(e) Contingent Liabilities

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

(f) Tax Expenses

The tax expenses for the period comprises of current tax and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income. In which case, the tax is also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

i. Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the Income tax authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

ii. Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Financial Statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilised. Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(g) Foreign Currencies Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date. Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

(h) Financial Instruments

i. Financial Assets

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Assets are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of Financial Assets, which are not at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of Financial Assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent Measurement

a. Financial Assets measured at Amortized Cost (AC)

A Financial Asset is measured at Amortised Cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise to cash flows on specified dates that represent solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b. Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A Financial Asset is measured at FVTOCI if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling Financial Assets and the contractual terms of the Financial Asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

c. Financial Assets measured at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

ii. Financial Liabilities

A. Initial Recognition and Measurement

All Financial Liabilities are recognised at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent Measurement

Financial Liabilities are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

(i) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of the Company's Financial Statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next financial years.

a) Provisions

The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability (including litigations) requires the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

b) Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets and Liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Company uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

c) Fair Value Measurement

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments refer note 17 of financial statements.

RELIANCE NEW ENERGY BATTERY STORAGE LIMITED
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31st MARCH 2023

D. STANDARD ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

On March 31, 2023, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2023. This notification has resulted into amendments in the following existing accounting standards which are applicable to company from April 1, 2023.

- i. Ind AS 101 – First-time Adoption of Indian Accounting Standards
- ii. Ind AS 102 – Share-based Payment
- iii. Ind AS 103 – Business Combinations
- iv. Ind AS 107 – Financial Instruments Disclosures
- v. Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments
- vi. Ind AS 115 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers
- vii. Ind AS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements
- viii. Ind AS 8 - Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors
- ix. Ind AS 12 – Income Taxes
- x. Ind AS 34 - Interim Financial Reporting

Application of above standards are not expected to have any significant impact on the company's financial statements.

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023**

(Amount in Rupees Lakhs)

**As at
31st March, 2023****1. CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS**

Capital Work-in-Progress

869

TOTAL**869**

1.1 Capital Work-in-Progress comprise of Project Development Expenditure.

Ageing of Capital Work-in-Progress:

Particulars	As at 31 March 23				
	< 1 yr	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 yrs	Total
Projects in Progress	869	-	-	-	869
Total	869	-	-	-	869

**As at
31st March, 2023****2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

Balances with Bank:

In Current Account

37

Cash and cash equivalents as per Balance sheet**37****Cash and cash equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement****37****As at
31st March, 2023****3. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS****(Unsecured and Considered Good)**

Balance with Customs, Central Excise, GST and State Authorities

157

TOTAL**157**

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023***(Amount in Rupees Lakhs)*

	As at 31st March, 2023
4. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	
Authorised Share Capital	
10,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	10,000
TOTAL	10,000
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital	
87,50,000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each fully paid up *	875
TOTAL	875

* Held by Reliance New Energy Limited along with it's nominees.

4.1 Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares:

Name of the Shareholder	As at 31 st March, 2023	
	No. of Shares	% held
Reliance New Energy Limited	87,50,000	100%
Total	87,50,000	100%

4.2 Shareholding of PromotersAs at 31st March, 2023

Promoter's Name	No. of Shares at the beginning of the period	Changes during the period	No. of Shares at the end of the period	% of total shares	% change during the year
Reliance New Energy Limited	-	87,50,000	87,50,000	100%	100%

4.3 Reconciliation of Number of Equity Shares Outstanding:

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2023
	No. of Shares
Equity Shares at the beginning of the period	-
Add: Equity Shares Issued during the period	87,50,000
Equity Shares at the end of the period	87,50,000

4.4 Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to Equity Shares

The Equity Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023

(Amount in Rupees Lakhs)

	<u>As at 31st March, 2023</u>	
5. OTHER EQUITY		
Retained Earnings:		
Opening Balance	-	
Profit/(Loss) for the period	(97)	(97)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Other Comprehensive Income:		
Opening Balance	-	
Movement in OCI during the period	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
TOTAL		(97)
		<hr/> <hr/>
		As at
		31st March, 2023
		<hr/>
6. TRADE PAYABLES DUE TO		
Micro and Small Enterprise		-
Other than Micro and Small Enterprise		20
TOTAL		20
		<hr/> <hr/>

Trade Payables Ageing Schedule

Particulars	As at 31 st March, 2023						Total
	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						
	Unbilled	Not Due	< 1 yr	1-2 years	2-3 years	> 3 yrs	
(i) MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	20	-	-	-	20
(iii) Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed Dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	20	-	-	-	20

	<u>As at</u>	
	<u>31st March, 2023</u>	
7. OTHER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES- CURRENT		
Creditors for Capital Expenditure		200
TOTAL		200
		<hr/> <hr/>
		As at
		31st March, 2023
		<hr/>
8. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Other Payables *		65
TOTAL		65
		<hr/> <hr/>

* Includes Statutory Dues

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023

(Amount in Rupees Lakhs)

	For the period 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
9. Other Expenses	
Audit Fees	1
Rates and Taxes	96
Other Expenses (Rs. 6,470/-)	β
Total	97
9.1 PAYMENT TO AUDITOR AS:	
(a) Fees as auditors	1
Total	1
9.2 CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR)	
As per Section 135 of The Companies Act, 2013, the CSR requirements are not applicable to the Company.	
10. TAXES	
10.1 Current Tax	
Income Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	
Current Tax	-
Deferred Tax	-
Total Income Tax expenses	-
The income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:	
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(97)
Applicable Tax Rate	17.16%
Computed Tax Expense	(16)
Tax effect of :	
Income not Considered (Exempted Income)	-
Expenses not Allowed (Expenses Disallowed)	16
Additional Allowances	-
MAT Credit Generated	-
Non-taxable subsidiaries and differential tax rates	-
Deferred Tax Asset on carried forward losses not recognised	0
Others	-
Current Tax Provision (A)	-

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023***(Amount in Rupees Lakhs)*

	For the period 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
Incremental Deferred Tax Asset/Liability on account of Tangible and Intangible Assets	-
Incremental Deferred Tax Asset/Liability on account of Financial Assets and Other Items	-
Deferred Tax Provision (B)	-
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)	-
Effective Tax Rate	-
10.2 Deferred tax assets as at Balance Sheet date consists of the following items. As a matter of prudence, the Company has not recognised deferred tax assets in the books of account	
Deffered Tax Asset	
Carry forward business losses AY 23-24	0
	0
11. EARNINGS PER SHARE	
Face Value per Equity Share (Rs.)	10
Basic Earnings per Equity Share (Rs.)	(7.35)
Net Profit /(Loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (In Rs. Lakhs)	(96.81)
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	13,17,056
Diluted Earnings per Equity Share (Rs.)	(7.35)
Net Profit /(Loss) after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss (In Rs. Lakhs)	(96.81)
Weighted Average Number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	13,17,056

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023**12. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES**

As per Ind AS 24, List of Related Parties where Control Exists & with whom Transactions have taken place and Relationships are given below:

Name of the Related Party	Relationship
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
Reliance New Energy Limited	Holding Company
REC Americas LLC	Fellow Subsidiary

12.1 Transactions during the period 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023 with Related Parties:

(₹ in Lakhs)

Nature of Transactions (excluding Reimbursement)	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary	Total
Technical Support Services	-	856	856
Issue of Equity Shares	875	-	875

12.2 Disclosure in Respect of Major Related Party Transactions during the period

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023
1. Issue of Equity Shares		
Reliance New Energy Limited	Holding Company	875
2. Technical Support Services		
REC Americas LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	856

12.3 Balance as at

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	Relationship	31st March, 2023
1. Issue of Equity Shares		
Reliance New Energy Limited	Holding Company	875
1. Technical Support Service Payable		
REC Americas LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	200

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023

13.1 Particulars	For the period 26 th July, 2022 to 31 st March, 2023
Current Ratio	0.68
Debt-Equity Ratio#	NOT APPLICABLE
Debt Service Coverage Ratio #	NOT APPLICABLE
Return on Equity Ratio	-12.44%
Inventory Turnover Ratio *	NOT APPLICABLE
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio *	NOT APPLICABLE
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	4.73
Net Capital Turnover Ratio *	NIL
Net Profit Ratio *	NOT APPLICABLE
Return on Capital Employed	-11.06%
Return On Investment	-262.16

*Not applicable to the Company as there were no sales/purchases during the period.

Not applicable to the Company as the Company has not taken any debt during the period.

13.2 Formulae for Computation of Ratios are as follows:

Particulars	Formulae
1. Current Ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$
2. Debt - Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Debt}}{\text{Equity}}$
3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio	$\frac{\text{Earnings before Interest, Tax and Exceptional Items}}{\text{Interest Expense + Principal Repayments made during the period for long term loans}}$
4. Return on Equity Ratio	$\frac{\text{Profit After Tax (Attributable to Owners)}}{\text{Average Net Worth}}$
5. Inventory Turnover Ratio	$\frac{\text{Cost of Goods Sold (Cost of Material Consumed + Purchases + Changes in Inventory + Manufacturing Expenses)}}{\text{Average Inventories of Finished Goods, Stock-in-Process and Stock-in-Trade}}$
6. Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	$\frac{\text{Value of Sales \& Services}}{\text{Average Trade Receivables}}$
7. Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	$\frac{\text{Cost of Materials Consumed (after adjustment of RM Inventory) + Purchases of Stock-in-Trade + Other Expenses}}{\text{Average Trade Payables}}$

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023

8. Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Value of Sales and Services
	Average Working Capital
9. Net Profit Ratio %	Profit After Tax
	Value of Sales & Services
10. Return on Capital Employed (Excluding Working Capital financing)	Net Profit After Tax + Deferred Tax Expense/(Income) + Finance Cost (-) Other Income
	Average Capital Employed
11. Return on Investment	Other Income (Excluding Dividend)
	Average Cash, Cash Equivalents & Other Marketable Securities

14. Details of loans given, investments made and guarantees given and securities provided covered u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.

No Loans or Guarantees or securities are given by the Company during the financial year ended 31st March, 2023.

No Investments are made by the Company during the financial year ended 31st March, 2023 .

15. OPERATING SEGMENT

To undertake the business as designers, innovators, manufacturers, assemblers, integrators, processors, producers, suppliers, installers, repairers, purchasers, marketeers, sellers, importers, exporters, makers, fabricators, recyclers, operators and dealers in all batteries, stationary batteries, starting batteries, storage batteries, traction batteries, liquid metal batteries, metal hydride batteries, lithium ion batteries, solid state batteries, zinc hybrid batteries, sodium sulphur batteries, flow batteries, alkaline batteries, dry batteries, button batteries, solar power batteries, mini batteries, emergency lights, dry cells and other batteries used in or required for utility, industrial, transport, commercial and consumptive purpose, their components, parts, ingredients, substances, systems, consumable accessories or fittings including but not limited to battery plates, anode, cathode, polymer electrolyte membrane, cases, wires, knobs, accessories, distilled water, armature and armature winding, electrical wires and accessories, electrical motors, generators, accumulators, battery chargers, relays, transformers, auto transformers, electrical switches, plugs, sockets, circuit breakers, actuators, connectors, measuring instruments, multimeters and multi testers, electrical connectors and automobile parts. There are no separate business/ Geographical Segments as per Ind AS -108 on "Operating Segment". The Board (the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance, obtains financial information.

16. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximizing the return to stakeholders. The Company manages its capital structure and makes adjustment in light of changes in business condition.

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023****17. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS****Valuation**

All financial instruments are measured at amortised cost as described below:

Fair value measurement Hierarchy:

Particulars	Carrying Amount	(Rs. In Lakhs)		
		As at 31 st March, 2023		
		Level of Input used in		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets				
At Amortised Cost				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	37	-	-	-
Financial Liability				
At Amortised Cost				
Trade Payable	20			
Other Financial Liability	200	-	-	-

The financial instruments are categorised into three levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3: Inputs based on unobservable market data.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due causing financial loss to the company. It arises from its investment activities, derivative instruments and other financial assets.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that arises from the Company's inability to meet its cash flow commitments. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's cash flow position and ensures that the Company is able to meet its financial obligations at all times including contingencies.

(Rs. In Lakhs)

18. Contingent Liabilities and Commitments**As at 31st
March, 2023**

(A) Commitments	
Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on Capital Account and not provided for (Net of Advances)	-
(B) Contingent Liabilities	
Performance Bank Guarantee	5,000
Claim against company not acknowledged as debt	-

Reliance New Energy Battery Storage Limited**Notes to the Financial Statements for the period ended 31st March, 2023****19. OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION**

- (i) As per section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013, there are no balances outstanding with struck off companies.
- (ii) The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iv) The Company does not have any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- (v) The Company does not have any Capital work-in-progress or intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan.

20. Figures of ₹ 50,000 or less have been denoted by ₹.

21. The Company was incorporated on 26th July, 2022. The Statement of profit and loss accordingly covers the period from 26th July, 2022 to 31st March, 2023. This being the first accounting period of the company, figures of the previous year are not applicable.

22. The Financial Statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors on April 19, 2023.

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

(Firm Registration No. 101720W/W100355)

For and on behalf of the Board

Saurabh Agarwal

Director

DIN: 09206293

Ketan Patil

Director

DIN: 09687107

Parag D Mehta

Partner

Membership No. 113904

Date: April 19, 2023

Harshad Nerurkar

Director

DIN: 09687106