Financial Statements 2021-22

Independent Auditor's Report

To the shareholder of

Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC))

Opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC)) (the Establishment), which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity & shareholder's funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes & schedules to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC)) (the Establishment) as at March 31, 2022, its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) applied on a consistent basis.

Basis for opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Establishment in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Sharjah (U.A.E.), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Emphasis of matter:

Without qualifying our opinion we draw your attention to the following:

- Inventory are stated as valued, verified & certified by the management.
- The Establishment has accumulated losses of AED 4,945,309/- which exceeds its share capital & has equity & shareholder's funds of AED 256,926/- as against total liabilities of AED 771,327/- as at the reporting date. The Establishment's future operations are dependent on it generating sufficient revenue, earning operating profits, having positive cash flows & adequate infusion of funds by the shareholder. The management has decided, resolved & assured that the Establishment would continue its operations & shareholder has confirmed that necessary financial assistance will be provided to the Establishment. We have relied on the representation by the company's management, which represented that considering the revenue visibility and financial support letter from the immediate parent to infuse additional funds as and when required, the company is confident of continuing as a going concern.

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements:

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority, issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and the applicable provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Establishment and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Establishment's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Establishment or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Establishment's financial reporting process.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the shareholder of

Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC))

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As a part of our audit in accordance with the International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Establishment's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Establishment's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Establishment to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entity or business activities within the Establishment to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)

To the shareholder of

Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC))

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements: Further, we report that:

- We have obtained all the information we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit.
- The financial statements have been prepared and comply, in all material respects, with the implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority, issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 & the applicable provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association of the Establishment.
- The Establishment has maintained proper books of accounts and the financial statements are in agreement therewith.
- The financial information included in the Manager's Report is consistent with the books of accounts and records of the Establishment.
- Note no. 5 to the financial statements discloses the amounts invested by the Establishment in associate during the financial year ended March 31, 2022.
- Note no. 4.1 to the financial statements discloses material related party transactions, and the terms under which they were conducted.
- Schedule no. 2 to the financial statements discloses the amount invested by the shareholder over and above its contribution to the share capital.
- Based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Establishment has contravened, during the financial year ended March 31, 2022, any of the implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority, issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and the applicable provisions of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Establishment which would materially affect its activities or its financial position as at March 31, 2022.

Kothari Vipul R. Ministry of Economy Registration No. 159 Kothari Auditors & Accountants

April 20, 2022 Sharjah, United Arab Emirates

Ref: S/RP-3422/2022

Statement of Financial Position as at March 31, 2022

		2021-22	2020-21
Particulars	Note no.	AED	AED
Assets:			
Non-current assets			
Property, plant & equipment	Sch 1	24,929	30,132
Investment in associate	5	-	-
Amount due from related party	6		
		24,929	30,132
Current assets			
Inventories	7	845,078	1,061,083
Deposits, prepayments & advances	8	48,924	49,831
Accounts receivable	9	70,363	64,050
Cash and bank balances	10	<u>38,959</u>	186,780
		1,003,324	1,361,744
Total assets employed		1,028,253	<u>1,391,876</u>
Equity, shareholder's funds and liabilities:			
Equity & shareholder's funds			
Share capital	11	150,000	150,000
Reserves & surplus	12	(4,945,309)	(4,442,497)
Equity		(4,795,309)	(4,292,497)
Shareholder's current account	Sch 2	5,052,235	4,718,191
Equity & shareholder's funds		256,926	425,694
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	13	597,594	789,297
Provisions, accruals and other liabilities	14	10,400	7,400
Amount due to related party	15	163,333	169,485
		771,327	966,182
Total equity, shareholder's funds and liabilities		1,028,253	1,391,876

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 4 - 6. The board of directors have approved & authorized the manager for the issuance of these financial statements on April 20, 2022.

For Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC))

Bikash Dutta Manager

Statement of Comprehensive Income for the year ended March 31, 2022

		2021-22	2020-21
Particulars	Note no.	AED	AED
Revenue Direct costs Gross profit	16	923,004 (532,109) 390,895	899,074 (591,763) 307,311
Other income Selling & distribution costs	17 18	153,214 (287,170)	52,801 (461,420)
Administrative costs	19	(212,662)	(151,707)
Exceptional items Net (loss)/profit for the year	20	(547,089) (502,812)	593,037 340,022

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 4 - 6. The board of directors have approved & authorized the manager for the issuance of these financial statements on April 20, 2022.

For Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC))

Bikash Dutta Manager

Statement of Changes in Equity and Shareholder's Funds for the year ended March 31, 2022

Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED)

	Share	Statutory	Accumulated	Shareholder's	
Particulars	capital	reserve	(losses)	current account	Total
Balance at March 31, 2020	150,000	-	(4,782,519)	4,601,620	(30,899)
Net profit for the year	-	-	340,022	-	340,022
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	34,002	(34,002)	-	-
Other net movements	<u>-</u> _	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	116,571	116,571
Balance at March 31, 2021	<u>150,000</u>	34,002	(4,476,499)	<u>4,718,191</u>	425,694
Net (loss) for the year	-	-	(502,812)	-	(502,812)
Transfer from statutory reserve	-	(34,002)	34,002	-	-
Other net movements	<u>-</u> _			334,044	334,044
Balance at March 31, 2022	<u>150,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(4,945,309)</u>	5,052,235	<u>256,926</u>

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 4 - 6.

Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended March 31, 2022

		2021-22	2020-21
Particulars	Note no.	AED	AED
Cash flows from operating activities			
Net (loss)/profit for the year		(502,812)	340,022
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		5,203	5,202
Operating cash flows before changes in working capital		(497,609)	345,224
Working capital changes:			
Movement in inventories		216,005	(621,012)
Movement in accounts receivable		(6,313)	38,927
Movement in deposits, prepayments & advances		907	758
Movement in accounts payable		(191,703)	280,214
Movement in provisions, accruals & other liabilities		3,000	300
Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(475,713)	44,411
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Movement in amount due to related party		(6,152)	4,187
Movement in shareholder's current account		334,044	116,571
Net cash generated from financing activities		327,892	120,758
Net movement in cash and cash equivalents		(147,821)	165,169
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		186,780	21,611
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	10	<u>38,959</u>	186,780

The attached note nos. 1 - 22 and schedule nos. 1 & 2 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 4 - 6.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

1. Status and activity:

Ritu Kumar ME (FZE) (formerly known as Ritu Kumar ME (FZC) till March 07, 2022) is incorporated and registered as a Free Zone Establishment with Limited Liability with Sharjah Airport International Free Zone (SAIF Zone) in the emirate of Sharjah (U.A.E.) under commercial licenseno. 19881 and certificate of incorporation/registration no. 11272.

The shareholder of the Establishment as at reporting date & its interest on that date in the share capital of the Establishment was as follows:

Sr. No.	Shareholder	Legal status	Share	Amount AED	%
1.	M/s Reliance Ritu Kumar Private Limited (formerly known as Ritika Private Limited)	Indian company	1	150,000	100.00%
	Total		1	150,000	100.00%

During the year under review, one of the the erstwhile shareholders M/s Kalamkari Designs Private Limited, India transferred its entire shareholding in the Company (2 shares of AED 1,500/- each) to the other shareholder M/s Reliance Ritu Kumar Private Limited, India with a consequent change in the status of the Company from Free Zone Company to a Free Zone Establishment & consolidation in the number of shares from 100 to 1. Also the name of M/s Ritika Private Limited was changed to M/s Reliance Ritu Kumar Private Limited. Said changes were effected vide share transfer agreement & amendment to the memorandum & articles of association of the Establishment dated March 08, 2022.

Hence the shareholding of the Establishment as on the reporting date is as stated above.

M/s Reliance Ritu Kumar Private Limited (formerly known as Ritika Private Limited) is a Public Limited Company registered under CIN no. U51909WB1976PTC030647, under the Indian Companies Act of 1956 & its amendments thereafter. Its registered office is at 138 Beliaghata Road, Kolkata-700015, West Bengal, India.

The day to day operations of the Establishment are looked after by Mr. Bikash Dutta, who is appointed as the manager of the Establishment.

The principal place of business is 125 M2 Warehouse P6-191, SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.) and registered address of the Establishment is Post Box 124243, SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.).

The Establishment is licensed to carry on the activity of trading in readymade garments and related accessories and during the year under review it was principally engaged in the same activities.

2. Basis of preparation:

2.1. Statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

2.2. Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared under the going concern assumption and historical cost convention.

The Establishment has accumulated losses of AED 4,945,309/- which exceeds its share capital & has equity & shareholder's funds of AED 256,926/- as against total liabilities of AED 771,327/- as at the reporting date. The Establishment's future operations are dependent on it generating sufficient revenue, earning operating profits, having positive cash flows & adequate infusion of funds by the shareholder. The management has decided, resolved & assured that the Establishment would continue its operations & shareholder has confirmed that necessary financial assistance will be provided to the Establishment. Hence the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3. Basis of accounting and coverage:

The Establishment follows the accrual basis of accounting except for statement of cash flows which is presented on cash basis. Under the accrual basis, the transactions and events are recognized as and when they occur and are recorded in the financial statements for the period to which they relate to.

The financial statements enclosed cover the period from April 01, 2021 to March 31, 2022. Previous year figures are for the period from April 01, 2020 to March 31, 2021 and have been regrouped where necessary.

2.4. Functional & presentation currency:

The financial statements are presented in United Arab Emirates Dirham (AED). The Establishment's functional currencies are United Arab Emirates Dirham (AED), United States Dollar (USD) & Indian Rupees (INR). All financial information presented in AED has been rounded off to the nearest U.A.E. Dirham.

2.5. Use of estimates & judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS for SMEs requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected & same are mentioned under respective accounting policy note.

The following accounting estimates and management judgments which are material in nature, have been considered, in the preparation of financial statements.

- Useful lives of property, plant & equipment:

Establishment's management estimates the useful life of property, plant & equipment & residual value for calculating depreciation. It reviews the estimated life & residual value on annual basis & future depreciation expense would be adjusted where the management believes that useful life differs from the previous estimates.

- Impairment of investment in associate:

Management assesses the recoverability of investment in associate on a regular basis & creates reserve for impairment as & when required.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

- Impairment of accounts receivable:

Accounts receivable are subjected to recoverability test on a periodical basis when collection of full amount is no longer probable. Accounts receivable balances which are individually significant, are verified for ageing, subsequent receipts & balance confirmations. Accounts receivable balances which are individually not material, are assessed collectively & estimated reserve for impairment of accounts receivable is created if same is outstanding for beyond normal credit terms & doubtful.

Management estimates that reserve for impairment created against account receivable is sufficient to cover for doubtful losses if any.

- Impairment of inventories:

Inventories are subjected to ageing & impairment test on a periodical basis by management on damaged, obsolete and slow moving inventories. These reviews require judgments and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories.

- Impairment of amount due from related party:

Amount due from related party is subjected to recoverability test on a periodical basis when realization of full amount is no longer probable. Amount due from related party is verified for ageing, subsequent recoverability & balance confirmation & estimated reserve for impairment of amount due from related party is created if same is outstanding for beyond normal agreed terms & doubtful.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied by the management in preparation of the financial statements except where stated here under:

3.1. Current and non-current classification:

The Establishment presents assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle.
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period.
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period.
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Establishment classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

3.2. Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant & equipment are carried at their cost of acquisition including any incidental expenses related to acquisition or installation, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation has been provided on straight line method over the estimated useful lives, as determined by the management.

Property, plant & equipment are, at the reporting date, subject to impairment. Where any indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount.

The management's estimate of useful life of various assets is as follows:

Furniture & equipment

6 - 7 years

A decline in the value of property, plant and equipment could have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements. Management assesses the impairment of property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Factors that are considered important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant changes in the technology and regulatory environments.
- evidence from internal reporting which indicates that the economic performance of the asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

3.3. Investment in Associate:

An associate is an entity over which the Establishment has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement and have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement, which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require the unanimous consent of the parties sharing control.

The considerations made in determining significant influence or joint control are similar to those necessary to determine control over subsidiaries. The Establishment's investments in its associate and joint venture are either accounted for using the equity method or is measured at fair value.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or a joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Establishment's share of net assets of the associate or joint venture since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate or joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is neither amortised nor individually tested for impairment.

The statement of income reflects the Establishment's share of the results of operations of the associate or joint venture. Any change in other comprehensive income of those investees is presented as part of the Establishment's other comprehensive income. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or joint venture, the Establishment recognises its share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Establishment and the associate or joint venture are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate or joint venture.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

The aggregate of the Establishment's share of profit or loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the statement of comprehensive income and represents profit or loss and non-controlling interests in the subsidiaries of the associate or joint venture.

The financial statements of the associate or joint venture are prepared for the same reporting period as the Establishment. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Establishment. After application of the equity method, the Establishment determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or joint venture. At each reporting date, the Establishment determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate or joint venture is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Establishment calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate or joint venture and its carrying value, then recognises the loss in the statement of comprehensive income.

Upon loss of significant influence over the associate or joint control over the joint venture, the Establishment measures and recognises any retained investment at its fair value. Any difference between the carrying amount of the associate or joint venture upon loss of significant influence or joint control and the fair value of the retained investment and proceeds from disposal is recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

Investment in associate represents amount invested in 147 fully paid-up equity shares of AED 1,000/- each for 49% ownership in share capital & by long term advances stated under current account of associate M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.).

3.4. Inventories:

Inventories are carried at the lower of cost and net realizable value (estimated selling price less cost to complete and selling expenses). Cost includes aggregate of purchase price, including applicable cost to bring the inventory to the present condition, valued at 'first-in-first-out' method.

Any excess of carrying amount, over the net realizable value is charged immediately as impairment loss through statement of comprehensive income. Inventory items, which are slow moving or obsolete are assessed and reserve for impairment is created based on their ageing and saleability.

3.5. Financial instruments:

The Establishment recognizes a financial instrument (being a financial asset or financial liability) only when the Establishment becomes a part of the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Accounting policy relevant to each type of financial instrument is as follows:

a. Cash & cash equivalents:

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of cash flow statement comprises cash on hand & balance with bank in current account.

b. Accounts receivable:

Accounts receivable are amounts due from customers towards sale of goods in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivable are recognized initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less reserve for impairment of accounts receivable. A reserve for impairment of accounts receivable is recognised when it is probable that the Establishment will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of the accounts receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

c. Accounts payable:

Accounts payable represent obligations towards purchase of goods in the ordinary course of business. Same is free of interest & payable at the end of credit period granted by the suppliers. Accounts payable are recognized initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

d. Other financial assets:

Other financial assets are recognised initially at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. However, all other financial assets have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the Establishment's business, which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the statement of financial position.

e. Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities, including borrowings if any, are initially measured at transaction value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of group of similar financial assets) is derecognised either when:

- the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or
- the Establishment retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or
- the Establishment has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the Establishment has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the Establishment's continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the Establishment intends to settle on a net basis.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

3.6. Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each reporting date, the Establishment reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Establishment estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.

3.7. Impairment of financial assets:

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific financial asset may be impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if and only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event (events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets or the group of financial assets that can be readily estimated.

If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Impairment is determined as follows.

- For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between the cost and fair value less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.
- For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between the carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar asset.
- For assets carried at amortized cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest.

Reversal of impairment losses recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the financial asset no longer exist or have decreased and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised.

3.8. Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases when substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the lessee. All other leases are operating leases.

Operating lease:

Lease payments under an operating lease are recognized as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Generally the Establishment's operating leases are for annual duration and hence the Establishment is not exposed to any operating lease obligations.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

3.9. Employee benefits:

Employee benefits if any, have been provided for in accordance with the contractual terms with the employees, but are however subject to minimum of U.A.E. Labour Law requirements.

Short-term employee benefits:

Short-term employee benefits if any, are expensed as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid if the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Annual leave and leave passage:

An accrual is made for the estimated liability for employees' entitlement to annual leave and leave passage as a result of services rendered by eligible employees up to the end of the year.

Employee end of service benefits:

The provision for employee end of service benefits is based on the liability which would arise if the employment of all staff was terminated at the reporting date and is calculated in accordance with the provisions of UAE Federal Labour Law. Management considers these as long-term obligations and accordingly they are classified as long-term liabilities.

3.10. Provisions & contingencies:

Provisions are recognized when the Establishment has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of past events, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits would be required to settle these obligations, and a reliable estimate of the same can be made.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. A disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When likelihood of outflow is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

3.11. Statutory reserve:

The Establishment was required under the provisions of the Memorandum & Articles of Association to appropriate 10% of net profit to statutory reserve, every year, until the balance in reserve account reaches 50% of paid-up share capital.

However, the balance in statutory reserve has been transferred to accumulated losses during the year under review, as the Establishment is no longer required to maintain the same subsequent to change in its legal status.

Statutory reserve was not a free reserve & was not available for distributions.

3.12. Value added tax:

As per the Federal Decree-Law No. (08) of 2017, effective from January 1, 2018, Value Added Tax (VAT), will be charged at 5% standard rate or 0% (as the case may be) on every taxable supply and deemed supply made by the Establishment. The Establishment is required to file its VAT returns and compute the payable / receivable tax (which is output tax less input tax / input tax) for the allotted tax period(s) and deposit / claim refund the same within the prescribed due dates of filing VAT return. Net position of Value Added Tax as on reporting date is disclosed under other current assets / other current liabilities as the case may be.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

3.13. Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the Establishment and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates & duties.

Revenue represents revenue from sale of goods & is recognized when the significant risk and reward of ownership have transferred to the buyer, the entity loses effective control and ownership over the goods, the economic benefit will flow to the Establishment and the revenue can be reliably measured. Payables written back represented amount no longer payable transferred to income based on management representation. Other income is recognised as and when due or received whichever is earlier.

3.14. Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. Expenses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income, classified according to the function of expense.

3.15. Foreign currencies transactions:

Transactions in foreign currency, if any, are converted into functional currency at prevailing exchange rate on the date such transactions are entered into.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are stated at historical cost or fair value, are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transaction or the date of determination of fair value respectively.

Resultant loss or gain has been recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, in the year in which such assets are realized or liabilities are discharged.

4. Other significant disclosures:

4.1. Related party transactions:

The Establishment enters into transactions with another Company/person that fall within the definition of a related party as per the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs).

The terms of trade with such related parties are based on commercial terms & conditions agreed upon with them by the management.

Related parties with whom the Establishment had entered into transactions during the year under review comprise of the holding company/shareholder, associate company, manager & director as stated here under:

Name of the related parties	<u>Control</u>	<u>Relation</u>
M/s Reliance Ritu Kumar Private Limited, India		
(formerly known as Ritika Private Limited)	100% control	Holding company/shareholder
M/s Kalamkari Designs Private Limited, India	-	Shareholder till 08.03.2022
M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.)	49% control	Associate
Mr. Bikash Dutta	Manager	Key management personnel
Mr. Amrish Prakash Kumar	Director	Key management personnel

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

During the year under review, following transactions were entered into with related parties:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
Nature of transactions	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Purchases:		
- Purchases from holding company	238,360	500,515
- Purchases from associate company	43,986	831,644

Amount due from related party:

Amount due from related party is long-term in nature, does not have any fixed repayment schedule & is free of interest.

Amount due to related party:

Amount due to related party is free of interest.

Shareholder's current account:

Balance in shareholder's current account represents amount invested by the shareholder over and above its contribution to share capital. Said balance is free of interest.

4.2. Financial, capital risk management & fair value information:

a. Credit, liquidity & market rate risk:

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Establishment if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The Establishment's cash is placed with banks of repute.

The exposure to credit risk on accounts receivable and amount due from related party is monitored on an ongoing basis by the management and these are considered recoverable by the Establishment's management. However 100.00% of accounts receivable were outstanding from 2 customers including one related party (previous year 100.00% of the accounts receivable from 2 customers including one related party) and hence the Establishment has concentration of accounts receivable and consequent risk to that extent.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Establishment will not be able to meet its financial obligations as and when it falls due. The Establishment's assets are sufficient to cover its financial obligations.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the Establishment's financial liabilities on contractual undiscounted payments.

	Less than	6 months	More than	Total
Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2022	6 months	to 1 year	1 year	AED
Accounts payable	597,594	-	-	597,594
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	10,400	-	-	10,400
Amount due to related party	163,333			<u>163,333</u>
Total	771,327			771,327

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

Financial liabilities as on March 31, 2021	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total AED
Accounts payable	789,297	-	-	789,297
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	7,400	-	-	7,400
Amount due to related party	<u>169,485</u>	<u> </u>		169,485
Total	<u>966,182</u>		_	966,182

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as investment prices, interest rates and currency rates will affect the Establishment's income of the value of its holding of financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk of variability in profit due to change in interest rates on interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities.

The Establishment has no interest bearing assets or liabilities & no consequent risk on that account.

Currency risk:

Currency risk faced by the Establishment is minimal as there are minimal foreign currency transactions. Most of the monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in United Arab Emirates Dirham (AED) or in United States Dollar (USD), which is pegged to AED.

However the Establishment is exposed to following foreign currency risk:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
Amount due to related party in INR	3,378,684	3,378,684
Shareholder current account in INR	107,472,308	94,057,124
Accounts payable to related party in INR	12,252,083	15,629,932

Any fluctuation in the above currency would affect the profitability & consequently the equity & shareholder's funds to that extent.

Other risks:

- Revenue risk:

The Establishment has generated revenue from 1 customer which formed 100.00% of revenue (previous year generated revenue from 2 customers which formed 100.00% of revenue). Hence there is revenue risk to that extent.

- Purchase/sourcing risk:

The Establishment has procured material from two related party suppliers which form 100.00% of purchases (previous year 100.00% of purchases from one related party supplier) and discontinuance of supply from them can have a material impact on the sourcing of goods and hence there is procurement risk to that extent.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

- Investment price risk:

Investment price risk is the risk of variability in profit due to change in market prices of investments made by the Establishment.

4.3. Capital management:

The Establishment's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain lender and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Establishment is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions.

The Establishment has accumulated losses of AED 4,945,309/- which exceeds its share capital & has equity & shareholder's funds of AED 256,926/- as against total liabilities of AED 771,327/- as at the reporting date. The Establishment's future operations are dependent on it generating sufficient revenue, earning operating profits, having positive cash flows & adequate infusion of funds by the shareholder. The management has decided, resolved & assured that the Establishment would continue its operations & shareholder has confirmed that necessary financial assistance will be provided to the Establishment. Hence the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

The significant ratios of the Company, for the year under review, are as follows:

Sr. No.	Particulars	Ratio
1.	Inventory turnover ratio	0.523
2.	Trade receivable turnover ratio	3.433
3.	Trade payable turnover ratio	0.719
4.	Net capital turnover ratio	3.979
5.	Current ratio	1.301
6.	Return on capital employed	(1.957)
7.	Net profit ratio	(0.545)

4.4. Fair value information:

Fair value represents the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in an arm's length transaction, between willing & knowledgeable parties. In respect of all the Establishment's financial assets viz cash & bank balances, receivables, advances, deposits, accrued income and liabilities viz dues to banks, payables, accruals and other non-current liabilities, in the opinion of the management, the book value approximates to their carrying value.

5. Investment in associate:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Investment in associate (net)		_
	_	

Investment in associate represents amount invested in 147 fully paid-up equity shares of AED 1,000/- each for 49% ownership in share capital & by long term advances stated under current account of associate M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.).

During the previous years, the Establishment's share of loss in associate had been accounted for to the extent of investment in share capital of AED 147,000/- & investment in current account of AED 1,156,300/-. Hence, the net carrying amount of investment in associate is as stated above.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

6. Amount due from related party:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	AED
Due from associate (net)		
	_	

Amount due from related party is long term in nature, does not have any fixed repayment schedule and is free of interest.

During the previous year, the management had decided to provide for the entire amount due from associate company, M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.), in the form of loans & advances considering the associate company's substantial accumulated losses & negative equity & shareholders' funds. During the year under review, a further advance of AED 591,075/- had been extended to the associate & same has been fully provided for.

7. Inventories:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Stock on hand	<u>845,078</u>	1,061,083
	<u>845,078</u>	1,061,083

Inventories comprising of ladies readymade garments, packing materials, decorations & related accessories have been verified by the management and obsolete stock, if any, has been fully provided for. Further, stock amounting to AED 145,052/- (previous year AED 339,145/-) has been sent on consignment basis & is lying with the customer.

8. Deposits, prepayments & advances:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Deposits	8,000	8,000
Prepayments	25,125	28,250
Other current assets	<u> 15,799</u>	13,581
	48,924	49,831

Other current assets represent VAT refund based on computation of VAT returns as prepared by the management and subject to assessment & confirmation by the Federal Tax Authority.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

9. Accounts receivable:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Trade receivable (net)	70,363	64,050
Trade receivable - related party (net)		
	70,363	64,050

Age-wise analysis of accounts receivable is as follows:

Outstanding from due date of payment

6 months-

Particulars	Not Due	<6 months	1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3years	Total
Undisputed trade receivables considered good	19,617	50,746	-	-	-	-	70,363
Undisputed trade receivables credit impaired	-	-	_	-	149,113	_	149,113
Geographical analysis	of accounts	receivable is a	as follows:				
3 , , ,					<u>202</u>	<u>1-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
						<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Due from within U.A.E.					219	<u>,476</u>	257,149
					219	<u></u>	<u> 257,149</u>

- a. The Establishment's exposure to credit risk relating to accounts receivable is disclosed in note 4.2.a.
- b. During the previous year, the management had decided to provide for the entire accounts receivable balance due from associate company, M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.) considering the associate company's substantial accumulated losses & negative equity & shareholders' funds. Said provision was partly recovered during the year under review & has hence been reversed and net receivable position presented as above.

10. Cash and bank balances/Cash & cash equivalents:

	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
	<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
Cash on hand	2,050	-
Balance with bank in current account	<u> 36,909</u>	186,780
	<u>38,959</u>	<u> 186,780</u>

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

11.	Share capital:							
						<u>202</u>	<u>1-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
							<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Share capital					·	,000	150,000
						150	,000	150,000
	Share capital comprise 1,500/- each).	ses of 1 fully	paid up share	of AED 150,	000/- (previous	s year 100 fully	/ paid up sh	ares of AED
12.	Reserves & surplus:							
						<u>202</u>	<u>1-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
							<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Statutory reserve						-	34,002
	Accumulated (losses)					(4,945,		(4,476,499)
						(4,945,	309)	(4,442,497)
13.	Accounts payable:							
						<u>202</u>	<u>1-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
							<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Payable to holding co	ompany					,294	784,044
	Other payable					<u></u>	<u>,300</u>	<u>5,253</u>
						<u> </u>	<u>,594</u>	789,297
	Age-wise analysis of	accounts pay	able is as follo	ws:				
					te of payment			
	Particulars	Not Due	<6 months	6 months- 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	>3years	Total
							, by cars	
	Accounts payable	171,977	112,537	68,027	245,053	-	-	597,594
14.	Provisions, accruals	& other lial	oilities:					
						<u>202</u>	<u>1-22</u>	2020-21
							<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Accrued expenses						<u>,400</u>	7,400
						10	<u>,400</u>	7,400

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

15.	Amount due to related party:		
13.	Amount due to related party.	2021-22	<u>2020-21</u>
		<u> </u>	
		<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Due to holding company	163,333	<u>169,485</u>
		163,333	<u>169,485</u>
	Amount due to related party is in the nature of expenses payable to related pa	rty & is free of int	erest.
16.	Direct costs:		
		<u>2021-22</u>	<u> 2020-21</u>
		AED	AED
	Inventories at the beginning of the year	1,061,083	440,071
	Purchases	282,346	1,187,275
	Clearing & forwarding expenses	33,758	25,500
	Inventories at the end of the year	(845,078)	(1,061,083)
		532,109	591,763
17.	Other income:		
17.	Other income:	2024 22	2020.21
		<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
		<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Foreign exchange gain - net	153,214	-
	Payables written back		<u>52,801</u>
		<u>153,214</u>	<u>52,801</u>
18.	Selling & distribution costs:		
	3	<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
		<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Advertisement & business promotion expenses	36,418	112,341
	Commission expenses	250,752	349,079
	Commission expenses	287,170	461,420
			,120

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 (continued)

19.	Administrative costs:		
		<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
		<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Office rent	60,300	61,742
	Communication expenses	14,850	5,787
	Fees & charges	99,883	24,261
	Utilities	5,862	5,916
	Bank charges	4,352	3,961
	Office & other expenses	22,212	44,838
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	5,203	5,202
		212,662	<u>151,707</u>
20.	Exceptional items:		
		<u>2021-22</u>	<u>2020-21</u>
		<u>AED</u>	<u>AED</u>
	Net provisions written back	-	(593,037)
	Impairment of amount due from related party	547,089	
		547,089	(593,037)

During the year under, the management had decided to provide for the entire investment, amount due from associate company, M/s Ritu Kumar Fashion L.L.C, Dubai (U.A.E.), in the form of loans & advances considering the associate company's substantial accumulated losses & negative equity & shareholders' funds. Same had been recognised as exceptional items in the statement of comprehensive income & presented as above.

21. Contingent liabilities:

Except for the ongoing business commitments against which no loss is expected, there has been no known contingent liability or commitments, as on reporting date.

22. Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the Establishment.

Schedules to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Schedule 1 - Property, plant & equipment:

	Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED)	
	Furniture &	
Particulars	equipment	Total
Cost:		_
As at March 31, 2021	38,538	38,538
Additions		
As at March 31, 2022	38,538	38,538
Accumulated depreciation:		
As at March 31, 2021	(8,406)	(8,406)
For the year	(5,203)	(5,203)
As at March 31, 2022	(13,609)	(13,609)
Net value- March 31, 2022	24,929	24,929
Net value- March 31, 2021	<u>30,132</u>	30,132

Schedules to the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Schedule 2 - Shareholder's current account:

	Amount in U.A.E	. Dirhams (AED)
	M/s Reliance Ritu	
	Kumar Private	
	Limited	
	(formerly known as	
Particulars	Ritika Private Limited)	Total
As at March 31, 2020	4,601,620	4,601,620
Net movements	<u>116,571</u>	116,571
As at March 31, 2021	4,718,191	4,718,191
Net movements	<u>334,044</u>	334,044
As at March 31, 2022	5,052,23 <u>5</u>	5,052,235

Balance in above account represents amount invested by the shareholder over and above its contribution to share capital. Said balance is free of interest.