Financial Statements 2021–22

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Reliance Ventures Limited

Report on the Audit of Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying Financial Statements of **Reliance Ventures Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, the Statement of Profit and Loss including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its Profit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position, Financial Performance including Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of the appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
 - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act;
 - e) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and the best of our information and according to the explanation given to us, the remuneration (sitting fees) paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
 - f) According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on our review of the books of accounts, there are no observations or comments on financial transactions or matters which have any adverse effect on the functioning of the Company.
 - g) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;

- h) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company with reference to these financial statements and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B";
- i) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rules 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position except as disclosed under Note 19 of the financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv) Management has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - v) Management has represented to us that, to the best of it's knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

- vi) Based on our audit procedure conducted that are considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our attention that cause us to believe that the representation given by the management under paragraph (2) (i) (iv) & (v) contain any material misstatement.
- vii) The Company has not declared or paid any dividend during the year.

For KHANDELWAL JAIN & CO CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ICAI Firm Registration no. 105049W

ALPESH WAGHELA PARTNER

Membership No.: 142058

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 12, 2022

UDIN: 22142058AJGMKN4132

"ANNEXURE A" TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE VENTURES LIMITED

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- i) As the Company had no Property, Plant and Equipment including Intangible Assets during the year, clause (i) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii) As the Company had no Inventories during the year, clause (ii) of paragraph of 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

iii)

- a) Since the principal business of the Company is to give loans, this sub-clause (a) of clause (iii) of paragraph of 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not provided any guarantee and given any security. The investments made and terms and conditions of loans granted during the year are not prejudicial to the interest of the Company.
- c) In respect of loans and advances in the nature of loans, the schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been stipulated by the Company and the repayments or receipts are as per the repayment schedule.
- d) As examined by us, there are no overdue. Therefore, the sub-clause (d) of clause (iii) of paragraph of 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- e) Since the principal business of the Company is to give loans, this sub-clause (e) of clause (iii) of paragraph of 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- f) The Company has not granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans which are either repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment, this subclause (f) of clause (iii) of paragraph of 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv) The Company has not directly or indirectly advanced loan to the person or given guarantees or securities in connection with the loan taken by persons covered under Section 185 of the Act. The provisions of Section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments, loans, guarantee or security given are not applicable to the company.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of Sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- vi) To the best of our knowledge and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company.
- vii) In respect of Statutory dues:
 - a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including Goods and Service Tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, cess and any other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the records and information and explanations given to us, there are no material dues in respect of Income Tax, sales tax and Value added tax/Entry Tax, Service tax, Goods and Service tax, duty of customs and duty of excise that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute except the following:

Nature of	Nature of	Amount	Period to which	Forum where
statute	dues	(Rs. Lakhs)	amount relates	dispute is pending
Income Tax	Income Tax	1,216	AY 2018 – 19	CIT (Appeals)
Act, 1961				

- viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transactions which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961). Consequently, the requirement of clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us the Company does not have any borrowings from banks, financial institutions or other lenders hence Clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x) The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and terms loans have been used for the purpose for which it has been raised. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence reporting under Clause (x) (a) and (b) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.

xi)

a) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year. As explained to us by the management there were no whistle-blower complaints received by the company.

- b) No report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by us as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government
- xii) In our opinion Company is not a Nidhi Company. Therefore, the clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable Accounting Standards.
- xiv) In our opinion, the Company has internal audit system which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business. We have considered the reports of the internal auditors while performing our audit.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under Section 192 of the Act, hence, reporting under clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

xvi)

- a) Based on information and explanation given to us, the Company is required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and necessary registration has been obtained by the Company.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is having valid Certificate of Registration (CoR) from the Reserve Bank of India as per the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India.
- d) As represented by the management which we have relied upon, the Reliance Group ('Group') does not have any Core Investment Company (CIC) as part of the Group as per the definition of Group contained in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, hence reporting under clause (xvi)(d) of the order is not applicable.
- xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses in the current financial year and there was cash loss in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xviii) There is no resignation by the statutory auditor of the Company during the year. However, the previous statutory auditors were rotated in line with the RBI guidelines.

xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets

and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements,

our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, we are of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that the Company is not capable

of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a

period of one year from the balance sheet date.

xx) According to the information and explanations given to us by the Company, there is no unspent

amount in respect of CSR as on balance sheet date which requires to be transferred in specified

fund as per Schedule VII to the Act.

xxi) According to information and explanations given to us, the Company has not prepared the

consolidated Financial Statements under sub-section 3 of Section 129 of the Act. Therefore,

provisions of clause (xxi) of Paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.

For KHANDELWAL JAIN & CO

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ICAI Firm Registration no. 105049W

ALPESH WAGHELA

PARTNER

Membership No.: 142058

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 12, 2022

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE VENTURES LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the Internal Financial Control over financial reporting of **Reliance Ventures Limited** ("the company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year then ended.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial

reporting with reference to these financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference To These Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting with Reference To These Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company generally has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting with reference to these financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For KHANDELWAL JAIN & CO
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

ICAI Firm Registration no. 105049W

ALPESH WAGHELA PARTNER

Membership No.: 142058

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 12, 2022

Reliance Ventures Limited Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

Balance Sneet as at	31St Ward	n, 2022	Ŧ in labba
	Note	As a	₹ in lakhs t As at
	Note	31st March, 2022	
		,	
ASSETS			
Financial Assets			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1	64	53
Loans	2	2978 28	3689 42
Investments	3	1632 44	527 50
Other Financial Assets	4	18 48	1 78
Total Financial Assets		4629 84	4219 23
Non-Financial Assets		-	-
Total Assets		4629 84	4219 23
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
LIABILITIES			
Financial Liabilities			
Payables			
Trade Payables due to:	5		
total outstanding dues to micro enterprises		-	=
and small enterprises			
total outstanding dues to other than micro		54	-
and small enterprises	0	_	-
Other Financial Liabilities	6	<u>7</u> 61	
Total Financial Liabilities			
Non-Financial Liabilities			
Provisions	7	2 80	2 24
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)	8	34 53	-
Other Non Financial Liabilities	9	24	
Total Non-Financial Liabilities		37 57	2 26
Total Liabilities		38 18	2 33
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	10	2 69	
Other Equity	11	4588 97	
Total Equity		4591 66	4216 90
Total Liabilities and Equity		4629 84	4219 23
Significant Accounting Policies			
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 26		
As per our Report of even date		For and on behalf of the	Board
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.		K. Sethuraman	- Director
Firm Registeration No: 105049W		V. Srikanth	- Director
Chartered Accountants		Jagannatha Kumar	- Director
		Jayashri Rajesh	- Director
Alpesh Waghela		Dhiren Dalal	- Director
Partner		B Chandrasekaran	- Director
Membership No. 142058		Suresh Jagannathan	- Chief Financial Officer
Date : April 12, 2022			

₹ in lakhs

Reliance Ventures Limited

Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

			₹ in lakhs
	Note	2021-22	2020-21
INCOME			
Revenue from Operations	12		
Interest income		247 87	259 79
Net gain on fair value changes		296 45	141 32
Total Revenue from Operations	_	544 32	401 11
Total Nevenue from operations		044 02	401 11
Other Income	13	-	1 37
Total Income	_	544 32	402 48
	_		
EXPENSES			
Finance Cost	14	-	70
Other Expenses	15	70 58	37 30
	_		
Total Expenses	_	70 58	38 00
D 511 5			
Profit before tax		473 74	364 48
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	16	63 20	76 30
	10		
Adjustment of tax relating to earlier period	0	1 25	(83)
Deferred Tax	8 _	34 53	
	_	98 98	75 47
Profit for the Year		374 76	200.04
Profit for the Year		3/4/6	289 01
Other Comprehensive Income		-	_
·			
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	_	374 76	289 01
(Comprising Profit and Other Comprehensive Income)	_		<u> </u>
Earnings per Equity Share of face value of ₹ 10 each	17		
	.,,		
Basic (in ₹)		1,392.57	1,073.93
Diluted (in ₹)		1,392.57	1,073.93
Significant Accounting Policies			
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 26		
As per our Report of even date	For and on b	ehalf of the Bo	pard
For Whee delived Lists 0.0	IZ 6 41		District Control
For Khandelwal Jain & Co.	K. Sethuran V. Srikanth	nan	- Director
Firm Registeration No: 105049W Chartered Accountants	Jagannatha	Kumar	- Director - Director
Shartorea Accountante	Jayashri Ra		- Director
Alpesh Waghela	Dhiren Dala		- Director
Partner	B Chandras	ekaran	- Director
Membership No. 142058	Suresh Jaga	annathan	- Chief Financial Officer
Data : Anvil 10, 2022			

Date: April 12, 2022

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

₹ in lakhs

Cu	rrent reporting p	eriod	Previous reporting period			
Balance at the	Changes in	Balance at the	Balance at the	Changes in	Balance at the	
beginning of	equity share	end of the	beginning of the	equity share	end of the	
the reporting	capital during	reporting period	reporting period	capital during	reporting period	
period i.e. 1st	the year	i.e. 31st March,	i.e.1st	the year 2020-	i.e. 31st	
April, 2021	2021-22	2022	April, 2020	21	March, 2021	
2 69	-	2 69	2 69	-	2 69	

B. Other Equity ₹ in lakhs

		Other	Total			
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Securities Premium	Statutory Reserve Fund	Retained Earnings	Compreh- ensive Income	
Current reporting period As on 3 Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2021	1st March, 2022 10	2347 85	340 73	1525 53	-	4214 21
Total Comprehensive Income of	-	-	-	374 76	-	374 76
the year Transferred from retained earnings	-	-	75 00	(75 00)	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2022	10	2347 85	415 73	1825 29	-	4588 97
Previous reporting period As on Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2020	31st March, 2021 10	2347 85	282 88	1294 37	-	3925 20
Total Comprehensive Income of the year	-	-	-	289 01	-	289 01
Transferred from retained earnings	-	-	57 85	(57 85)	-	-
Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2021	10	2347 85	340 73	1525 53	-	4214 21

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Khandelwal Jain & Co. Firm Registeration No: 105049W **Chartered Accountants**

Alpesh Waghela

Membership No. 142058

K. Sethuraman - Director V. Srikanth - Director Jagannatha Kumar - Director Jayashri Rajesh - Director **Dhiren Dalal** - Director B Chandrasekaran - Director Suresh Jagannathan - Chief Financial Officer

Date: April 12, 2022

Partner

₹ in lakhs

Reliance Ventures Limited

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2022

			\ III lakiis
		2021-22	2020-21
Α	Cash Flow from Operating Activities		
	Net Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss	473 74	364 48
	Adjusted for :		
	Finance costs	-	70
	Interest income	(247 87)	(261 16)
	General provision on standard assets	62 22	7 61
	Net (Gain) / Loss on Sale of Investments	(296 45)	(141 32)
	Operating Loss before Working Capital Changes	(8 36)	(29 69)
	Adjusted for :		
	Trade and other Receivables	(42)	40
	Trade and other Payables	81	(2)
	Movement in loans	648 92	(975 75)
	Interest income	231 59	261 00
	Cash Generated from Operations	872 54	(744 06)
	Income Taxes paid	(63 89)	(46 99)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) Operating Activities	808 65	(791 05)
В	Cash flow from Investing Activities		
	Payment for purchase of Investments	(861 16)	(246 55)
	Proceeds from sale of Investments	52 62	1039 35
	Net cash flow from / (used in) Investing Activities	(808 54)	792 80
С	Cash flow from financing Activities		
	Interest paid	_	(1 65)
	Net cash flow (used in) Financing Activities		(1 65)
	, ,		
	Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	11	10
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	53	43
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents (Refer Note 1)	64	53

^{*} Includes amount spent in cash towards Corporate Social Responsibility of ₹ 247 lakhs (Previous Year ₹ 337 lakhs)

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Khandelwal Jain & Co. Firm Registeration No: 105049W	K. Sethuraman V. Srikanth	- Director - Director
Chartered Accountants	Jagannatha Kumar Jayashri Rajesh	DirectorDirector
Alpesh Waghela Partner Membership No. 142058	Dhiren Dalal B Chandrasekaran Suresh Jagannathan	DirectorDirectorChief Financial Officer

Date: April 12, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance Ventures Limited ['the company'] is a limited Company incorporated in India having CIN U24120MH1999PLC121009. The registered office of the company is located at 9th Floor, Maker Chambers IV, 222 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021, India. The Company is a registered Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value:

i) Certain financial assets (including derivative instruments) are measured at fair value,

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, (as amended from time to time) and Presentation requirements of Division III of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS Compliant Schedule III) as amended from time to time.

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is also its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest lakhs (INR 00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

B.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Finance Cost

Borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

b) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

c) Tax Expenses

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax, same is recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

d) Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is received. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Interest income

Interest Income from a Financial Assets is recognised using effective interest rate method.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment is established.

(e) Financial instruments

i) Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent measurement

a) Financial assets carried at Amortised Cost (AC)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial assets at Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

C. Investment in subsidiaries and Fellow subsidiaries

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries at cost less impairment loss (if any).

D. Other Equity Investments

All equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in statement of profit and loss.

ii) Financial liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

B. Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

iii) Derivative financial instruments:

The company uses various derivative financial instruments such as commodity contracts to mitigate the risk of changes in market. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at fair value. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken directly to Statement of profit or loss.

iv) Derecognition of financial instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next financial year.

a) Recoverability of trade receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

b) Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

c) Impairment of financial assets:

The Company applies the ECL model in accordance with Ind-AS 109 for recognizing impairment loss on financial assets. The expected credit loss is calculated i.e., 12-month expected loss for all facilities in stage 1 and lifetime expected credit loss for all other facilities. The expected credit loss is a product of exposure at default ('EAD'), probability of default ('PD') and loss given default ('LGD'). The Company has devised an internal model to evaluate the PD and LGD based on the parameters set out in Ind-AS 109. Accordingly, the financial assets are classified into one of the three stages (Stage 1, Stage 2 or Stage 3) based on the assessed credit risk of the instrument/facility. There are three stages:

Stage 1 would include all facilities which have not undergone a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

Stage 2 would include facilities meeting the criteria for Significant Increase in Credit Risk and facilities with DPD 30 or more

Stage 3 will have facilities classified as NPA and facilities with DPD 90 or more and are credit impaired

LGD is an estimate of loss from a transaction given that a default occurs. PD is defined as the probability of whether the borrowers will default on their obligations in the future. Ind AS 109 requires the use of separate PD for a 12-month duration and lifetime duration depending on the stage allocation of the borrower. EAD represents the expected exposure in the event of a default and is the gross carrying amount in case of the financial assets held by the Company.

The measurement of impairment losses across all categories of financial assets requires judgement in determining impairment losses and the assessment of a significant increase in credit risk. The Company's ECL calculations are outputs of complex models with a number of underlying assumptions. The inputs and models used for calculating ECLs may not always capture all factors at the date of the financial statements. Adjustments including reversal of ECL is recognized through statement of profit and loss.

d) Recognition of Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Company uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

e) Fair value measurement

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments refer note 23 of financial statements

D. STANDARDS ISSUED BUT NOT EFFECTIVE

On March 23, 2022, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has notified Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2022. This notification has resulted into amendments in the following existing accounting standards which are applicable to company from April 1, 2022.

- i) Ind AS 101 First time adoption of Ind AS
- ii) Ind AS 103 Business Combination
- iii) Ind AS 109 Financial Instrument
- iv) Ind AS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment
- v) Ind AS 37 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets
- vi) Ind AS 41 Agriculture

Application of above standards are not expected to have any significant impact on the company's financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Notes to the Timancial Statements for the year e	maca 5 13t march, 2022	
			₹ in lakhs
		As at	As at
1	Cash and Cash Equivalents	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	Cash on hand	-	-
	Balance with banks:		
	In current accounts	64	53
		64	53
			₹ in lakhs
		As at	As at
2	Loans	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	At Amortised Cost		
	Unsecured Loans to		
	Related parties (Refer note 22)	1482 88	2885 00
	Loan to others	471 58	472 96
	Secured Loan to others (secured by tangible assets)	1104 58	350 00
	Total Gross Loan	3059 04	3707 96
	Less : ECL and Contingent provision on standard asset #	80 76	18 54
		2978 28	3689 42
	# Includes provision created pursuant to Section 45JA of the Reserve Bank of Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Comp Directions, 2016	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	Loans in India :		

Loans outside India

Other than to Public Sector

3059 04

3707 96

3059 04 3707 96

2.B Credit quality of assets

The table below shows the credit quality and the maximum exposure to credit risk based on year-end stage classification and analysis of changes in the Impairment loss allowance in relation to Loans:

₹ in lakhs

Particulars				As at 31s	st March, 20	22		
	Sta	ge 1	Sta	age 2	Sta	ige 3	To	tal
	Gross Carrying Amount	Impair- ment Loss Allowance						
As at 1st April, 2021	3707 96	18 54	-	-	-	-	3707 96	18 54
Add: Changes in Credit Exposure (Additional disbursement	(648 92)	62 22	-	-	-	-	(648 92)	62 22
net of repayment) Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2 Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	3059 04	80 76	-	-	-	-	3059 04	80 76

Particulars				As at 31s	st March, 20	21		
	Sta	ge 1	Sta	age 2	Sta	age 3	To	otal
	Gross	Impair-	Gross	Impair-	Gross	Impair-	Gross	Impair-
	Carrying	ment Loss	Carrying	ment Loss	Carrying	ment Loss	Carrying	ment Loss
	Amount	Allowance	Amount	Allowance	Amount	Allowance	Amount	Allowance
As at 1st April, 2020	2732 21	10 93	-	-		-	2732 21	10 93
Add: Changes in	975 75	7 61	-	-	-	-	975 75	7 61
Credit Exposure								
(Additional disbursement								
net of repayment)								
Transfer to Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer to Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Closing Balance	3707 96	18 54	-	-	-	-	3707 96	18 54

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

						₹ in lakhs
3 Investments	As a	t 31st March, 2	022	As a	at 31st March, 20)21
	Cost	At fair value	Total	Cost	At fair value	Total
		through			through	
		Profit or			Profit or	
		Loss			Loss	
Equity insturments						
Subsidiary *	97 00	-	97 00	97 00	-	97 00
Fellow Subsidiary *	3 32	-	3 32	3 32	-	3 32
Others	-	157 97	157 97	-	-	-
Government Securities #	-	4 83	4 83	-	6 79	6 79
Debentures and Bonds #	-	13 88	13 88	-	14 86	14 86
Venture Funds / AIF	-	583 28	583 28	-	342 96	342 96
Security Receipts	-	772 16	772 16	-	62 57	62 57
Total (A)	100 32	1532 12	1632 44	100 32	427 18	527 50
Investments outside India	-	-	_	-	-	-
Investments in India	100 32	1532 12	1632 44	100 32	427 18	527 50
Total (B)	100 32	1532 12	1632 44	100 32	427 18	527 50
Less:						
Allowance for impairment Loss (C)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total (A-C)	100 32	1532 12	1632 44	100 32	427 18	527 50

^{*} The Company has accounted for its investments in Subsidiary and Fellow Subsidiary company at cost less impairment loss (if any)

Investments held as stock-in-trade

Refer note no. 21

4	Other Financial Assets	As at 31st March, 2022	₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021
	Interest receivable	16 39	_
	Accrued interest	67	78
	Balance with Government authorities	42	-
	Security deposit *	1 00	1 00
		18 48	1 78

^{*} Deposit with bank of ₹ 100 lakhs (previous year ₹ 100 lakhs) are given as collateral securities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

5	Trade Payables due to		31 s	As at t March, 2022		₹ in lakhs As at March, 2021
	Micro and Small Enterprises			-		-
	Other than Micro and Small	Enterprises		54	_	
				54	•	-
	Note There are no overdue amound disclosure requirements und applicable.					
	Trade Payables ageing so	hedule As at 3°	1st March, 2022			₹ in lakhs
	Particulars	Outstanding fo	or following period	ds from due da	te of payment	Total
		Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	
	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	54	-	-	-	54
	Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	54	-	-	-	54
	Trade Payables ageing sch					₹ in lakhs
	Particulars		for following period			Total
		Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3	
	MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Others	-	-	-	-	-
	Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-
	Disputed Dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	
	Total	-	-	-	-	
6	Other Financial Liabilities		31s	As at t March, 2022		₹ in lakhs As at March, 2021
-				,		,
	Others payables *			7		7
	* Includes provision for rev	enue expenditu	re	7	- :	7

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

7	Provisions	As at 31st March, 2022	31s	₹ in lakhs As at t March, 2021
	Provision for taxation (net) *	2 80		2 24
	*Refer Note 16 (b)	2 80	- =	2 24
		As at		₹ in lakhs As at
8	Deferred Tax Liabilities (net)	31st March, 2022	31s	t March, 2021
	The movement on the deferred tax account is as follows: At the start of the year	-		-
	Charge / (Credit) to Statement of Profit and Loss At the end of year	34 53 34 53	- -	-
				₹ in lakhs
	Component of Deferred tax Liabilities / (Assets)	As at 31st March,	Charge / (Credit) to	As at 31st March,
		2021	Statement of profit and loss	2022
	Deferred Tax Liabilities / asset in relation to:			
	Financial assets Total	-	34 53 34 53	34 53 34 53
	Total		34 33	34 33
				₹ in lakhs
		As at		As at
9	Other Non Financial Liabilities	31st March, 2022	31s	t March, 2021
	Others payables **	24	_	2
	** Mainly includes statutory dues	24	=	2

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	As	at	Δ	₹ in lakhs As at
	31st Mar			arch, 2021
40 5 % 01 00 % 1	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
10 Equity Share Capital				
Authorised Capital: Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	29,00,000	2 90	29,00,000	2 90
Preference Shares of ₹ 1 each	10,00,000	10	10,00,000	10
		300		300
Issued, Subscribed and Paid up Capital:				
Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each fully paid up	26,91,150	2 69	26,91,150	2 69
		2 69		2 69
Note				
a) Details of Share holders holding more than 5%				
Name of the Shareholders		t March, 2022		31st March, 2021
	No. of	Held (%)	No. of	Held (%)
D.: 1 1 1: :: 1/11 1: 0	shares	400.00	shares	
Reliance Industries Limited (Holding Company) *	26,91,150	100.00	26,91,150	100.00
b) Shareholding of Promoter				
As at 31st March, 2022				
Promoter name		No of shares	% of total	% change
				during the year
Reliance Industries Limited (Holding Company)		26,91,150	100.00	NIL
As at 31st March, 2021				
Promoter name		No of shares	% of total	% change
			shares	during the year
Reliance Industries Limited (Holding Company)		26,91,150	100.00	NIL
c) Reconciliation of Equity shares outstanding at t	the beginning	and at the end	of the year	
Particulars	As at 31st	t March, 2022	As at 3	31st March, 2021
		Nos.		Nos.
Equity shares at the beginning of the year		26,91,150		26,91,150
Add : Shares issued during the year		-		<u>-</u>
Equity shares at the end of the year		26,91,150		26,91,150

d) Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to shares

The Equity Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to their shareholding.

^{*} Includes shares held by nominees of Reliance Industries Limited.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

				₹ in lakhs
		As at		As at
11 Other Equity	31st	March, 2022	31st	March, 2021
Capital Redemption Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet		10		10
Securities Premium				
As per Last Balance Sheet		2347 85		2347 85
Statutory Reserve Fund				
As per last Balance Sheet	340 73		282 88	
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	75 00		57 85	
		415 73		340 73
Retained Earnings				
As per Last Balance Sheet	1525 53		1294 37	
Add: Profit for the year	374 76		289 01	
	1900 29		1583 38	
Less: Appropriations				
Transferred to Statutory Reserve Fund	75 00	_	57 85	
		1825 29		1525 53
Total		4588 97	_	4214 21

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Notes to the Financial Statements for the	e year ended s	ist warch, 20	122	₹ in lakhs
12	Revenue from Operations	2021-	22	2020-	
	Interest income				
	On financial assets measured at amortised cost				
	Interest on Loans	198 94		208 71	
	Interest on Fixed Deposits	5		6	
	Other interest income	47 23		47 36	
	On financial assets classified at fair value				
	through profit or loss				
	Interest income on investments	1 65		3 66	
		_	247 87	_	259 79
	Net gain on fair value changes				
	On investments (Refer note 12.1)	296 90		138 74	
	On stock in trade (Refer note 12.2)	(45)		2 58	
			296 45		141 32
		<u> </u>	544 32	_	401 11
	through profit and loss On investments Others - Venture funds Total net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Fair Value changes Realised Unrealised Total net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	_ _ _ _	19 97 276 93 296 90 18 35 278 55 296 90	_ _ _	42 78 95 96 138 74 48 74 90 00 138 74
12.2	Net gain / (loss) on fair value changes - Stock in trade	_	296 90	_	138 74
	Net Gain / (Loss) on Financial instrument at fair value through profit and loss				
	On Investments		(45)		2 58
	On dealing in interest rate futures		-		-
	Total net gain / (loss) on fair value changes Fair Value changes		(45)	_	2 58
	Realised		(6)		2 29
	Unrealised		(39)		29
	Total net gain / (loss) on fair value changes	_	(45)		2 58
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

13	Other Income Interest on IT refund	2021-22 -	₹ in lakhs 2020-21 1 37
		-	1 37
14	Finance Costs	2021-22	₹ in lakhs 2020-21
	On financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
	Interest on borrowings	-	70
			70
15	Other Expenses Auditors remuneration	2021-22	₹ in lakhs 2020-21
	Statutory audit fees	7	7
	Tax audit fees Certification fees (₹ NIL, previous year ₹ 10000/-)	- - 7	1 0 8
	Professional fees	, 5 17	89
	Brokerage	•	1
	Securities transaction tax	-	3
	Demat/Custodian charges (₹ 1062/-, previous year ₹ 16867/-)	0	0
	Directors sitting fees	10	10
	ECL and Contingent provision on standard asset Charity and donations	62 22 2 47	7 61 28 37
	General expenses	2 47 55	28 37 21
	Control oxponeds	70 58	37 30

15.1 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

- a) CSR amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII thereof by the company during the year is ₹ 247 lakhs (previous year ₹ 337 lakhs).
- b) Expenditure related to CSR is ₹ 247 lakhs (previous year ₹ 337 lakhs) is spent through Reliance Foundation.

		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Rural Transformation	-	2 37
Support to Preventive Healthcare Facilities	2 47	1 00
Total	2 47	3 37

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Year ended	₹ in lakhs Year ended
16 Taxation	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
a) Tax expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Current Tax		
In respect of the current year	63 20	76 30
In respect of prior year	1 25	(83)
Deferred Tax	34 53	-
Total tax expenses recognised in the current year	98 98	75 47
Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting p	orofit as follows:	
		₹ in lakhs
	As at	As at
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Profit Before Tax	473 74	364 48
Applicable Tax Rate	25.17%	17.16%
Computed Tax Expense	119 23	62 54
Tax Effect of :		
Income not taxable	(70 11)	-
Expenses disallowed	16 28	12 93
Others	(96)	-
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	64 45	75 47
Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of	34 53	-
Financial Assets & Other items	24 52	
Deferred Tax Provision (B)	34 53	<u> </u>
Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)	98 98	75 47
Effective Tax Rate (%)	20.89	20.71
		₹ in lakhs
	As at	As at
	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
b) Current Tax Assets (Net)		
At start of year	(2 24)	26 25
Charge for the year	(64 45)	(75 47)
Tax paid during the year	63 89	46 99
At end of year	(2 80)	(2 24)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

17 Earnings per share (EPS)	2021-22	2020-21
i) Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss Account attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in lakhs)	374 76	289 01
ii) Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating EPS	26 91 150	26 91 150
iii) Basic, as well as diluted earnings per equity share (₹)iv) Face value per equity share (₹)	1,392.57 10	1,073.93 10

18 The Previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified, wherever necessary to confirm to the current year presentation.

			₹ in lakhs
		As at	As at
		31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
19 Con	tingent Liabilities and Commitments		
i)	Contingent Liabilities		
	Income tax liability *	12 16	-
ii)	Commitments		
	Commitments towards investment in venture fund	25 09	37 93

^{*} The Company has been advised that the demand is likely to be either deleted or substantially reduced and accordingly no provision is considered necessary.

20 Segment Reporting

The Company is engaged in business of finance, trading / investments in shares and securities in India only and there are no separate business / geographical segments as per Ind AS 108- "Operating Segment". The Board (the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'), monitors the operating results of the entity's business for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

₹ in lakhs As at As at 21 Investments 31st March, 2022 31st March, 2021 Units Units Amount **Amount** Long term investments (A) Investments measured at Cost In Equity Shares of Fellow Subsidiary Company Quoted, fully paid up Den Network Limited of ₹ 10 each 4,61,520 3 32 4,61,520 3 32 In Equity Shares of Subsidiary Company Unquoted, fully paid up Model Economic Township Limited of ₹ 10 each 9,70,00,000 **97 00** 9,70,00,000 97 00 Total (A) 100 32 100 32 (B) Investments measured at Fair Value **Through Profit and Loss** In Equity Shares, Quoted - fully paid up HFCL Limited of ₹ 1 each 2,00,72,727 157 97 In Venture fund Unquoted - fully paid up Urban Infrastructure Opportunities Fund of 21,600 21 03 21,600 24 17 ₹ 23930 each (previous year ₹ 27430 each) JM Financial Property Fund - I of 50,000 3 52 50,000 4 31 ₹ 2369.29 each (previous year ₹ 3720.65 each) Faering Capital India Evolving Fund of ₹ 1000 each 11,66,581 346 61 11,66,581 159 55 KKR India Debt Fund I of ₹ 1000 each 1,31,512 1,47,766 95 Paragon Partners Growth Fund - I of ₹ 100 each 43,27,809 79 32 45,43,052 61 61 IIFL Special Opportunities Fund Class A5.1 of ₹ 10 each 4,95,06,919 52 40 4,95,06,919 56 81 LICHFL Housing & Infrastructure Fund of ₹ 100 each 15,72,360 12 82 5,16,000 5 16 2,000 3one4 Capital Fund Scheme II of ₹ 100000 each 67 58 583 28 312 56 Unquoted, Partly paid up 3one4 Capital Fund Scheme II of ₹ 100000 each 2,000 30 40 (previous year paid up ₹ 85000 each) 30 40

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

21 Investments (contd..)

	,				
	In Security Receipt - Unquoted, fully paid up				
		0.00.000	CO 57	0.00.000	CO 57
	JMFARC - MARCH 2018 - Trust - Series I	8,00,000	62 57	8,00,000	62 57
	of ₹ 782.07 each (previous year ₹ 782.07 each)				
	OCMADO T 00 - 5 ₹ 4000 b				
	CFMARC Trust 88 of ₹ 1000 each	70,95,948	709 59		
			772 16		62 57
	Total (B)		1513 41		405 53
	Total (b)		131341		403 33
	Total Long term investments (A+B)		1613 73		505 85
	Investments sutside India				
	Investments outside India		4040.70		-
	Investments in India		1613 73		505 85
			1613 73		505 85
	Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments		161 29		3 32
	Market Value of Quoted Investments		159 68		2 27
	Aggregate amount of Unquoted Investments		1452 44		502 53
	Aggregate provision for impairment in value of Investments		-		-
	Aggregate provision for impairment in value of investments				
1.1	Category-wise Long term Investment		As at		As at
	g . , g	31st Ma	arch, 2022	31st M	arch, 2021
			,		, -
	Financial assets measured at Cost		100 32		100 32
	Financial assets carried at amortised cost		-		-
	Financial assets measured at Fair value through other comprehe	nsive	-		-
	Financial assets measured at Fair value through Profit and Loss		1513 41		405 53
	Total		1613 73		505 85
	Total		101070	:	000 00
					₹ in lakhs
			As at		As at
Ш	Stock in Trade	24 of Ma		21at M	
"		3 151 1016	arch, 2022	3 151 101	arch, 2021
	Investments measured at Fair Value				
	Through Profit and Loss				
	In Government Securities - Quoted		4 83		6 79
	In Debenturs or Bonds - Quoted		13 88		14 86
	Total		18 71		21 65
			=======================================	:	
	Investments outside India		-		-
	Investments in India		18 71		21 65
			18 71		21 65
	Aggregate amount of Quoted Investments		18 71		21 65
	Market Value of Quoted Investments		18 71		21 65
	Category-wise Investment (Stock in Trade)		As at		As at
		31st Ma	arch, 2022	31st M	arch, 2021
	Financial assets carried at amortised cost		-		-
	Financial assets measured at Fair value through other comprehe	nsive	-		-
	Financial Assets measured at Fair value through Profit and Loss		18 71		21 65
	Total		18 71	:	21 65

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

22 Related Party

i) As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:
List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Sr.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship
No.		
1	Reliance Industries Limited	Holding Company
2	Model Economic Township Limited	Subsidiary
3 4 5 6 7	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited Jio Platforms Den Networks Limited	Fellow Subsidiaries
8 9 10	Jasmine Jiwani ^ Suresh Jagannathan Vishal Kumar	Key Managerial Personnel

Relationship existed for the part of the year / previous year

ii)		sactions during the year with re re of Transaction	elated parties Holding Company	s: Subsidiary	/ Fellow Subsidiaries	Key Managerial Personnel	₹ in lakhs Total
	1	Loan given / (returned) (net)	-	-	1000.00	-	(1402 12) 1000 00
			-	-	1000 00	-	1000 00
	2	Interest income	-	-	150 46	-	15,046
			-	-	171 10	-	171 10
	3	Professional Fees	31 *	* _	55	10	96
			31 ;	* _	55	10	96

^{*} includes remuneration paid to Key Managerial Personnel on secondment basis ₹ 10 lakhs (previous year ₹ 10 lakhs)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

22	Rela	ted Party (Contd)					₹ in lakhs
			Holding	Subsidiary	Fellow	Key	Total
			Company		Subsidiaries	Managerial Personnel	
	Bala	nce as on 31st March, 2022					
	1	Equity share capital	2350 55	-	-	-	2350 55
		(including premium)	2350 55	-	-	-	2350 55
	2	Loans given	-	-	1482 88		1482 88
			-	-	2885 00		2885 00
	3	Investments	-	97 00	3 32	_	100 32
			-	97 00	3 32	-	100 32
	Nista	. Ciarras in Italia nannasanta musi					

Note: Figures in Italic represents previous year's amount.

Disclosure in Respect of Material Related Party Transactions during the year:						
	Particulars	Relationship	2021-22	2020-21		
1	Loan Given / (returned) (net) Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	(1402 12)	1000 00		
2	Interest Income Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	150 46	171 10		
3	Professional fees Reliance Industries Limited * Jio Platforms Limited Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited	Holding Company Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	31 25 30	31 <i>19</i> 36		
	Suresh Jaganathan Vishal Kumar Jasmine Jiwani	Key Managerial Personnel Key Managerial Personnel Key Managerial Personnel	5 3 2	5 3 2		

^{*} includes remuneration paid to Key Managerial Personnel on secondment basis ₹ 10 lakhs (previous year ₹ 10 lakhs)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

23 Financial Instruments

A) Fair Valuation Measurement hierarchy

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	Α	s at 31st M	larch, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021					
	Carrying Level of input used in			Carrying	Level of input used in				
	Amount	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	Amount	Level 1 Level 2		Level 3	
Financial Assets									
At Amortised Cost									
Investments*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Cash and Cash Equivalent	64	-	-	-	53	-	-	-	
Loans	2978 28	-	-	-	3689 42	-	-	-	
Other Financial Assets	18 48	-	-	-	1 78	-	-	-	
At FVTPL									
Investments	1532 12	176 68	1355 44	-	427 18	21 65	405 53	-	
At FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Financial Liabilities									
At Amortised Cost									
Trade Payables	54	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Other Financial liabilities	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	
At FVTPL	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
At FVTOCI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

^{*} Excludes financial assets measured at cost (Refer note no.21)

The financial instruments are categorized into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and
- Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3: Inputs based on unobservable market data.

Valuation Methodology

All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

The fair value of investment in quoted Equity Shares, Bonds, and Mutual / Venture Funds is measured at quoted price or latest available NAV.

B) Financial Risk Management

Different type of risk the Company is exposed are as under:

Interest rate risk

Company has no borrowing from Bank/FI etc except reverse repo. Interest payable against such borrowing is as per agreed terms.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

23 Financial Instruments (Contd..)

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss arising out of a customer or counterparty failing to meet their repayment obligations to the Company. The Company assesses the credit quality of all financial instruments that are subject to credit risk. The company categorizes financial assets into stages based on the days past due (DPD) status as under:

- Stage 1: Low credit risk i.e. 0 to 30 dpd
- Stage 2: Significant increase in credit risk i.e. 31 to 90 dpd
- Stage 3: Impaired assets i.e. more than 90 dpd

Financial assets where no significant increase in credit risk has been observed are considered to be in 'stage 1' and for which a 12 month ECL is recognised. Financial assets that are considered to have significant increase in credit risk are considered to be in 'stage 2' and those which are in default or for which there is an objective evidence of impairment are considered to be in 'stage 3'. Lifetime ECL is recognised for stage 2 and stage 3 financial assets.

The Company calculates ECL using three main components: a probability of default (PD), a loss given default (LGD) and the exposure at default (EAD).

Market risk

Companies main activity is to do trading in financial instruments viz. equity shares, debentures, bonds, derivatives etc. This market is influenced by domestic / international political, financial and other events occurring on day to day basis. Hence the market is constantly volatile and uncertain. Company has strong treasury philosophies and practices and is well geared to meet the challenges of volatile market conditions.

24 Other Statutory Information

- (i) As per section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013, there are no balances outstanding with struck off companies.
- (ii) The Company have not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iii) The Company have not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
 - (a) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
 - (b) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
- (iv) The Company have not any such transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income-tax Act, 1961.

25 Approval of Financial Statements

The Financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on April 12, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

26 NBFC Disclosures

Disclosures of details as required by Paragraph 17, 19 and 73 of Master Direction - Non-Banking Financial Company - Systemically Important Non-Deposit taking Company and Deposit taking Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016, are given to the extent applicable.

26.1 Liabilities side

26.1	Liabilities side				
		31st Amount outstanding	As at March, 2022 Amount overdue	31st	₹ in lakhs As at March, 2021 Amount overdue
I	Loans and advances availed by the NBFC inclusive of interest accrued thereon but not paid a) Inter-corporate loans and borrowing	-	-	-	-
	Assets side				
			As at March, 2022 outstanding	31st	₹ in lakhs As at March, 2021 t outstanding
II	Break-up of Loans and Advances including bills receivables Secured		1120 97		350 00
	Unsecured		1955 55		3358 74
Ш	Break up of Leased Assets and Stock on hire and other assets counting towards AFC activities		-		-
IV	Break-up of Investments Current Investments (Incl. Stock-in-trade) 1. Quoted				
	i) Shares : Equity ii) Government Securities and Bonds		- 18 71		- 21 65
	2. Unquoted		-		-
	Long Term investments 1. Quoted i) Shares: Equity		161 29		3 32
	2. Unquoted				
	i) Shares : Equity		97 00		97 00
	ii) Units of venture funds / AIF iii) Securities receipts		583 28 772 16		342 96 62 57
٧	Borrower group-wise classification of assets financed as in (II) and (III) above :	(net of		Secured (net of provision)	Unsecured (net of provision)
	Category 1. Related Parties	provision	provision		provision
	i) Subsidiaries	-	-	-	-
	ii) Companies in same group	766 31	-	-	2885 00
	iii) Other related partiesOther than related parties	354 66	1482 88 472 67	350 00	473 74
	Total	1120 97	1955 55	350 00	3358 74
VI	Investor group-wise classification of all investments (current and long term) in shares and securities (both quoted and unquoted)	Market value/Break up or fair value or	provision)	Market value/Break up or fair value or NAV	Book value (net of provision)
	Category 1. Related Parties	NAV			
	i) Subsidiary company	97 00	97 00	97 00	97 00
	ii) Companies in same group	-	-	- 0.07	-
	iii) Other related parties Other than related parties	1 70 1532 12	3 32 1532 12	2 27 427 18	3 32 427 18
	•				
	Total	1630 82	1632 44	526 45	527 50

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

26 NBFC Disclosures (Contd...)

NDI O DISCIOSUICS (OO											₹ in lakhs
									As at		As at
								31st M	arch, 2022	31st M	/larch, 2021
Other information									Amount		Amount
Particulars											
 Gross Non-Perform 	ing Assets								-		-
Net Non-Performing	Assets								-		-
Assets acquired in a	satisfaction	of debt							-		-
									As at		As at
								31st M	arch, 2022	31st N	March, 2021
1. Capital to Risk Asse	ets Ratio (C	CRAR)							(%)		(%)
i) CRAR									97.79		98.13
ii) CRAR - Tier I Ca	•								94.95		97.04
iii) CRAR - Tier II C	apitai								2.84		1.09
									As at		₹ in lakhs As at
								31ct M	arch, 2022	31ct N	As at March, 2021
Exposure to Real E	state Secto	or						3 ISL IVI	arcii, 2022	31511	narch, 2021
Category	state Section	JI									
a) Direct exposure											
i) Residential Mort	gages								_		_
Lending fully secure by the borrower or t shown separately)	ed by morto										
ii) Commercial Rea Lending secured by space, multipurpos tenanted commerci acquisition, develop fund based (NFB) li	mortgages commercial premises ment and c	ial premise s, industria	es, multi-fa ıl or wareh	mily resider ouse space	ntial building , hotels, land	g, multi- d			-		-
iii) Investments in M exposures	lortgage Ba	acked Sec	urities (ME	3S) and othe	er securitise	d					
- Residential									-		-
- Commercial Rea	al Estate								-		-
b) Indirect Exposure		ad avnası	uraa an Na	tional Hausi	na Bonk (NI	UD) and			605 94		33 63
Fund based and no Housing Finance C			ires on Na	lioriai nousi	ng bank (Ni	пь) апи					
* Loan / Investmen	t in Propert	ty Venture	Funds								
3. Asset Liability Ma	nagement	- maturity	pattern c	of certain ite	ems of asse	ets and liab	ilities as on 3	31st March, 2	022		₹ in lakhs
	1 day to	8 days	15 days	Over one	Over 2	Over 3	Over 6	Over 1	Over 3	Over 5	Total
	7 days	to	to	month to	months to	months to	months to	year to	years to	years	
		14 days	30 days	2 months	3 months	6 months	1 year	3 years	5 years		
Liabilities											
Borrowings from Banks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Market Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Loan from Holding Company	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assets											
Advances	-	-	12	15 19	10 55	28 81	1293 27	982 23	303 73	442 61	3076 52
Investments	-	-	5 00	5 00	714 59	3 71	371 16	261 87	-	271 11	1632 44
Advances	- -	-							303 73		

^{26.3} The frauds detected and reported for the year amounted to ₹ Nil (Previous year ₹ Nil).

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

26 NBFC Disclosures (Contd...)

26	NB	FC Disclosures (Contd)		
		,	As at	As at
			31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
26.4	a)	Capital		
		i) CRAR (%)	97.79	98.13
		ii) CRAR – Tier I Capital (%)	94.95	97.04
		iii) CRAR – Tier II Capital (%)	2.84	1.09
		iv) Amount of subordinated debt raised as Tier-II capital (₹)	-	-
		v) Amount raised by issue of Perpetual Debt instruments (₹)	-	-
				35 2 1 11
			A4	₹ in lakhs
			As at	As at
	ل ما	Investments (Incl. Steels, in Trade)	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	D)	Investments (Incl. Stock - in - Trade) i) Value of Investments		
		(a) Gross Value of Investments		
		i) In India	1632 44	527 50
		ii) Outside India	1032 44	527 50
		(b) Provision for Depreciation	•	-
		i) In India	_	_
		ii) Outside India		
		(c) Net Value of Investments	-	
		i) In India	1632 44	527 50
		ii) Outside India	-	-
		ii) Movement of provisions held towards depreciation on investments	-	_
		,		
				₹ in lakhs
			As at	As at
			31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	c)	Derivatives		
		i) Forward Rate Agreement / Interest Rate Swap	-	-
		ii) Exchange Traded Interest Rate (IR) Derivatives	-	-
		iii) Disclosures on Risk Exposure in Derivatives		
		i) Qualitative Disclosure	-	-
		ii) Quantitative Disclosures	-	-
				₹ in lakhs
			As at	As at
			31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	d)	Securitisation		
		i) Financial Assets sold to Securitisation /	-	-
		Reconstruction Company for Asset Reconstruction		
		ii) Assignment transactions	-	-
		iii) Non-Performing Financial Assets Purchased	-	-
		iv) Non-Performing Financial Assets Sold	-	-
	۵۱	Appet Liphility Management Meturity nattern of cortain items of Appete and Liphilit	tion Defer note (26/2)/2)	
	e)	Asset Liability Management Maturity pattern of certain items of Assets and Liabilit	lies - Reiel Hole . 20(2)(3)	
				₹ in lakhs
			As at	As at
			31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
	f)	Exposures	J TOC MOI OIL, EVEL	0 10t Maion, 2021
	')	i) Exposure to Real Estate Sector - Refer 26 (2)(2)		
		ii) Exposure to Capital Market		
		i) Investment in quoted equity shares, Government Securities and bonds	180 00	24 97
		ii) Exposure to Venture Capital Funds / AIF	583 28	342 96
		• •	763 28	367 93

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

26 NBFC Disclosures (Contd...)

₹ in lakhs			
As at 31st March, 2021	As at 1st March, 2022	37	
- 0 13t Maron, 202	-	Details of financing of parent company products	J)
-	-	Details of Single Borrower Limit / Group Borrower Limit exceeded	
		Unsecured Advances)
-		Total amount of advances for which intangible securities such as charge over the riglicenses, authority, etc. has been taken as also the estimated value of such intangical collateral	
-	-	Registration obtained from other financial sector regulators)
-	-	Penalties imposed by RBI and other regulators	()
		Related party transaction - Refer note no. 22)
-	-	Ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year	n)
10	10	Remuneration of Directors and Transactions with non executive directors (Directors sitting fees)	,
-	-	Impact of prior period items on current year's profit and loss)
-	-	Revenue recognition has been postponed)
Refer note	Refer note I	Indian Accounting Standard 110 - Consolidated Financial Statements (CFS)	1)
40 17	40 05	Provisions and Contingencies - Refer note : 2, 7 & 19)
		Draw Down from Reserves	′
		Country of Operation is whole of India and there are no joint venture partners and Overseas Subsidiaries of the Companies	•
		Concentration of Deposits, Advances, Exposures and NPAs	1)
-	-	i) Concentration of Deposits	
		ii) Concentration of Advances	
3707 96	3075 43	Total Advances to twenty largest borrowers	
100	100	Percentage of Advances to twenty largest borrowers to total advances	
		iii) Concentration of Exposure	
3707 96	3075 43	Total exposure to twenty largest borrowers / customers	
100	100	Percentage of exposures to twenty largest borrowers / customers to total exposure	
-	-	iv) Concentration of NPAs	
-	-	v) Sector-wise NPAs	
-	-	vi) Movement of NPAs	
-	-	Overseas Assets (for those with Joint Ventures and Subsidiaries abroad)	')
-	-	Off-balance Sheet SPVs sponsored	v)
-	-	Customer Complaints	:)
		Note I : Exemption availed under Rule 6 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014	
As a	As at		
31st March, 2021	1st March, 2022		
0.00	0.00	Additional Ratios	
0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00	a) Short – term liability to Total Assets	
0.00 NA	NA	b) Short Term liability to long term assetsc) Commercial papers to total assets	
NA NA	NA NA	c) Commercial papers to total assets d) Non Convertible Debentures to Total Assets	
0.04	0.02	e) Short Term Liabilities to Total liabilities	
0.99	0.73	f) Long term Assets to Total Assets	
3,629.62	2,639.84	g) Liquidity Coverage Ratio : High Quality Liquid Assets / Total Net Cash	
	,	Outflow over next 30 days	

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2022

26 NBFC Disclosures (Contd...) 26.5 h) Assets Classification as per RBI Norms

As at 31st March, 2022

₹ in lakhs

Assets Classification as per RBI Norms	Assets Classificatio n as per INDAS 109	Gross carrying amount as per INDAS	Loss allowances (provisions) as required under INDAS	Net Carrying amount	Provisions required as per IRACP norms	Difference between INDAS 109 provisions and IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5=3-4)	(6)	(7=4-6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	3059 04	80 76	2978 28	12 24	68 52
Standard	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total		3059 04	80 76	2978 28	12 24	68 52
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	•	-
Doubtful upto 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	-	-	1	-
Subtotal for doubtful		-	-	-	•	-
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3	-	-	-	•	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc. which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and Provisioning (IRACP) norms	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Sub total		-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 1	3059 04	80 76	2978 28	12 24	68 52
	Stage 2	-	-			-
Total	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
	Total	3059 04	80 76	2978 28	12 24	68 52

₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021

Assets Classification as per RBI Norms	Assets	Gross carrying	Loss allowances	Net Carrying	Provisions	Difference between
	Calssicicatio	amount as per	(provisions) as	amount	required as	INDAS 109
	n as per	INDAS	required under		per IRACP	provisions and
	INDAS 109		INDAS		norms	IRACP norms
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5=3-4)	(6)	(7=4-6)
Performing Assets						
Standard	Stage 1	3707 96	18 54	3689 42	14 83	3 71
Standard	Stage 2		-	-	-	-
Sub total		3707 96	18 54	3689 42	14 83	3 71
Non Performing Assets (NPA)						
Substandard	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Doubtful upto 1 year	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
1 to 3 years	Stage 3	-	1	-	-	-
More than 3 years	Stage 3	-	1	-	-	-
Subtotal for doubtful		-	-	-	-	-
Loss						
Subtotal for NPA	Stage 3	-	-	-	-	-
Other items such as guarantees, loan commitments, etc.	Stage 1	-	-	-	-	-
which are in the scope of Ind AS 109 but not covered under						
current Income Recognition, Asset Classification and	Stage 2	-	1	-	-	-
Provisioning (IRACP) norms						
Sub total		-	-	-	-	-
	Stage 1	3707 96	18 54	3689 42	14 83	3 71
	Stage 2	-	-	-	-	-
Total	Stage 3	-	-	_	-	-
	Total	3707 96	18 54	3689 42	14 83	3 71

As per our Report of even date

For Khandelwal Jain & Co. Firm Registeration No: 105049W **Chartered Accountants**

Alpesh Waghela

Partner

Membership No. 142058

Date : April 12, 2022

For and on behalf of the Board

K. Sethuraman - Director V. Srikanth - Director - Director Jagannatha Kumar Jayashri Rajesh - Director Dhiren Dalal - Director B Chandrasekaran - Director

Suresh Jagannathan - Chief Financial Officer