#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of RELIANCE PROJECTS & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

(formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

#### **Report on the Audit of Financial Statements**

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of RELIANCE PROJECTS & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED( formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss, including the statement of Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, its Profit including Other Comprehensive Income, its Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing ("SA") specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

#### Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Management Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the Financial Position , Financial Performance including Other Comprehensive Income, Cash Flows and the Statement of Changes in Equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provision of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of the appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is
  sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement
  resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery,
  intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
  - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
  - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as appears from our examination of those books;
  - c) The Balance Sheet, Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account;
  - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the accounting standards specified under section 133 of the Act;
  - e) On the basis of written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2021, from being appointed as a director in terms of section 164(2) of the Act;
  - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements;
  - g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
  - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rules 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:

- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

#### For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration no. 101720W/W100355

#### Jignesh Mehta Partner

Membership No.: 102749

UDIN : 21102749AAAAJF3947

Place: Mumbai Date: 28th April, 2021

# "ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PROJECTS & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED (formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- i) In respect of its fixed assets:
  - a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
  - b) As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
  - c) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us and based on the examination of the registered sale deeds provided to us, we report that, the title deeds, comprising all the immovable properties of Buildings which are held in the name of demerged company from whom company acquired business undertaking under the scheme of arrangement approved by the National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench, vide its Order dated 5th September, 2019.
- ii) As explained to us, physical verification of the inventories has been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its inventories. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Consequently, the requirement of clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv) Company has not directly or indirectly advanced loan to the persons covered under Section 185 of the Act or given guarantees or securities in connection with the loan taken by such persons and has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments, loans, guarantee or security given, as applicable.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) The maintenance of cost records has been specified by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended, prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Act and are of the opinion that, prima facie, the prescribed cost records have been made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate
- vii) In respect of Statutory dues:
  - a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
  - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, goods and service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess on account of any dispute, which have not been deposited.

- viii) The Company has made payment due to the debenture holders during the period. The Company has not raised loans from financial institutions or banks or government.
- ix) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans have been applied for the purpose for which they are raised.
- x) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii) In our opinion company is not a nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with section 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act. Hence, clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

#### For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration no. 101720W/W100355

#### Jignesh Mehta Partner

Membership No.: 102749

UDIN : 21102749AAAAJF3947

Place : Mumbai Date : 28<sup>th</sup> April, 2021

## ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE PROJECTS & PROPERTY MANAGEMENT SERVICES LIMITED

(formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Financial Statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of **Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited** ("the Company") as of March 31, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference To Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With Reference To Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2021, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

#### For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration no. 101720W/W100355

#### Jignesh Mehta Partner

Membership No.: 102749

UDIN : 21102749AAAAJF3947

Place: Mumbai Date: 28<sup>th</sup> April, 2021

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

#### Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2021

	<b>N</b>		(₹ in crore)
	Note	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	9,013.73	5,270.47
Capital Work-in-Progress	1	8,914.91	348.67
Intangible Assets	1	16.83	7.36
Intangible Assets under Development Financial Assets	1	5,760.73	2,280.37
Investments	2	11.43	11.42
Other Non- Current Assets	3	15,911.90	1,478.77
Total Non Current Assets	J _	39,629.53	9,397.06
CURRENT ASSETS			
Inventories	4	18,474.12	12,949.90
Financial Assets			
Trade Receivables	5	3,319.90	4,857.51
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	25.14	32.27
Other Financial Assets	7	5,461.96	851.67
Other Current Assets	8	8,066.80	2,679.59
Total Current Assets	_	35,347.92	21,370.94
Total Assets	_ _	74,977.45	30,768.00
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	_		
EQUITY			
Equity Share Capital	9	100.00	100.00
Other Equity	10	449.12	169.05
Total Equity	_	549.12	269.05
LIABILITIES	<del>-</del>		
Non-Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Borrowings	11	51,758.61	14,797.38
Deferred Tax Liabilities(Net)	12 _	<u>-</u> _	195.21
Total Non-Current Liabilities	_	51,758.61	14,992.59
Current Liabilities Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables Due to:	13		
Micro and Small Enterprises	13	306.48	240.54
Other than Micro and Small Enterprises		4,613.11	7,493.55
Other Financial Liabilities	14	13,678.73	7,357.96
Other Current Liabilities	15	3,999.28	336.22
Provisions	16	72.12	78.09
Total Current Liabilities	10 _	22,669.72	15,506.36
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	74,428.33	30,498.95
Total Equity and Liabilities	_	74,977.45	30,768.00
gnificant Accounting Policies	=		

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

As per our Report of even date

For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No: 101720W/W100355

**Jignesh Mehta** 

Membership No: 102749 Date: 28th April, 2021

1 to 34

For and on behalf of the board

Hariharan Mahadevan Whole-time Director

Director

**Vivin Mally** 

Company Secretary

**Mayur Patel** 

Chief Financial Officer

Shivkumar Bharadwaj

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March'21

Date: 28th April, 2021

	Note	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
INCOME			
Income from Services		33,631.57	16,793.84
Value Of Services (Revenue)		33,631.57	16,793.84
Less GST Recovered		5,125.50	2,561.77
Revenue From Operations	17	28,506.07	14,232.07
Other Income	18	228.60	5.88
Total Income		28,734.67	14,237.95
EXPENSES			
Cost of Material and Services Consumed		30,092.40	9,073.88
Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progress	19	(6,009.73)	(6,687.68)
Employee Benefits Expense	20	1,701.15	789.44
Finance Costs	21	1,523.87	139.70
Depreciation/ Amortisation Expense	1	604.87	222.25
Other Expenses	22	775.43	10,308.56
Total Expenses		28,687.99	13,846.15
Profit Before Tax		46.68	391.81
Tax Expenses:			
Current Tax		-	16.78
Deferred Tax		(195.21)	78.77
Excess current tax provision for earlier year rever <b>Profit for the Year</b>	sea	(16.78) <b>258.67</b>	296.26
Other Comprehensive Income			
a) Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or L	.oss		
Remeasurement of Defined Benefit Plan		27.93	(25.95)
Income tax on above		(6.53)	6.53
b) Items that will be reclassified to Profit or Loss		-	-
Sub Total		21.40	(19.42)
Total Comprehensive Income		280.07	276.83
Earnings per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each			
Basic (in ₹)	23	25.87	55.89
Diluted (in ₹)	23	25.87	55.89
Significant Accounting Policies			
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 34		
As per our Report of even date		For and on behalf of the l	board
For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP		Hardi anan 88 1 1	Object and the Control of the Contro
Chartered Accountants		Hariharan Mahadevan	Shivkumar Bharadwaj
Firm Registration No: 101720W/W100355		Whole-time Director	Director
Jignesh Mehta		Vivin Mally	Mayur Patel
Membership No: 102749		Company Secretary	Chief Financial Officer

#### Statement for the Change in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2021

#### A Equity Share Capital

(₹ in crore)

					, ,
Balance as at 19th June, 2019	Allotment during the year 2019-20	Reduction during the year 2019-20	Balance as at 31st March, 2020	Changes during the year 2020-21	Balance as at 31st March, 2021
-	100.02	0.02	100.00	-	100.00

#### **B** Other Equity

#### **Reserves and Surplus**

	Capital Reserve	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income	(₹ in crore)  Total
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 19th June 2019	-	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the period	-	-	296.26	(19.42)	276.84
As per Scheme of Arrangement	(107.79)		-	-	(107.79)
Transferred to/(from) Retained Earnings	-	0.04	(0.04)	-	-
Balance at end of reporting period i.e. 31st March 2020	(107.79)	0.04	296.22	(19.42)	169.05
Balance at the beginning of the year i.e. 1st April 2020	(107.79)	0.04	296.22	(19.42)	169.05
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	258.67	21.40	280.07
Balance at end of year i.e. 31st March 2021	(107.79)	0.04	554.89	1.98	449.12

As per our Report of even date For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No: 101720W/W100355

Jignesh Mehta Membership No: 102749 Date: 28th April, 2021

For and on behalf of the board

Hariharan Mahadevan Whole-time Director Vivin Mally Company Secretary

Shivkumar Bharadwaj Director Mayur Patel Chief Financial Officer

#### Cash Flow Statement for the year 2020-2021

(₹ in crore
-------------

		2020-21	19.06.2	2019 to 31.03.2020
A: Cash Flow from Operating Activities		40.00		204.04
Net Profit before tax as per Statement of Profit & Loss Adjusted for:		46.68		391.81
(Profit)/Loss on Sale/Discarding of Assets (Net)	(0.07)		_	
Share of (Profit) / Loss of Associates and Joint Ventures	(0.01)		_	
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	604.87		222.25	
Effect of Exchange Rate change	1.42		3.46	
Net Gain on Financial Assets	(52.02)		-	
Interest Income	(165.77)		-	
Finance Costs	1,523.87	_	139.70	
		1,912.29		365.41
Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		1,958.97		757.21
Adjusted for:				
Trade and Other Receivables	(7,418.45)		(2,347.23)	
Inventories	(5,524.21)		(9,657.20)	
Trade and Other Payables	7,178.67	_	7,967.69	
		(5,763.99)		(4,036.74)
Cash Generated from Operations		(3,805.02)		(3,279.53)
Net Taxes (Paid) / Refunds	_	(62.13)		(48.47)
Net Cash from/ (used in) Operating Activities		(3,867.15)		(3,328.00)
B: Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
Purchase of tangible and intangible assets	(15,269.07)		(12,599.20)	
Proceeds from disposal of tangible and intangible assets	1.45		44.99	
Purchase of investments	(6,450.00)		-	
Sale of Other Investments	6,502.02		-	
Acquisition of Device rights	(15,226.54)		-	
Interest Income	0.40		-	(
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(30,441.74)		(12,554.21)
C: Cash Flow From Financing Activities				
Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings	70,423.04		34 049.07	
Issue of Equity Shares	-		0.01	
Repayment of Long Term Borrowings	(33,461.68)		(17,153.61)	
Repayment of Debenture	(0.13)		(0.20)	
Interest Paid	(2,659.47)	_	(980.80)	
Net Cash from Financing Activities	=	34,301.76		15,914.47
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(7.13)		32.27
Opening balance of Cash and Cash equivalents		32.27		-
	_			
Closing balance of Cash and Cash equivalents (Refer Note 6)	<del>-</del>	25.14		32.27
Change in Liability arising from financing activities				(₹ in crore)
-	As at	Cashflow	Other	As at
	1st April, 2020			31st March, 2021
Borrowings - Non Current (Refer Note 11)	14,797.38	36,961.23	-	51,758.61
	14,797.38	36,961.23		51,758.61
	As at	Cashflow	Other*	As at
D	19th June, 2019		,	31st March, 2020
Borrowings - Non Current (Refer Note 11)	-	16,895.46	(2,098.08)	14,797.38
		40.057.10	/a:	4
	-	16,895.46	(2,098.08)	14,797.38

<sup>\*</sup> Adjustments on acquisition of undertaking under Scheme of Arrangement

As per our Report of even date For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No: 101720W/W100355

**Jignesh Mehta** Membership No: 102749 Date: 28th April, 2021

For and on behalf of the board

Hariharan Mahadevan Shivkumar Bharadwaj Whole-time Director Director Vivin Mally Mayur Patel Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited ("the Company") is an entity incorporated in India on 19th June, 2019. The Company's centralises group support services and skills and competencies required for these services across group entities, their service providers and consumers. These include IT/ITES, manpower, project and property management, Erection, Commissioning and Installation. This allows the Company to leverage scale benefits and synergies, whereas the group entities benefit from collective bargaining power, while focusing on their respective business priorities. The Company operates sustainable business model on a cost-plus model for expenses or pay per use model for its assets. The registered office of the Company is located at Office-101, Saffron, Nr. Centre Point, Panchwati 5 Rasta, Ambawadi, Ahmedabad-380006 Gujarat.

#### **B.** Significant Accounting Policies

#### B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities.
- ii) Defined benefit plans plan assets

The Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

The Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees  $(\mathbb{F})$ , which is also its functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest crore  $(\mathbb{F}, 00,00,000)$ , except when otherwise indicated.

#### **B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### (a) Current and Non-Current Classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on Current/Non-Current classification.

An asset is treated as Current when it is -

- Expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle;
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- -Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle;
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading;
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

The Company classifies all other liabilities as non-current.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

#### (b) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total of the item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately.

Other indirect expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided based on useful life of the assets prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 except in case of Leasehold Land which is amortised over the period of lease and Connectivity Infrastructure assets which are amortised over the period of 15 years.

#### Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### (c) Leases:

The Company, as a lessee, recognizes a right-of-use asset and a lease liability for its leasing arrangements, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset.

The contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, if it involves the use of an identified asset and the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset and has right to direct the use of the identified asset. The cost of the rightof-use asset shall comprise of the amount of the initial measurement of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date plus any initial direct costs incurred. The right-of-use assets is subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment losses, if any and adjusted for any remeasurement of the lease liability. The right-of-use assets is depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date over the shorter of lease term or useful life of right-of-use asset.

The Company measures the lease liability at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date of the lease. The lease payments are discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease, if that rate can be readily determined. If that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company uses incremental borrowing rate.

For short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### (d) Intangible Assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Other Indirect Expenses incurred relating to project, net of income earned during the project developmentstage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre-operative expenses and disclosed under Intangible Assets Under Development.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the statement of profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets comprising of Software are amortised over the period of 5 years.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for intangible assetswith a finite useful life are reviewed at each reporting date.

#### (e) Cash and Cash Equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash on hand, cash at banks, short-term deposits and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

#### (f) Finance Cost

Borrowing costs include exchange differences arising from foreign currency borrowings to the extent they are regarded as an adjustment to the interest cost. Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

Interest income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period for which they are incurred.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### (g) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase and other costs net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

Cost of stores and spares, consumables are determined on weighted average basis.

#### (h) Impairment of Non-Financial Assets - Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets

The Company assesses at each reporting date as to whether there is any indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets or group of assets, called cash generating units (CGU) may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

An impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss to the extent, asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is higher of an asset's fair value less cost of disposal and value in use. Value in use is based on the estimated future cash flows, discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risk specific to the assets.

The impairment loss recognised in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

#### (i) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

#### (j) Contingent Liabilities

Disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of amount cannot be made.

#### (k) Employee Benefits Expense

#### Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

#### **Post-Employment Benefits**

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

The Company recognises contribution payable to the provident fund scheme as an expense, when an employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid. If the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

The Company pays gratuity to the employee who have completed five years of service with the Company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognized in the period in which they occur in Other Comprehensive Income.

**Employee Separation Costs:** The Company recognises the employee separation cost when the scheme is announced, and the Company is demonstrably committed to it.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### (I) Tax Expenses

The tax expenses for the period comprises of current tax and deferred income tax. Tax is recognised in statement of profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income or in Equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Equity.

#### Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the Income Tax authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

#### Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

#### (m) Foreign Currencies Transactions and Translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss except to the extent of exchange differences which are regarded as an adjustment to interest costs on foreign currency borrowings that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets which are capitalised as cost of assets. Additionally, exchange gains or losses on foreign currency borrowings taken prior to April 1, 2016 which are related to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are adjusted in the carrying cost of such assets.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was measured. The gain or loss arising on translation of non-monetary items measured at fair value is treated in line with the recognition of the gain or loss on the change in fair value of the item (i.e. translation differences on items whose fair value gain or loss is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income or Statement of Profit and Loss, respectively).

In case of an asset, expense or income where a non-monetary advance is paid/received, the date of transaction is the date on which the advance was initially recognized. If there were multiple payments or receipts in advance, multiple dates of transactions are determined for each payment or receipt of advance consideration.

#### (n) Revenue Recognition

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized when control of the goods or services are transferred to the customer at an amount that reflects the consideration entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The Company is generally the principal as it typically controls the goods or services before transferring them to the customer.

Generally, control is transferred upon shipment of goods to the customer or when the goods is made available to the customer, provided transfer of title to the customer occurs and the Company has not retained any significant risks of ownership or future obligations with respect to the goods shipped.

Revenue from rendering of services is recognized over time by measuring the progress towards complete satisfaction of performance obligations at the reporting period.

Revenue from cost plus contracts is recognized over time and is determined with reference to the extent performance obligations have been satisfied. The amount of transaction price allocated to the performance obligations satisfied represents the recoverable costs incurred during the period plus the margin as agreed with the customer. Contract revenue is recognised over time to the extent of performance obligation satisfied and control is transferred to the customer. Contract revenue is recognised at allocable transaction price which represents the cost of work performed on the contract plus proportionate margin, using the percentage of completion method. Percentage of completion is the proportion of cost of work performed todate, to the total estimated contract costs.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Performance obligations in respect of contracts is considered as satisfied at a point in time when the control of the same is transferred to the customer and where there is an alternative use of the asset or the Company does not have either explicit or implicit right of payment for performance completed till date. In case where there is no alternative use of the asset and the Company has either explicit or implicit right of payment considering legal precedents, performance obligation is considered as satisfied over a period of time and revenue is recognised over time.

Revenue is measured at the amount of consideration which the company expects to be entitled to in exchange for transferring distinct goods or services to a customer as specified in the contract, excluding amounts collected on behalf of third parties (for example taxes and duties collected on behalf of the government). Consideration is generally due upon satisfaction of performance obligations and a receivable is recognised when it becomes unconditional. Generally, the credit period varies between 0-90 days from the shipment or delivery of goods or services as the case may be. The Company provides volume rebates to certain customers once the quantity of products purchased during the period exceeds a threshold specified and also accrues discounts to certain customers based on customary business practices. Consideration are determined based on its most likely amount.

The Company does not adjust short-term advances received from the customer for the effects of significant financing component if it is expected at the contract inception that the promised good or service will be transferred to the customer within a period of one year.

#### **Contract balances:**

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional.

#### **Contract liabilities**

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

#### Interest Income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised using effective interest rate method.

#### Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

#### (o) Financial instruments

#### i) Financial Assets

#### A. Initial Recognition and Measurement:

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

#### **B.** Subsequent Measurement

#### a) Financial Assets Measured at Amortised Cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### b) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that represents solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### c) Financial Assets Measured at Fair Value Through Profit Or Loss (FVTPL)

A Financial Asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are measured at FVTPL. Financial assets are reclassified subsequent to their recognition, if the Company changes its business model for managing those financial assets. Changes in business model are made and applied prospectively from the reclassification date which is the first day of immediately next reporting period following the changes in business model in accordance with principles laid down under Ind AS 109 – Financial Instruments.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### C. Investment in Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company has accounted for its investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint venture at cost less impairment loss (if any)

#### D. Impairment of Financial Assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- (1) The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- (2) Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

For trade receivables the company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. The company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

#### ii) Financial Liabilities

#### A. Initial Recognition and Measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of borrowings, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in the Statement of profit and loss as finance cost.

#### B. Subsequent Measurement:

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method.

For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### iii) Derecognition of Financial Instruments

The company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognized from the company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### iv) Offsetting

Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the balance sheet when, and only when, the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the amount and it intends, either to settle them on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. Non financial assets and liabilities are offsetted when offsetting reflects substance of transactions or events.

#### (p) Earnings Per Share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year adjusted for bonus element in equity share.

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period unless issued at a later date.

#### C. Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next Financial years.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### a) Depreciation / Amortisation and Useful Lives of Property Plant and Equipment / Intangible Assets

Property, plant and equipment / intangible assets are depreciated / amortised over their estimated useful lives, after taking into account estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation / amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation / amortisation for future periods is revised if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

#### b) Recoverability of Trade Receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

#### c) Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. The carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and revised to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

#### d) Impairment of Financial and Non-Financial Assets:

The impairment provisions for Financial Assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward-looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

In case of non-financial assets company estimates asset's recoverable amount, which is higher of an asset's or Cash Generating Units (CGU's) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

#### e) Recognition Of Deferred Tax Assets And Liablities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses for which there is probability of utilisation against the future taxable profit. The Company uses judgement to determine the amount of deferred tax that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits and business developments.

#### f) Fair Value Measurement

For estimates relating to fair value of financial instruments refer note 27 of financial statements.

#### (g) GLOBAL HEALTH PANDEMIC ON COVID-19

The outbreak of corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company's operations and revenue during the period were impacted due to COVID-19. The Company has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of financial statements, including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information upto the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions.

#### 1. Property, Plant and Equipment

(₹ in crore)

						(\ III clole)						
		(	Fross block				Depre	ciation/ am	ortisation		Net block	
Description	As at 1st April, 2020	On account of Demerger	Additions / Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31st March 2021	As at 1st April, 2020	On account of Demerger	For the year	Additions / Adjustments	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
(i) Tangible Assets												
Own Assets:												
Buildings	1,342.53		1.63		1,344.16	142.97		46.42		189.39	1,154.77	1,199.56
Plant and Machinery	1,249.87		276.89	0.92	1,525.84	392.43		236.64	0.58	628.49	897.35	857.44
Equipment	2,797.68		4,034.43	0.93	6,831.18	125.01		238.21	0.03	363.19	6,467.99	2,672.67
Electrical Installations	574.85		12.32	0.00	587.17	186.25		58.57	0.00	244.82	342.35	388.60
Furniture and Fixtures	225.58		21.36	0.15	246.79	74.36		22.07	0.00	96.43	150.36	151.22
Vehicles	15.70		-		15.70	14.72		0.08		14.80	0.90	0.98
Total (i)	6,206.21	-	4,346.63	1.99	10,550.84	935.74	-	601.99	0.61	1,537.12	9,013.73	5,270.47
(ii) Intangible Assets												
Software	12.07		12.36		24.43	4.71		2.88		7.59	16.83	7.36
Total (ii)	12.07	-	12.36	-	24.43	4.71	-	2.88	-	7.59	16.83	7.36
Total (i+ii)	6,218.28	-	4,358.99	1.99	10,575.27	940.45	-	604.87	0.61	1,544.71	9,030.56	5,277.83
Previous year	-	2,856.02	3,377.51	15.25	6,218.28	-	721.64	222.25	3.43	940.45	5,277.83	
Capital Work-in-Progress						8,914.91	348.67					
Intangible Assets Under Development						5,760.73	2,280.37					

<sup>1.1</sup> Capital Work-in-Progress and Intangible Assets under development includes Project Development Expenditure ₹ 942.32 crore (Previous Year ₹ 52.87 crores)

Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021				(₹ in crore)
2. Investments - Non-Current		As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020
	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
Investment Measured at Cost In Equity Shares of Subsidiary Company - Unquoted, Fully Paid Up Reliance SMSL Limited of ₹10 each	50 000	0.05	50 000	0.05
Sub-total (a)		0.05		0.05
In Limited Liability Partnership  GenNext Ventures Investment Advisers LLP		0.11		0.09
Sub-total (b)		0.11		0.09
In Debentures of Subsidiary Company  Zero coupon Optionally Fully Convertible  Debentures of Reliance SMSL Limited of ₹ 10 each	1 12 72 583	11.27	1 12 72 583	11.27
Sub-total (c)  Total (a+b+c)		11.27		11.27
2.1 Category-wise Non current investment		As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020
Financial assets carried at cost		11.43		11.42

# Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

,		(₹ in crore)
3. Other Non Current Assets (Unsecured and Considered Good)	As at	As at 31st March, 2020
	<b>31st March. 2021</b> 71.76	61.48
Capital Advances		
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	110.60	38.22
Others *	15,729.54	1,379.07
Total	15,911.90	1,478.77
* includes prepaid rent and acquisition of device rights/IP		
		(₹ in crore)
3A. Advance Income Tax Assets (Net)	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
a) Income tax recognised in statement of profit and loss		
Current tax	-	16.78
Deferred tax	(195.21)	78.77
Excess current tax provision for earlier year reversed	(16.78)	-
Total income tax expenses recognised during the year	(211.99)	95.55
The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the account of the income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the account of the income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the account of the year can be reconciled to the year can	counting profit as follo	
		(₹ in crore)
	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Profit Before Tax	46.68	391.81
Applicable Tax Rate	25.168%	25.168%
Computed Tax Expenses Tax Effect of :	11.75	98.61
Expenses Disallowed	152.23	69.30
Additional allowances	(324.05)	(151.13)
Excess current tax provision for earlier year reversed	(16.78)	-
Others Current Tax Provision (A)	176.85	16.78
Suitent Tax 1 Tovision (A)		10.70
Incremental Deferred Tax asset on account of Property, Plant Equipment and Intangible Assets	(214.81)	91.97
Incremental Deferred Tax Asset / (Liability) on account of Financial Assets & Other items	19.61	(13.20)
account of Financial Assets & Other Items	(195.21)	78.77
Tax expenses recognised in statement of Profit and Loss Effective Tax Rate	(195.21) -	95.55 24%
		(₹ in crore)
	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
b) Advance Income Tax assets (Net)		
At start of the year	38.22	_
Charge for the year	16.78	(16.78)
Others	(6.53)	6.53
Tax paid during the year (Net of Refunds)	62.13 <sup>°</sup>	48.47
At end of the year	110.60	38.22

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

4. Inventories	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March, 2020
Stores and Spares Work-in-Progress	5,776.71 12,697.41	6,262.22 6,687.68
Total	18,474.12	12,949.90

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

5. Trade Receivables (Unsecured and considered good)	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March, 2020
Trade Receivables considered good	3,319.90	4,857.51
Total	3,319.90	4,857.51

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

6. Cash and Cash Equivalents	As at	(₹ in crore) As at
o. Casii and Casii Equivalents		
	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Balances with Banks :		
In Current Accounts	13.42	21.27
In Deposits*	11.72	11.00
Total	25.14	32.27

<sup>\*</sup>Fixed Deposits of ₹ 11.72 crore (Previous year ₹ 11 crore) are with maturity of more than 12 months. These deposits can be withdrawn by the Company at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal. Current year amount includes ₹ 0.72 crore towards interest accrued. Out of the above, lien has been created on the Fixed deposit of ₹ 10 crore towards the Bank Guarantee facility.

7. Other Financial Assets - Current		As at	(₹ in crore) As at
		31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Security Deposit		4,960.93	851.63
Others*		501.03	0.04
	Total	5.461.96	851.67

<sup>\*</sup> others include unbilled revenue.

		(₹ in crore)
8. Other Current Assets	As at	As at
(Unsecured & Considered Good)	31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Balance with Customs, Central Excise, GST and State Authorities	4,055.42	1,401.87
Advance to vendors	3,580.50	953.26
Others*	430.88	324.46
Total	8,066.80	2,679.59

<sup>\*</sup>includes primarily prepaid expenses and advance to Employees

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

#### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

9. Share Capital		As at	As at
		31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
Authorised Share Capi	ital:		
10,00,20,000	Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	100.02	100.02
	Total	100.02	100.02
Issued, Subscribed an Fully paid-up	d Paid-Up Share Capital:		
10,00,00,000	Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each	100.00	100.00
	Total	100.00	100.00

- (i) Reliance Industries Limited, the Holding Company, along with its nominees holds 10,00,00,000 fully paid up Equity Shares
- (ii) Entire 10,00,00,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each were allotted to Reliance Industries Limited without payment being received in Cash pursuant to the terms of the Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by the Hon'ble National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench vide its Order dated September 5, 2019.

### (iii) The details of Shareholders holding more than 5% shares :

		As at	As at
Name of the Shareholders		31st March, 2021	31st March, 2020
	No. of Shares	% held	% held
Reliance Industries Limited	10,00,00,000	100	100

#### (iv) Reconciliation of opening and closing number of shares

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021 No. of shares	As at 31st March, 2020 No. of shares
Equity Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	10,00,00,000	-
Add: Equity Shares issued during the year	-	10,00,20,000
Less: Reduction during the year	-	20,000
Equity Shares outstanding at the end of the year	10,00,00,000	10,00,00,000

Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to Equity Shares: The Equity Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

(₹ in crore)

# (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

10 Other Equity

(₹ in crore)

	31st M	As at March, 2021		As at March 2020
Instruments classifies as Equity				
Capital Reserve	(40= =0)			
As per last Balance Sheet Add: On account of Demerger	(107.79)		- (107.79)	
Add. Of account of Demerger	<u> </u>	(107.79)	(107.79)	(107.79)
Debenture Redemption Reserve				
As per last Balance Sheet	0.04		-	
Add: Transferred from Retained Earnings	-	_	0.04	
		0.04		0.04
Retained Earnings				
As per last Balance Sheet	296.22		-	
Add: Profit for the year	258.67		296.26	
Less:Transferred to Debenture Redemption Reserve		_	(0.04)	
		554.89		296.22
Other Comprehensive Income				
As per last Balance Sheet	(19.42)		-	
Add: For the year	21.40	<u>-</u>	(19.42)	
	_	1.98	_	(19.42)
Total	=	449.12	=	169.05

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

11. Borrowings - Non Current	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March 2020
Secured (At amortised Cost)  Zero coupon optionally convertible redeemable  Debenture of ₹ 1,000/- each	0.29	0.42
Unsecured (At amortised cost) Term Loans – from Related Parties**	51,758.32	14,796.96
Total	51,758.61	14,797.38

- i) The Debentures are secured by a first charge ranking pari passu with the existing and future charges in favour of the Debenture Trustees on the immovable property of the Company located in Village Lodhivali, Taluka Khalapur, District Raigad, Maharashtra.
- ii) The tenure of the Debentures is 20 years from the date of allotment i.e. January 2, 2010 and will be redeemed by the Company, at par, unless the Debentureholder opts for conversion.
- iii) The Debentureholders shall have an option to convert the Debenture amount outstanding into Equity Share of the face value of ₹ 10 each, at par, by giving advance notice to the Company.
- iv) The Debentureholders shall have a one-time option during the tenure of the Debentures to specify the date of redemption for each Debenture which cannot be altered under any circumstances by the Debentureholder making the aforesaid choice or by any subsequent transferee.
- v) Maturity profile for debentures is as set out below:

Year	2021 - 22	2022 - 23	2023 - 24	Beyond 2024
Zero coupon Debentures	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.09

<sup>\*\*</sup> Unsecured loans from related parties are interest bearing and repayable after 4 to 5 years.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Interest on above loan are ranging between 7% to 7.75%.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

12. Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March 2020
At the start of the year	195.21	_
Opening on account of Demerger	-	116.44
Charge/(credit) to profit or loss	(195.21)	78.77
At the end of year	<u> </u>	195.21

## **Components of Deferred tax Liabilities/(assets)**

				(₹ in crore)
	At the start of the year	Charge/(credit) to profit or loss	Charge to other comprehensi ve income	At the end of year
Deferred tax liabilities / (asset) in relation to:				
Property, plant and equipment	214.82	(214.82)	-	-
Carried forward loss/Adjustment	-	-	-	-
Provisions	(19.61)	19.61	-	-
	195.21	(195.21)	-	-

Deferred tax of ₹ 105.10 crore (expiry in FY 2027-28) on unused tax losses, ₹ 226.97 crore on unabsorbed depreciation has not been recognized.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

13. Trade Payables due to	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March 2020
Micro and Small Enterprises <sup>(i)</sup>	306.48	240.54
Other than Micro and Small Enterprises	4,613.11	7,493.55
Total	4,919.59	7,734.09

<sup>(</sup>i) There are no overdues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at March 31, 2021 for which disclosure requirements under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are applicable.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

		(₹ in crore)
14. Other Financial Liabilities - Current	As at	As at
	31st March, 2021	31st March 2020
Creditors for Capital Expenditure	56.53	45.34
Security Deposit	13,622.20	7,309.07
Other Payables	-	3.56
Total	13,678.73	7,357.96

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

15. Other Current Liabilities	As at 31st March, 2021	(₹ in crore) As at 31st March 2020
Advance from Customer Other Payables*	3,952.50 46.78	32.30 303.92
Total	3,999.28	336.22

<sup>\*</sup>Includes Statutory Dues and payable to employees

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

(₹ in crore)

16. Provisions - CurrentAs atAs at31st March, 202131st March 2020

Provision for Employee Benefits (Refer Note 20) 72.12 78.09

Total 72.12 78.09

The provision for employee benefit includes annual leave and vested long service leave entitlement accrued.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

		(₹ in crore)
17. Revenue from Operations	2020-21	19.06.2019 to
		31.03.2020
Disaggregated Revenue		
IT / ITES Support Services	420.02	717.48
Business and Infrastructure Support Services*	6,290.12	3,634.45
Manpower Services	128.79	98.06
Erection, Commissioning and Installation*	21,662.00	9,751.08
Others	5.14	31.00
Total (Net of GST)	28,506.07	14,232.07

<sup>\*</sup>Net of reimbursement towards certain subcontracting of expenses amouting to ₹ Nil (Previous Year ₹1,680.37 Crores) in case of certain cost plus contracts

Total

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

# Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

18. Other Income			(₹ in crore)
		2020-21	19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
Interest Income (At Amortised cost)	165.77	165.77	<u>-</u>
Other Non Operating Income		10.81	5.88
Gain on Financial Assets * Realised Gain	52.02	52.02	<u>-</u> _
<b>Total</b> * Income from assets measured at Fair Value T	- - hrough Profit	<b>228.60</b> and Loss.	5.88
19. Changes in Inventories of Work-in-Progr	ess	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
Inventories (At Close)			
Work-in-Progress	_	12,697.41	6,687.68
	_	12,697.41	6,687.68
Inventories (At Commencement)			
Work-in-Progress		6,687.68	-
•	<del>-</del>	6,687.68	<del></del>

(6,009.73)

(6,687.68)

Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

20. E	Employee Benefits Expense	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
	Salaries and Wages	1,478.78	567.91
	Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Funds	102.59	99.37
	Staff Welfare Expenses	119.78	122.16
	Total	1,701.15	789.44
	As per Indian Accounting Standard 19 "Employee benefits", the disclosures are given below:		
	Defined Contribution Plan		
	Contribution to Defined Contribution Plans, recognised as expense for the year is as under		
			(₹ in crore)
		2020-21	2019-20
	Employers Contribution to Provident Fund	45.53	45.20
	Employers Contribution to Superannuation Scheme	2.72	1.21
	Employers Contribution to Pension Scheme	24.51	20.22
ı	Reconciliation of Opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit obligation		
			(₹ in crore)
		2020-21	2019-20
	Defined Benefit obligation at beginning of the year	146.17	-
	Current Service Cost	20.05	24.70
	Interest cost	9.99	6.27
	From Transfer		90.99
	Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations due to experience variance	(27.93)	25.95
	Benefits paid	(7.44)	(1.74)
	Defined Benefit obligation at end of the year	140.83	146.17
Ш	Beautiful and Occasion and also in a belonger of fair value of also		
	Reconciliation of Opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		
	Reconciliation of Opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets		(₹ in croro)
-	Reconciliation of Opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 2019-20
-	Reconciliation of Opening and closing balances of fair value of plan assets	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 2019-20
•			` ,
•	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year	<b>2020-21</b> 89.25	` ,
-	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets		` ,
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss)		` ,
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets		` ,
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution	89.25 - - -	2019-20 - - - -
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year	89.25 - - -	2019-20 <sup>°</sup> - - - -
	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 -
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations	89.25 - - - 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations Fair Value of Plan Assets	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83	2019-20 - - - - 89.25 - 89.25 - (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17 56.92
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83 49.90	2019-20  89.25 - 89.25 -  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17 56.92
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account a seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet  Expenses recognised during the year in the Statement of Profit and Loss  Current Service Cost Interest Cost on Benefit Obligation	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83 49.90	2019-20  89.25 - 89.25 -  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17 56.92  (₹ in crore) 2019-20
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account of the deconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet Expenses recognised during the year in the Statement of Profit and Loss  Current Service Cost Interest Cost on Benefit Obligation Expected Return on Plan Assets	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83 49.90  2020-21 2005	2019-20  89.25 - 89.25 -  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17 56.92  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 24.70
* Ass	Fair value of plan assets at the beginning of the year Expected return on plan assets Actuarial Gain / (Loss) Employer Contribution Other Transfers* Benefits Paid Fair value of plan assets at the end of the year Actual Return on Plan Assets sets to be transfer from Demerged Company (Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited) on account a seconciliation of Fair Value of Assets and Obligations  Fair Value of Plan Assets Present Value of Obligation Amount recognised in Balance Sheet  Expenses recognised during the year in the Statement of Profit and Loss  Current Service Cost Interest Cost on Benefit Obligation	89.25 1.68 - 90.93 - of transfer of employee.  2020-21 90.93 140.83 49.90  2020-21 2005	2019-20  89.25 - 89.25 -  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 89.25 146.17 56.92  (₹ in crore) 2019-20 24.70

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

### V. Expenses recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI) for Current year

v. Expenses recognised in the other comprehensive modific (con) for current year		
		(₹ in crore)
	2020-21	2019-20
Actuarial (gain) / loss on obligations due to experience variance	(27.93)	25.95
Return on Plan Assets, Excluding Interest Income	-	-
Net (Income) / Expense for the year Recognised in OCI	(27.93)	25.95
VI. Investment Details		
		(₹ in crore)
	As at	As at
	31-03-2021	31-03-2020
Insurance Policies	-	-
% Invested	-	-
VII. Actuarial Assumptions		
	31-03-2021	31-03-2020

Mortality Table

ν

 Ultimate
 (Ultimate)

 Discount Rate (per annum)
 6.95%
 6.84%

 Expected Rate of Return on Assets (per annum)
 0.00%
 0.00%

 Rate of Escalation in Salary (per annum)
 6.00%
 6.00%

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by the actuary.

The expected rate of return on plan assets is determined considering several applicable factors, mainly the composition of Plan assets held, assessed risks, historical results of return on plan assets and the Company's policy for plan assets management.

VIII The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year will be in line with FY 2020-21.

### IX. Sensitivity Analysis

Siginificant Acturial Assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount trade ,expected salary increase and employee turnover. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on resonably possible changes of the assumptions occuring at end of the reporting period , while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of Sesitivity analysis is given below:

(₹ in crore)

	As at 31st I	March 2021	As at 31st Marc	ch 2020
Particulars	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Change in rate of discounting (delta effect of +/- 0.5%)	7.07	(6.53)	7.42	(6.85)
Change in rate of salary increase( delta effect of +/- 0.5%)	(6.61)	7.10	(6.93)	7.44
Change in rate of employee turnover (delta effect of +/- 25%)	(0.23)	0.22	(0.14)	0.13
Change in rate of Mortality ( delta effect of +/- 10%)	(0.01)	0.01	(0.01)	0.01

These plans typically expose the Group to actuarial risks such as: investment risk, interest risk, longevity risk and salary risk.

Investment risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated using a discount rate which is determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds.

Interest risk A decrease in the bond interest rate will increase the plan liability; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the plan debt investments.

Longevity risk The present value of the defined benefit plan liability is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the mortality of plan participants both during and after their employment. An increase in the life expectancy of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

Salary risk The present value of the defined plan liability is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the plan's liability.

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

21. Finance Costs	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
At amortised cost Interest Expenses*	1,523.87	139.70
Total	1,523.87	139.70

<sup>\*</sup>Interest Expenses are net of Interest Capitalised of ₹ 1,135.60 crore (Previous Year ₹ 598.34 crore).

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

## Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	(₹ in crore)
2020-21	19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
3.50	138.39
146.40	1,263.92
39.96	3,967.76
55.48	19.17
1.94	23.55
19.07	106.01
0.51	0.22
188.87	929.55
1.42	3.46
83.60	1,438.47
3.46	301.65
-	154.93
-	652.29
27.67	5.78
195.71	1,303.41
7.84	-
775.43	10,308.56
	(₹ in crore)
2020-21	19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
0.30	0.20
0.02	0.02
0.18	-
0.02	-
0.51	0.22
	3.50 146.40 39.96 55.48 1.94 19.07 0.51 188.87 1.42 83.60 3.46 27.67 195.71 7.84  775.43  2020-21 0.30 0.02 0.18 0.02

## 22.2 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

- a) CSR amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII thereof by the Company during the year is ₹ 7.84 cr. (Previous Year Not applicable).
- b) Expenditure related to Corporate Social Responsibility is ₹ 7.84 crore (Previous Year- Not applicable). Details of amount spent towards CSR given below:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	2020-21	19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
Promoting healthcare including preventive healthcare	7.84	<u> </u>
Total	7.84	

c) Out of note (b) above, ₹ 7.84 crore (Previous Year- Not applicable) is spent through Reliance Foundation, Implementing Agency.

Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited (Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited) Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

HOLO	s to the 1 manetal otatements for the year effact of st march 2021	2020-21	19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
23	Earning Per Share (EPS) :		
	Face Value Per Equity Share (₹)	10.00	10.00
	Basic Earnings per share (₹)	25.87	55.89
	Net Profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss		
	attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore)	258.67	296.26
	Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating		
	Basic EPS:	10,00,00,000	5,30,05,464
	Diluted Earning Per Share (₹)	25.87	55.89
	Net Profit after tax as per statement of profit and loss		
	attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹ in crore)	258.67	296.26
	Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating		
	Basic EPS:	10,00,00,000	5,30,05,464
	Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating		
	Diluted EPS:	10,00,00,000	5,30,05,464

### **Related Party Disclosures** 24

As per Indian Accounting Standard 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

List of Related Parties where control exists and Related Parties with whom transactions have taken place and the relationship: (i)

SNo.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship
1	Reliance Industries Limited*	Holding Company
2	Reliance SMSL Limited#	Subsidiary Company
3	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited^	, , ,
4	AETN18 Media Private Limited	
5	e-Eighteen.com Limited	
6	Greycells18 Media Limited	
7	Indiawin Sports Private Limited	
8	Kanhatech Solutions Limited	
9 10	Network18 Media & Investments Limited Recron (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	
11	Reliance Ambit Trade Private Limited	
12	Reliance Brands Limited	
13	Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited	
14	Reliance Eminent Trading & Commercial Private Limited	
15	Reliance Energy Generation and Distribution Limited\$	
16	Reliance Gas Pipelines Limited	
17	Reliance Global Energy Services (Singapore) Pte Ltd.	
18	Reliance Industries (Middle East) DMCC	
19 20	Reliance Jio Global Resources LLC Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited	<del> </del>
21	Reliance Jio Infocomm Pte. Limited	
22	Reliance Jio Messaging Services Limited	
23	Reliance Payment Solutions Limited	
24	Reliance Petro Marketing Limited	
25	Reliance Progressive Traders Private Limited	
26	Reliance Prolific Commercial Private Limited	
27	Reliance Prolific Traders Private Limited	
28 29	Reliance Retail Finance Limited	
30	Reliance Retail Insurance Broking Limited Reliance Retail Limited	
31	Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	
32	Reliance Universal Traders Private Limited	
33	Reliance Vantage Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Companies
34	Reliance Ventures Limited	
35	Reliance Retail Ventures Limited	
36	RIL USA, Inc.	
37 38	Surela Investment And Trading Limited TV18 Broadcast Limited	
39	Jio Futuristic Digital Holdings Private Limited	
40	Jio Infrastructure Management Services Limited	
41	Jio Internet Distribution Holdings Private Limited	
42	Reliance 4IR Realty Development Limited	
43	Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited	
44	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	
45	Den Networks Limited	
46	Hathway Digital Limited (Formerly Hathway Digital Private Limited)	
47	Den Broadband Limited	
48	Jio Digital Distribution Holdings Private Limited	
49	Jio Platforms Limited	
50	Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited	
51	Reliance Sibur Elastomers Private Limited	
52	Saavn Media Limited	
53	Reverie Language Technologies Limited (Formerly known as Reverie Language Technologies Private Limited)	
54	Surajya Services Limited	<del> </del>
		<del> </del>
55 56	Reliance Ethane Pipeline Limited  Reliance Petroleum Retail Limited	1
57	Jio Things Limited Jio Media Limited	
58 59	Reliance BP Mobility Limited	
60	Rise Worldwide Limited (Formerly known as IMG Reliance Limited)	
00	INISE MACHIGINE CHINEN AND WILL AS IND REHANCE CHINEN	

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

SNo.	Name of the Related Party	Relationship
61	GenNext Ventures Investment Advisers LLP	Associate
62	Reliance Industrial Infrastructure Limited	
63	Gujarat Chemical Port Terminal Company Limited	Associate Of Holding Company
64	Sikka Ports and Terminals Limited	
65	Ashwani Commercials Private Limited	Associate Of Fellow Subsidiary
66	Reliance Services And Holdings Limited	Associate Of 1 ellow Subsidiary
67	India Gas Solutions Private Limited	
68	Jio Payments Bank Limited	Joint Venture Of Holding Company
69	Football Sports Development Limited	
70	Marks and Spencer Reliance India Private Limited	
71	IBN Lokmat News Private Limited	
72	Ethane Crystal LLC	
73	Ethane Emerald LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary
74	Ethane Opal LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary
75	Ethane Pearl LLC	
76	Ethane Sapphire LLC	
77	Ethane Topaz LLC	
78	Vivin Mally (Date of appointment 26.02.2020)	
79	Mayur Patel (Date of appointment 19.03.2020)	Koy Managarial Parsannal (KMP)
80	Hariharan Mahadevan**	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)
81	Jayant Bhalerao (Date of appointment 18.02.2021)	

<sup>\*</sup>Became holding company during the year 2019-20 pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by NCLT vide order dated September 5, 2019, earlier it was ultimate holding company

#Became subsidiary company during the year 2019-20 pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by NCLT vide order dated September 5, 2019, earlier it was fellow subsidiary

^Ceased to be holding company during the year 2019-20 pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by NCLT vide order dated September 5, 2019

\$Merged with Reliance Industries Limited during the year 2020-21

<sup>\*\*</sup>From 19.03.2020 to 30.01.2021 as Manager and from 31.01.2021 as Whole-time Director

(ii) Transactions during the year with related parties :

()							(₹ in crore)
SNo.	Nature of Transactions	Holding Company	Subsidiary Company	Fellow Subsidiaries	Joint Venture of Holding Co./Joint Venture of Fellow Subsidiary/Associate of Holding Co./Associate of Fellow Subsidiary/Associate	Key Managerial Personnel	Total
	(Excluding reimbursements)						
1	Revenue from Operations	222.73 740.66	36.00 26.17	5,710.21 3,130.40	3.76 5.50	-	5,972.70 3,902.73
2	Professional fees	82.61 <i>414.5</i> 6	-	378.84 21.72	- 4.75	1.59 -	463.05 441.03
3	Hire Charges - Contracted Services	-	516.15 608.59	-	-	-	516.15 608.59
4	Net Unsecured Loans taken/(returned)	19,816.93 <i>10,793.18</i>	-	17,144.43 <i>4</i> ,003.78	-	-	36,961.36 <i>14,796.9</i> 6
5	Finance Charges Paid	1,542.64 <i>74</i> 9.97	-	608.69 148.73	-	-	2,151.33 898.70
6	Payment to Key Managerial Personnel	-	-	-		0.67 0.08	0.67 0.08
7	Rent	172.05 <i>4</i> .35	-	4,202.93 3,180.58	2.01 1.50	-	4,376.98 3,186.43
8	General Expenses	-	-	113.48 <i>6.7</i> 2	-	-	113.48 6.72
9	Sale of Asset (Net)	-	-	- 44.99	-	-	- 44.99
10	Cost of Material / Services Consumed	102.12 <i>51.44</i>	1,695.24 200.00	360.82 754.87	- -	-	2,158.18 1,006.31
11	Net deposits taken/ (repaid)	12,000.00	-	933.30 681.03	-	-	12,933.30 <i>681.03</i>
12	Net Prepaid expenses	- -	-	(989.81) 1,653.56	-	-	(989.81) 1,653.56
1	Balance as at 31st March, 2021 Share Capital	100.00 100.00	-	-	<u>:</u>	- -	100.00 100.00
2	Trade Receivables	3.90 27.23	10.60 26.37	181.66 <i>4</i> 9.16	0.53 4.78	-	196.69 107.54
3	Investments	-	11.32 11.32	-	0.11 <i>0.0</i> 9	-	11.43 <i>11.4</i> 2
4	Trade Payables	26.22 39.21	67.87 70.44	375.20 848.39	- 5.07	-	469.29 963.11
5	Unsecured Loans	30,610.11 <i>10,793.18</i>	-	21,148.21 <i>4,003.78</i>	-	-	51,758.32 14,796.96
6	Deposits Received	12,000.00	-	1,614.33 <i>681.0</i> 3		-	13,614.33 <i>681.0</i> 3
7	Advance from customer	-	-	3,950.69	-	-	3,950.69 -

Note : Figures in Italic represents Previous Year's amount.

(iii) Disclosure in Respect of Related Party Transactions during the year\*:

	Particulars	Relationship	2020-21	(₹ in crore) 19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
	Revenue from Operations			
	Reliance Industries Limited	Holding	222.73	740.66
	Reliance SMSL Limited	Subsidiary#	36.00	26.17
	Reliance SMSL Limited	Fellow Subsidiary#	0.60	0.75
	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited**	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	602.67	0.36 423.45
	Reliance Payment Solutions Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	3.11	24.94
	Reliance Jio Messaging Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.10	0.10
	Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	3,900.40	2,389.62
	Reliance Retail Insurance Broking Limited Reliance Jio Infocomm Pte. Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	6.00 2.12	8.00 1.56
	Reliance Gas Pipelines Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.88	69.15
	Reliance Global Energy Services (Singapore) Pte Ltd.	Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.30
	RIL USA, Inc.	Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.27
	Reliance Industries (Middle East) DMCC Recron (Malaysia) Sdn. Bhd.	Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.07 0.37
	AETN18 Media Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.03
	e-Eighteen.com Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	•	0.14
	Network18 Media & Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.05	0.14
	Greycells18 Media Limited (Current year ₹ 29947)	Fellow Subsidiary	0.00	0.01
	TV18 Broadcast Limited Indiawin Sports Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	0.15 0.06	0.46 0.20
	Reliance Brands Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.89	0.71
	Reliance Eminent Trading & Commercial Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.77	0.46
	Reliance Energy Generation and Distribution Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.09
	Reliance Petro Marketing Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.02
	Reliance Progressive Traders Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.55 0.25	0.43
	Reliance Prolific Traders Private Limited Reliance Retail Finance Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	0.25	0.27 0.03
	Reliance Universal Traders Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.38	0.03
	Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.36	0.42
	Reliance Ventures Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.36	0.42
	Kanhatech Solutions Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.25	0.15
	Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited Jio Futuristic Digital Holdings Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	953.48 0.01	203.26 0.03
	Jio Infrastructure Management Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	3.60	3.60
	Jio Internet Distribution Holdings Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.03
	Reliance 4IR Realty Development Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.35	0.08
	Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.07	0.04
	Hathway Cable and Datacom Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.41 0.01	-
	Den Networks Limited Reliance BP Mobility Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	3.19	-
	Jio Platforms Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	4.61	_
	Jio Media Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	7.28	-
	Hathway Digital Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.35	-
	Den Broadband Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.70	-
	Reliance Retail Ventures Limited Jio Things Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	206.27 0.01	_
	Saavn Media Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	2.26	_
	Reliance Sibur Elastomers Pvt. Ltd	Fellow Subsidiary	2.53	-
	Reliance Ethane Pipeline Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.21	-
	Jio Digital Distribution Holdings Private Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	-
	Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited Surajya Services Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	0.67 0.01	-
	Reverie Language Technologies Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	4.16	-
	Rise Worldwide Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.19
	Ethane Crystal LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.01
	Ethane Emerald LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.01
	Ethane Opal LLC Ethane Pearl LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01 0.01	0.01 0.01
	Ethane Sapphire LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.01
	Ethane Topaz LLC	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.01
	Marks and Spencer Reliance India Private Limited	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.03	0.71
	IBN Lokmat News Private Limited	Joint Venture Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.01	0.03
	India Gas Solutions Private Limited Jio Payments Bank Limited	Joint Venture Of Holding Company Joint Venture Of Holding Company	0.72 1.19	0.81 0.91
	Football Sports Development Limited	Joint Venture Of Holding Company  Joint Venture Of Holding Company	0.96	2.41
	Reliance Industrial Infrastructure Limited	Associate Of Holding Company	0.67	0.48
	Sikka Ports and Terminals Limited	Associate Of Holding Company	0.01	0.02
	Gujarat Chemical Port Terminal Company Limited	Associate Of Holding Company	0.02	0.07
	Reliance Services And Holdings Limited	Associate Of Fellow Subsidiary	0.06	-
2	Professional Fees Reliance Industries Limited	Holding	84.20	414.56
	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	-	0.59
	Reliance Jio Global Resources LLC	Fellow Subsidiary	56.26	21.13
	Jio Platforms Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	322.58	- 4.75
	Reliance Industrial Infrastructure Limited	Associate Of Holding Company	-	4.75
3	Hire Charges Contracted Manpower Reliance SMSL Limited	Subsidiary	516.15	608.59
4	Net Unsecured Loans Taken			
•	Reliance Industries Limited	Holding	19,816.93	10,793.18
	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidary	13,594.61	4,003.78
	Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited	Fellow Subsidary	3,549.82	-
5	Finance Charges Paid			
	Reliance Industries Limited	Holding	1,542.64	749.97
	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Fellow Subsidary	542.04	148.73
	Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited	Fellow Subsidary	66.66	-
				47

6	Payment to Key Managerial Personnel Vivin Mally Mayur Patel Hariharan Mahadevan Jayant Bhalerao	Key Managerial Personnel Key Managerial Personnel Key Managerial Personnel Key Managerial Personnel	0.20 0.35 1.35 0.36	0.02 0.01 0.05
7	Rent Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Retail Limited Reliance Universal Traders Private Limited Reliance Ambit Trade Private Limited Reliance Eminent Trading & Commercial Private Limited Reliance Eminent Trading & Commercial Private Limited Reliance Prolific Commercial Private Limited Reliance Prolific Traders Private Limited Reliance Prolific Traders Private Limited Surela Investment And Trading Limited Reliance Vantage Retail Limited Ashwani Commercials Private Limited	Holding Fellow Subsidiary Associate Of Fellow Subsidiary	172.05 4,104.03 3.08 4.42 36.19 28.14 7.16 15.73 0.30 3.88 2.01	4.35 3,097.47 3.06 4.07 29.55 24.38 4.96 13.93 0.14 3.02 1.50
8	General Expenses Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited Reliance Retail Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	113.48	3.12 3.60
9	Sale of Asset (Net) Jio Platforms Limited	Fellow Subsidiary		44.99
10	Cost of Material / Services Consumed Reliance Industries Limited Reliance SMSL Limited Reliance Retail Limited Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited	Holding Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	102.12 1,695.24 148.71 212.12	51.44 200.00 540.28 214.59
11	<u>Deposits Received</u> Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Retail Limited Reliance Retail Ventures Limited	Holding Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	12,000.00 893.30 40.00	- 681.03 -
12	Net Prepaid expenses Reliance Retail Finance Limited Reliance Retail Finance Limited Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	45.07 (866.70) (168.18)	1,653.56 - -

### Balance as at 31st March, 2021

1	Investments Reliance SMSL Limited GenNext Ventures Investment Advisers LLP	Subsidiary Associate	11.32 0.11	11.32 0.09
2	Unsecured Loans Taken Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited	Holding Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	30,610.11 17,598.39 3,549.82	10,793.18 4,003.78 -
3	<u>Deposits Received</u> Reliance Industries Limited Reliance Retail Limited Reliance Retail Ventures Limited	Holding Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	12,000.00 1,574.33 40.00	- 681.03 -
4	Advance from customer Reliance Retail Limited Reliance Retail Ventures Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Fellow Subsidiary	3,886.46 64.23	- -

### Compensation of Key Managerial Personnel\*

The remuneration of director and other member of Key managerial personnel during the year was as follows:

(₹ in crore)

		19.06.2019 to 31.03.2020
i Short-term benefits	2.17	0.08
ii Post employment benefits	-	0.00
iii Other long term benefits	0.09	-
iv Share based payments	-	-
v Termination benefits	-	-
Total	2.26	0.08

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Professional Fees towards Key Managerial Personnel payments reimbursed to Reliance Industries Limited.

<sup>\*</sup> Related Party transactions are shown Net of GST.

\*\* Net of reimbursement towards certain subcontracting of expenses amouting to Rs.3181.30 crore in case of certain cost plus contracts

# Became subsidiary company during the year 2019-20 pursuant to the Composite Scheme of Arrangement sanctioned by NCLT vide order dated September 5, 2019, earlier it was fellow subsidiary

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

## 25 Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

(₹ in crore)
As at As at

**31st March, 2021** 31st March, 2020

I) Contingent Liabilities

Outstanding guarantees furnished to Banks and Financial 173.04 729.48

Institutions including in respect of Letters of credit.

Guarantees to Banks and Financial Institutions against credit 90.90 -

facilities extended to third parties and other Guarantees

II) Commitments

Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on 46.23 68.39

Capital Account and not provided for

III) The Company had submitted a resolution plan in relation to Reliance Infratel Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Communications Limited) ("RITL", and such plan is referred as "Resolution Plan"). The Resolution Plan was approved by the 100% voting share of committee of creditors of RITL in March 2020. Further, the Resolution Plan was approved by the Mumbai Bench of the National Company Law Tribunal on December 3, 2020. Upon approval of the Resolution Plan, a monitoring committee has been constituted for supervision and implementation of the Resolution Plan, including satisfaction of the Conditions Precedent specified in the Resolution Plan. Currently, certain Conditions Precedent are in the process of being completed. The Resolution Plan contemplates that once the Conditions Precedent (specified therein) are satisfied, the Resolution Plan will be implemented and the payments will be made in the manner envisaged therein.

### Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

### 26 Capital management

The capital structure of the company consists of net debt (borrowings as detailed in note 11) and total equity of the company.

### 26.1 Gearing ratio

The net gearing ratio at end of the reporting period was as follows.

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Gross Debt	51758.61	14797.38
Cash and Marketable Securities	25.14	32.27
Net Debt (A)	51733.47	14765.11
Total Equity (as per Balance Sheet) (B)	549.12	269.05
Net Gearing ratio (A/B)	94.21	54.88

Cash and Marketable Securities include Cash and equivalents of ₹ 25.14 crore (Previous year ₹ 32.27 crore).

### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

### A.Fair valuation measurement hierarchy:

	As at	31st March, 2	021	As at 3	1st March, 20	20
Particulars	Carrying	Level of Inp	out used in	Carrying	Level of Input used in	
	amount	Level 1	Level 2	amount	Level 1	Level 2
Financial Assets						
At Amortised Cost						
Investments*	-			-		
Trade Receivables	3,319.90	-	-	4,857.51		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	25.14	-	-	32.27		
Other Financial Assets	5,461.96	-	-	851.67		
Financial Liabilities						
At Amortised Cost						
Borrowings	51,758.61	-	-	14,797.38		
Trade Payables	4,919.59	-	-	7,734.09		
Other Financial Liabilities	13,678.73	-	-	7.357.96		

<sup>\*</sup>Exclude Investments in Subsidiary & Associates ₹ 11.43 crore (Previous Year ₹ 11.42 crore) measured at cost.

All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

- a) The fair value of investment in quoted Equity Shares and Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.
- b) All foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate at reporting date.

The financial instruments are categorized into two levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; and

Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

### **B.Financial Risk Management**

The different types of risk the company is exposed to are liquidity risk, credit risk and market risk.

### (i)Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due, so that the company is not forced to obtain funds at higher rates. Maturity Profile of Borrowings is as set out below:

Particulars	2 to 5 Years	More than 5 Years
Borrowings	2 835 65	48 922 89

### (ii)Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due causing financial loss to the company. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments, deposits from financial institutions and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables.

### (iii) Market Risk

(a)Foreign Currency Risk
The company operates internationally and is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to USD, EUR and GBP.

Foreign currency risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities and future commercial transactions that are in foreign currency.

### Foreign currency exposure profile is given below:

(₹ in crore) As at 31st March, 2021 As at 31st March, 2020 USD EUR GBP USD EUR GBP Trade and Other Pavables 149.63 60.24 1.39 Trade and Other Receivables 0.00 (1.54) **58.70** Net Exposure 149.02 13.41 1.39

## Foreign Currency Sensitivity

	As at 3	As at 31st March, 2021		As at 31st March, 2020		
	USD	EUR	GBP	USD	EUR	GBP
1 % Depreciation in INR						
Impact on P&L	(1.49)	-	(0.00)	(0.59)	(0.13)	(0.01)
Total	(1.49)	-	(0.00)	(0.59)	(0.13)	(0.01)
1 % Appreciation in INR						
Impact on P&L	1.49	-	0.00	0.59	0.13	0.01
Total	1.49	-	0.00	0.59	0.13	0.01

Fluctuation in future cash flows of a financial instrument because of changes in market interest rates gives rise to interest rate risk. Fluctuation in fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument because of changes in market interest rates gives rise to interest rate risk.

The company's fixed rate borrowings are carried at amortised cost. They are therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in IND AS 107.

Interest rate exposure profile is given below:

		(₹ in crore)
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Borrowings		
Non-Current-Fixed	51,758.61	14,797.38
Total	51,758.61	14,797.38

(Formerly known as Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited)

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

28 The company is mainly engaged in the business of Project and Property management services. All the activities of the Company revolve around its main business. Accordingly the company has only one identifiable segment reportable under Ind AS 108 "Operating Segments". The Board of Directors (the chief Operational Decision Maker as defined in Ind AS 108-Operating Segments) monitors the operating results on the entity's business for the purpose of making decisions about resources allocation and performance assessment.

Revenue from two customer contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue for 2020-21 and revenue from a customer contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue for 2019-20.

### 29 Lease:

- (i) Short term lease payments and lease of low value items are included in rent expenses in Note 22.
- (ii) Lease rental are charged on the basis of agreed terms.
- (iii) Assets are taken on lease over a period of 3 to 10 years.
- **30** Details of loans given, investments made, guarantee given and securities provided u/s 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013.
  - i) Loan given as on 31st March, 2021 ₹ Nil.
  - ii) Investment made by the Company as at 31st March, 2021 (Refer Note 2).
  - iii) Guarantees given and securities provided by the Company in respect of loan as on 31st March, 2021 ₹ Nil.
- 31 Name of the company has been changed from 'Reliance Digital Platform & Project Services Limited' to 'Reliance Projects & Property Management Services Limited' w.e.f. 4th April, 2020.
- 32 To provide more reliable and useful information, the Company has changed the presentation of direct variable cost incurred on the execution of the projects / contracts under one head as 'Cost of materials and services consumed'. Earlier such costs were accounted under natural heads like rent, professional fees, etc under other expenses. The change in presentation has been accounted prospectively, as it is impracticable to allocate the direct variable cost pertaining to the previous year projects / contracts. Had the Company restated previous year figures, certain expenses accounted under natural heads under other expenses would be accounted under Cost of material and services consumed, with no impact on the total expenditure or on the profits for the period.
- 33 The Company has been incorporated on 19th June, 2019 thereby previous year represent the period from 19th June, 2019 to March 31, 2020, hence previous year figures are not comparable. The National Company Law Tribunal, Ahmedabad Bench, vide its Order dated 5th September, 2019 approved a Composite Scheme of Arrangement amongst the Company, Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited ("RCITPL"), Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited ("RIIHL") and other Companies ('the Scheme'), pursuant to which the Platform, Project and Services Undertaking ('Demerged Undertaking 1) was transferred from RCITPL on 1st September, 2019 (Appointed Date 1) and the Platform, Manpower and Services Undertaking (Demerged Undertaking 2) was transferred from RIIHL on 20th September, 2019 (Appointed Date 2), as going concerns into the Company.

### 34 Approval of Financial Statements

The Financial statements were approved for issue by the Board of Directors on April 28, 2021.

As per our Report of even date For Chaturvedi & Shah LLP

For and on behalf of the board

Chartered Accountants Hariharan Mahadevan Shivkumar Bharadwaj

Firm Registration No: 101720W/W100355 Whole-time Director Director

Jignesh Mehta Vivin Mally Mayur Patel

Membership No: 102749 Company Secretary Chief Financial Officer

Date : 28th April, 2021 51