Reliance Marcellus II LLC

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF RELIANCE MARCELLUS II LLC.

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **RELIANCE MARCELLUS II LLC.** (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company') which comprises of the Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 2015, the Profit and Loss Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records, safeguarding the assets of the Company and preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the company's preparation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st December, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other Reporting Requirements

We further report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid standalone financial statements.
- (b) The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the standalone financial statements.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W / W - 100018)

(Abhijit A. Damle) (Partner) (Membership No. 102912)

Mumbai, dated: 31st March, 2016

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

			Agot		In USD
	Note	31s	As at t Dec, 2015	31si	As at t Dec, 2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	1,000		200, 2010		200, 2011
Member's Funds					
Member's contribution	1	525,605,000		325,605,000	
Reserves and Surplus	2	(463,190,397)		(268,685,779)	
			62,414,603		56,919,221
Non-Current Liabilities	_				
Long Term Borrowings	3	295,050,000		467,582,104	
Long Term Provisions	4	5,066,937		5,066,829	
			300,116,937		472,648,933
Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables		572,449		4,529,308	
Other Current Liabilities	5	1,750,632		15,544,558	
			2,323,081		20,073,866
TOTAL			364,854,621		549,642,020
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Fixed Assets:	6				
Intangible Assets		263,136,897		372,196,209	
Intangible Assets under Development		98,820,432		171,209,586	
			361,957,329		543,405,795
Current Assets					
Cash and Bank balances	7	972,648		391,276	
Short-Term Loans and Advances	8	1,082,642		322,087	
Other Current Assets	9	842,002	2 00 7 202	5,522,862	< 22< 22
TOTAL			2,897,292 364,854,621		6,236,225 549,642,020
					=======================================
Corporate information and					
Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the financial statements.	1-23				
Hotes to the financial statements.	1 23				
As per our report of even date			For and on	behalf of the Boa	rd
For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants					
Abhijit A. Damle					
Partner Membership No. 102912			Director		Officer
Place: MUMBAI			Place: HO	USTON	
Date: 31st March, 2016				rch 31, 2016	

Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

			In USD
	Note	2015	2014
INCOME:			
Revenue From Operations (Net)	10	17,432,957	65,589,831
Other Income	11	2,321,429	124,832
Total Revenue		19,754,386	65,714,663
EXPENDITURE:			
Share of Operating Expenses in Shale Gas Operations	12	9,923,562	10,188,626
Employee Benefits Expense	13	308,564	399,688
Finance Costs	14	13,225,335	21,106,922
Depletion Expense	15	22,737,054	49,108,241
Other Expenses	16	168,064,489	227,278,825
Total Expenses		214,259,004	308,082,302
(Loss) for the year		(194,504,618)	(242,367,639)
Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies and			
Notes to the financial statements	1-23		

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Date: 31st March, 2016

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner Director Officer

Membership No. 102912
Place: MUMBAI

Place: HOUSTON Date: March 31, 2016

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

			2015		In USD 2014
A:	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	-			
	(Loss) for the year as per Profit and Loss Statement Adjusted for:		(194,504,618)		(242,367,639)
	Depletion Expense Impairment of Oil & Gas Properties	22,737,054 167,264,446		49,108,241 225,260,581	
	Loss on Sale / Discarding of Assets	482,892		148,269	
	Unrealized Gain on Derivatives (Net) Finance Costs	1,520,686 13,225,335		(1,197,144) 21,106,922	
	1 11111100 00000		205,230,413		294,426,869
	Operating Profit before Working Capital Changes		10,725,795		52,059,230
	Adjusted for:				
	Short-Term Loans & Advances and Other Current Assets	2,399,619		4,132,424	
	Trade payables and other current liabilities	(4,152,077)		(2,194,824)	
			(1,752,458)		1,937,600
	Net Cash from Operating Activities		8,973,337		53,996,830
B:	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
	Purchase of Fixed Assets Sale of Fixed Assets		(9,366,551)		(50,650,404)
	Net Cash (Used in) Investing Activities		73,242 (9,293,309)		2,881,160 (47,769,244)
α.	_		(7,273,307)		(47,702,244)
C:	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings		135,000,000		19,000,000
	Repayment of Long Term Borrowings		(253,000,000)		30,000,000
	Proceeds of Loan from Holding Company		259,400,000		(20,000,000)
	Repayment of Loan from Holding Company Finance Costs		(115,000,000) (25,498,656)		(20,000,000) (35,478,195)
	Debt Issuance Costs		-		(127,500)
	Net Cash Generated from / (Used in) Financing Activities		901,344		(6,605,695)
	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equival	lents	581,372		(378,109)
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents (re	fer note 7)	391,276		769,385
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		972,648		391,276
	Non Cash Item: Conversion of loan into member contribution during the year \$ 200,000,000 (Previous year \$225,000,000)				
	porate Information and Significant Accounting cies and Notes to the financial standards	1-23			
Ası	per our report of even date		For and on	behalf of the Boar	·d
For	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP				
Cha	rtered Accountants				
	nijit A. Damle				
Part			Director		Officer
	mbership No. 102912				
	re: MUMBAI		Place: HOU		
Date	e: 31st March, 2016		Date: Marc	en 31, 2016	

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies on Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

I. CORPORATE INFORMATION

- A. Reliance Marcellus II LLC (the Company) was incorporated as a limited liability company on 28 June 2010, under Delaware Limited Liability Company Act. The registered office of the Company is situated at 1675 S, State Street, Suite B, Dover, Delaware 19901, United States of America. The Company is engaged in the business of exploration and production of natural resources, primarily oil and gas from minerals properties, and related businesses.
 - The Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Holding USA, Inc. (the Holding Company). The Company is an indirectly wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Industries Limited, an Indian listed company.
- B. On 4 August 2010, the Company executed definitive agreements to enter into a joint venture with Carrizo Oil & Gas Inc. (Carrizo) and ACP Marcellus II LLC (Avista), an affiliate of Avista Capital Partners, under which the Company acquired a 60% interest in the existing joint venture's Marcellus Shale acreage position for \$340 million in cash and \$52 million of drilling carry obligations. The drilling carry obligations provide for 75% of Carrizo's share of development costs over an anticipated two-year development program. In addition, the Company will have to fund its share of the development plan. Carrizo conveyed 20% of its acreage and Avista conveyed 100% of its acreage. The Company held 60% of the acreage of the joint venture, the net acreage of which was 104,376 net acres. Carrizo (joint venture partner) is the operator, with 40% participating interest. In November 2012, the Company fully met its \$52 million drilling carry obligation.

II. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India (Indian GAAP) including Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis under the Historical cost convention.

The previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated, wherever necessary to conform to the current year presentation.

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known/materialized.

B. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized only when the risk and reward incidental to ownership are transferred to the customer, it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection. Revenue is recorded net of royalties, discounts, and relates

Revenue from sale of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids (NGL) is recognized when the risk and reward of ownership have been transferred, which is when title passes to the customer. This generally occurs when product is physically delivered and the customer has assumed the risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue from the production of oil and gas in which the Company has an interest with other producers is recognized based on the Company's working interest (the entitlement method).

Finance revenue is recognized as the interest accrues.

C. Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Profit and Loss Statement in the year in which they are incurred.

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies on Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

D. Fixed Assets and Depletion:

Intangible Assets under Development and Intangible Assets - Development Rights (Oil and Gas):

The Company has adopted Full Cost Method of accounting for its Oil and Gas activities and all costs incurred are accumulated considering the country as a cost centre. Costs incurred on acquisition of interest in oil and gas ventures and on exploration and evaluation are accounted for as Intangible Assets under Development. Upon a reserve being either 'proved' or deemed to be 'dry', the costs accumulated in Intangible Assets under Development are ratably capitalized to intangible assets in respect of 'proved' reserves. All costs relating to production are charged to the Profit and Loss Statement.

Intangible Assets - Development Rights (Oil and Gas) are depleted in proportion of oil and gas production achieved visa-vis proved reserves considering the estimated future expenditures on developing the reserves as per technical evaluation.

Oil and Gas Joint Ventures are in the nature of Jointly Controlled Assets. Accordingly, assets and liabilities as well as income and expenditure are accounted on the basis of available information on a line-by-line basis with similar items in the Company's financial statements, according to the participating interest of the Company.

E. Impairment:

An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value. Recoverable amount is the higher of net selling price and value in use. For the purpose of calculating the value in use, future cash flows emanating from proved, unproved and contingent reserves are discounted at differential rates calculated based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Holding Company.

An impairment loss is charged to Profit and Loss Statement in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

F. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past event(s) and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements and are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

G. Income Taxes:

The Company is not a taxpaying entity for federal or state income tax purposes, and, accordingly, it does not recognize any expense for such taxes. The income tax liability resulting from the Company's activities is the responsibility of the Holding Company.

H. Derivative Instruments:

The Company avails commodity derivatives for trading purposes.

Since the derivative instruments are not designated as hedges, the Company accounts for changes in fair value of open derivative instruments through the Profit and Loss Statement. The fair values are based on market quotes of oil and gas commodities published by the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX).

Realized gains/(losses) on transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement.

I. Leases:

Operating Lease rentals are expensed on a straight line basis with reference to the lease terms and other considerations.

1.	MEMBERS CONTRIBUTION				
					In USD
			_	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Contribution by Reliance Holding USA Inc.			525,605,000	325,605,000
	TOTAL			525,605,000	325,605,000
2.	RESERVES AND SURPLUS				
					In USD
		31:	As at st Dec, 2015	31s	As at t Dec, 2014
	Profit and Loss Account				
	As per last Balance Sheet	(268,685,779)		(26,318,140)	
	Add: (Loss) for the year	(194,504,618)		(242,367,639)	
			(463,190,397))	(268,685,779)
	TOTAL		(463,190,397)) -	(268,685,779)
3.	LONG TERM BORROWINGS				
					In USD
				As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Secured		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
Secured		<u> </u>
Term Loans from Banks (refer Notes 3.1 & 3.2)	-	116,932,104
Unsecured		
Loan from Holding Company (refer Notes 3.3 & 17)	295,050,000	350,650,000
TOTAL	295,050,000	467,582,104

- 3.1 On 9 May 2013, the Company executed a five year revolving credit agreement with a syndicated bank group (the Carrizo Credit Facility) which matures on 9 May 2018. The Carrizo Credit Facility had a maximum commitment of \$300 million. The Carrizo Credit Facility was held by mortgages on the company's oil and gas properties and related assets. As on 31 December 2014, the outstanding loan was \$118 million and the accrued interest was \$2 thousand. The loan has since been repaid and the facility closed on 22 December 2015.
 - Borrowings under the Carrizo Credit Facility attracted interest at the ABR or LIBOR (in respect to any Eurodollar borrowings) at the borrower's option. Interest was to be fixed at LIBOR or ABR plus the applicable Interest Margin.
- 3.2 The costs related to raising of the debt on issuance is amortized over the tenure of the debt. The unamortized portion of Nil as at 31 December 2015 and \$1 million as at 31 December 2014 has been netted off against the carrying values of related borrowings. The unamortized portion upon repayment of the loan in 2015 was fully charged off.
- 3.3 The Company borrows funds from the Holding Company @ 5.5% per annum interest as per loan agreement.

As at

31st Dec, 2015

Notes on Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

4. LONG TERM PROVISIONS

As at
31st Dec, 2014

 Decommissioning provision
 5,066,937
 5,066,829

 TOTAL
 5,066,937
 5,066,829

Disclosure under Accounting Standard - 29 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets":

Movement in De-commissioning Provision:

In USD

	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
Opening Balance	5,066,829	4,901,070
Add: Provision made during the year	108	165,759
TOTAL	5,066,937	5,066,829

The outflow on this count may arise over a period of 5 to 50 years upon decommissioning of the shale gas wells

5. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

In USD

		As at Dec, 2015		As at Dec, 2014
Interest Payable:	-			
- to Related Party (refer Note 17)	13,697		2,688,995	
- to Others	-	13,697	1,812	2,690,807
Other payables to Related Party (refer Note 17)		237,972		433,190
Creditors for capital expenditure		1,498,963		12,420,561
TOTAL	- -	1,750,632		15,544,558
	=			

6. FIXED ASSETS

										In USD
Description		Gross Block	k	•	Depletion		•	Impairment	t	Net Block
	As at 01-01-2015	Additions / Adjustments	As at As at 31-12-2015 01-01-2015	As at 01-01-2015	For the Year	For the As at Year 31-12-2015	As at 01-01-2015	For the Year	For the As at Year 31-12-2015	As at 31-12-2015
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)										
Development Rights (Oil and Gas) (Note 1)	487,776,928	21,504,702	21,504,702 509,281,630 106,535,503	106,535,503	22,737,054	129,272,557	9,045,216	9,045,216 107,826,960	116,872,176	263,136,897
Total	487,776,928	21,504,702	21,504,702 509,281,630 106,535,503	106,535,503	22,737,054 129,272,557	129,272,557	9,045,216	9,045,216 107,826,960 116,872,176	116,872,176	263,136,897
Intangible assets under Development (Note 1 & 2)										98,820,432

										GCO III
Description		Gross Block	k		Depletion			Impairment	t	Net Block
	As at 01-01-2014	Additions / Adjustments	As at 31-12-2014	As at 01-01-2014	For the Year 3	As at 11-12-2014	As at 01-01-2014	For the Year	As at 31-12-2014	As at 31-12-2014
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)										
Development Rights (Oil and Gas) (Note 1)	417,191,220	70,585,708	70,585,708 487,776,928	57,427,262	49,108,241 106,535,503	106,535,503	-	9,045,216		9,045,216 372,196,209
Total	417,191,220	70,585,708	0,585,708 487,776,928	57,427,262	49,108,241 106,535,503	106,535,503	•	9,045,216		9,045,216 372,196,209
Intangible assets under Development (Note 1 & 2)										171,209,586

ote: 1. Borrowing costs capitalized during 2015 were \$ 10.7 million (\$ 17.2 million in 2014).

2. Intangible Assets under Development are net of impairment of \$59,437,486 (\$216,215,365 in 2014).

7.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
		As at	In USD As at
		31st Dec, 2015	31st Dec, 2014
	Balance with bank	972,648	391,276
	TOTAL	972,648	391,276
8.	SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES (Unsecured and considered good)		
		As at 31st Dec, 2015	In USD As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Advance to Operator	1,054,902	-
	Others	27,740	322,087
	TOTAL	1,082,642	322,087
9.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
		As at 31st Dec, 2015	In USD As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Commodity derivative asset	-	1,520,686
	Revenue receivable	842,002	4,002,176
	TOTAL	842,002	5,522,862
10.	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS (NET)		
			In USD
	Sale of Products:	2015	2014
	Gas	17,432,957	65,589,831
	TOTAL	17,432,957	65,589,831
11.	OTHER INCOME		
			In USD
		2015	2014
	Miscellaneous Income	136,254	124,832
	Gain on derivatives (net)	2,185,175	
	TOTAL	2,321,429	124,832

			In USD
		2015	2014
	Midstream expenses	258,092	374,866
	Operating expenses	5,318,807	5,502,062
	Operator's general and administrative expenses	3,268,040	2,859,138
	Marketing expenses	16,230	28,655
	Production taxes	1,062,393	1,423,905
	TOTAL	9,923,562	10,188,626
13.	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
			In USD
	_	2015	2014
	Salaries and wages #	308,564	399,688
	TOTAL	308,564	399,688
	# represents allocation of expenses incurred by Holding Company, net of capitalization		
14.	# represents allocation of expenses incurred by Holding Company, net of capitalization FINANCE COSTS		
14.			In USD
14.		2015	In USD 2014
14.		2015 10,563,868	
14.	FINANCE COSTS		2014 17,935,532
14.	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses #	10,563,868	2014 17,935,532 3,171,390
14.	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses # Other borrowing costs #	10,563,868 2,661,467	2014 17,935,532 3,171,390
14.	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses # Other borrowing costs # TOTAL	10,563,868 2,661,467	2014
	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses # Other borrowing costs # TOTAL # includes expenses pertaining to transactions with related parties, net of capitalization	10,563,868 2,661,467	2014 17,935,532 3,171,390
	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses # Other borrowing costs # TOTAL # includes expenses pertaining to transactions with related parties, net of capitalization	10,563,868 2,661,467	2014 17,935,532 3,171,390 21,106,922 In USD
	FINANCE COSTS Interest expenses # Other borrowing costs # TOTAL # includes expenses pertaining to transactions with related parties, net of capitalization	10,563,868 2,661,467 13,225,335	2014 17,935,532 3,171,390 21,106,922

16. OTHER EXPENSES

		In USD
	2015	2014
Legal and Professional fees #	271,630	249,632
(Loss) on derivatives (net)	-	1,580,612
Geneeral expenses #	39,821	39,731
Operating Lease rentals (refer note 19)	5,700	-
Impairment Loss ##	167,264,446	225,260,581
Loss on sale of assets	482,892	148,269
TOTAL	168,064,489	227,278,825
		

including recharge of expenses incurred by Holding Company

An exceptional item

17. RELATED-PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) List of related parties where control exists and related parties where transactions have taken place:

Name of the related party	Relationship	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Holding company (control exists)	
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding company (control exists)	

(ii) Related-Party Transactions

			In USD
		As at 31 December	
Name of the related party	Balances as at year end	2015	2014
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Standby Letter of Credit given by	282,663	282,663
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Loan from Holding Company	295,050,000	350,650,000
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Other payable	237,972	433,190
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Interest payable	13,697	
			In USD
		Years end	In USD led 31 December
Name of the related party	Nature of Transactions	Years end	
Name of the related party Reliance Holding USA Inc	Nature of Transactions Guarantee commission	-	led 31 December
1 0		2015	led 31 December 2014
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Guarantee commission	2015 1,819,137	2014 3,782,125

18. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

		In USD
	As at 31	December
	2015	2014
ntingent Liabilities:		
ndby Letter of Credit	397,260	499,260

19. LEASES

The Company has taken premise on non-cancellable operating lease basis with tenor upto 01 November, 2016. The future minimum rentals are as follows:

		In USD	
	As	As at 31 December	
	2015	2014	
Later than one year and not later than five years	-	-	
Due within one year	19,000	-	

Lease payment recognized in the Profit & Loss statement in connection with the above for the year 2015 and 2014 are USD 5,700 and Nil respectively.

20. COMPANY'S SHARE OF PROVED RESERVES

	Proved Reserves (Million M³)		Proved Developed Reserves (Million M³)	
GAS:	2015	2014	2015	2014
Beginning of the year	6,464	6,693	5,346	4,805
Revision of estimates	74	539	(6)	1,309
Production	(523)	(768)	(523)	(768)
Closing Balance for the year	6,015	6,464	4,817	5,346

^{# 1} cubic meter $(M^3) = 35.315$ cubic feet, 1 cubic feet = 1000 BTU and 1 MT = 7.5 bbl

21. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is in the business of development and production of oil and gas from shale reservoirs in the United States of America. Consequently, there is a single business and geographical segment.

22. DISCLOSURE OF THE COMPANY'S INTEREST IN OIL AND GAS VENTURES (JOINTLY CONTROLLED ASSETS)

Name of the Unincorporated Joint Venture	Company's % interest	Partners and their Participating Interest	Country
Carrizo Marcellus Joint Venture	60%	Carrizo Marcellus LLC - 40% (Operator)	USA

Previous year's interests are same as current year.

23. IMPAIRMENT OF OIL AND GAS ASSETS

During the year, in view of indicators of impairment being the significant downturn in commodity prices and resultant slowdown in the pace of development, the Company proceeded to determine the recoverable amount. Given the intent to stay invested in the business, recoverable amount was determined basis the value in use, being the net present value of future cash flows emanating from the proved, probable, possible and contingent reserves, discounted at differential rates, calculated based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Holding Company. The impairment loss has accordingly, been recognized in respect of 'Development Rights', an intangible asset and 'Intangible Assets under Development' of USD 107,826,960 and USD 59,437,486 respectively. Since the Company follows Full Cost Method of accounting wherein the cost centre is not smaller than the country, value in use has been determined in respect of the Company's share of reserves in Carrizo in United States of America. For the purposes of discounting the future net cash-flows, discounting rates of 5% and 7% have been used in respect of 'Proved' reserves and 'Probable, Possible and Contingent Reserves' respectively.