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Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP

Independent Auditors' Report

TO THE PARTNERS OF RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM HOLDING LP.

Report on the Standalone Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM HOLDING LP.** (hereinafter referred to as 'the LP') which comprises of the Balance Sheet as at 31st December, 2015, the Profit and Loss Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The LP's Management is responsible for the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the LP in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Accounting Standards issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records, safeguarding the assets of the LP and preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the standalone financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the LP's preparation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the LP has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the standalone financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the LP as at 31st December, 2015, and its loss and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other Reporting Requirements

We further report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid standalone financial statements.
- (b) The Balance Sheet, the Profit and Loss Statement, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the standalone financial statements.

For DELOITTE HASKINS & SELLS LLP

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 117366W / W - 100018)

(Abhijit A. Damle) (Partner) (Membership No. 102912)

Mumbai, dated: 31st March, 2016

Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

					In USL
	Note	316	As at st Dec, 2015	31st	As at Dec, 2014
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	11010		, Dec, 2015	3131	. Бес, 2014
Partnership Capital					
Partners contribution	1	228,350,000		228,350,000	
Share of net income	2	535,552,925		652,464,550	
			763,902,925		880,814,550
Non-Current Liabilities					
Long Term Borrowings	3	2,644,682,251		2,367,464,380	
Long Term Provisions	4	28,222,211		23,856,504	
			2,672,904,462		2,391,320,884
Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables		29,904,779		28,834,453	
Other Current Liabilities	5	13,932,182		81,912,255	
			43,836,961		110,746,708
TOTAL			3,480,644,348		3,382,882,142
ASSETS					
Non-Current Assets					
Fixed Assets:	6				
Intangible Assets		2,730,926,389		2,488,794,979	
Intangible Assets under Development		676,923,566		784,885,629	
			3,407,849,955		3,273,680,608
Current Assets					
Inventories	7	194,366		294,817	
Cash and Bank Balances	8	777,501		2,620,999	
Other Current Assets	9	71,822,526		106,285,718	
			72,794,393		109,201,534
TOTAL			3,480,644,348		3,382,882,142
Corporate information and significant					
Accounting Policies and Notes to the financial statements.	1-22				
As per our report of even date			For and or	behalf of the Boar	rd
For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP Chartered Accountants					
Abhijit A. Damle					
Partner Membership No. 102912			Director		Officer
Place: MUMBAI			Place: HO	USTON	
Date: 31st March, 2016				ch 31,2016	

Profit and Loss Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

			In USD
	Note	2015	2014
INCOME:			
Revenue From Operations	10	405,525,781	776,857,703
Other Income	11	33,207,169	3,858,342
Total Revenue		438,732,950	780,716,045
EXPENDITURE:			
Share of Operating Expenses in Shale Gas Operations	12	188,104,832	183,776,219
Change in inventories of finished goods	13	100,451	(28,762)
Employee Benefits Expense	14	1,504,160	1,751,886
Finance Costs	15	95,894,447	97,685,560
Depletion Expense	16	269,486,879	240,757,277
Other Expenses	17	553,806	639,425
Total Expenses		555,644,575	524,581,605
(Loss)/ Profit for the year		(116,911,625)	256,134,440
Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to the financial statements	1-22		

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner Director Officer
Membership No. 102912

Place: MUMBAI
Date: 31st March, 2016

Place: HOUSTON
Date: March 31,2016

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 December 2015

			2015		In USD
A:	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		2015		2014
	Net (Loss)/Profit for the year as per Profit and				
	Loss Statement		(116,911,625)		256,134,440
	Adjusted for: Depletion Expense	269,486,879		240,757,277	
	Unrealized Gain on Derivatives (Net)	(10,326,878)		(1,252,684)	
	Interest Income	(32,739)		(17,177)	
	Finance Costs	95,894,447	255 021 500	97,685,560	225 152 25
			355,021,709		337,172,976
	Operating Profit before		229 110 094		502 207 416
	Working Capital Changes Adjusted for:		238,110,084		593,307,416
	Short-Term Loans & Advances and				
	Other Current Assets	44,790,071		16,023,720	
	Inventories	100,451		(28,762) 1,608,837	
	Trade payables and other current liabilities	(1,110,825)	43,779,697		17,603,795
	Net Cash from Operating Activities		281,889,781		610,911,211
B:	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
ь.	Purchase of Fixed Assets		(400,647,490)		(535,317,367)
	Interest Income		32,739		17,177
	Net Cash / (Used in) Investing Activities		(400,614,751)		(535,300,190)
C:	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	Proceeds from Long Term Borrowings		1,233,500,000		205,000,000
	Repayment of Long Term Borrowings Finance Costs		(960,000,000) (156,618,528)		(177,000,000) (102,858,276)
	Debt Issuance Costs		(130,010,320)		(1,008,225)
	Net Cash Generated from / (Used in)				
	Financing Activities		116,881,472		(75,866,501)
	Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(1,843,498)		(255,480)
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		2,620,999		2,876,479
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents				
	(refer note 8)		777,501		2,620,999
Cor	porate Information and				
	uificant Accounting Policies and				
Not	es to the financial statements 1-22				
As ₁	per our report of even date		For and on	behalf of the Boar	rd
	Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP rtered Accountants				
Abl Part	nijit A. Damle		D		Off:
	ner nbership No. 102912		Director		Officer
	-		DI 1101	ICTON	
	e: MUMBAI e: 31st March, 2016		Place: HOU Date: Marc		
Dat	o. o. maion, 2010		Date: Marc	11 51,2010	

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies on Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

I. CORPORATE INFORMATION

A. Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP (the "Partnership", "LP") was formed as a Texas limited liability partnership on 17 June 2010, in the United States. The principal office of the LP is situated at 2000 W. Sam Houston Parkway S, Houston, Texas 77042. The LP is engaged in the business of exploration and production of natural resources, primarily oil and gas from minerals properties, and related businesses. The LP is composed of two partner companies listed in the table below. The LP's ultimate parent is Reliance Industries Limited, an Indian listed company.

Company	Country of Incorporation	Percentage Ownership	Principal Business Activities
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	USA	99.99	Exploration and production of oil and gas
Reliance Eagleford Upstream GP LLC	USA	0.01	Exploration and production of oil and gas

Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC and Reliance Eagleford Upstream GP LLC are, respectively, the limited partner and general partner. Reliance Holding USA Inc. is the holding company of the limited partner and general partner (the "Holding Company").

B. On 23 June 2010, the LP executed definitive agreements to enter into a joint venture with Pioneer Natural Resources USA, Inc. (Pioneer) under which the LP acquired a 45% interest in Pioneer's core Eagle Ford Shale acreage position in two separate transactions for a total of \$264 million cash and \$1.05 billion of drilling carry obligations. The drilling carry obligations provided for 75% of the other joint venture partners' capital costs over an anticipated six-year development program. In addition, the LP will have to fund its share of the development plan. Pioneer and Newpek LLC, Pioneer's then-current partner in the Eagle Ford Shale, simultaneously conveyed 45% of their respective interests in the Eagle Ford Shale to the LP. The LP became a partner in 262,683 net acres. Pioneer continues to be the operator, with 46.354% participating interest. In December 2012, the entire \$1.05 billion drilling carry obligation was fulfilled.

II. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of the LP have been prepared in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India (Indian GAAP) including Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements are prepared on accrual basis under the Historical cost convention.

The previous year figures have been regrouped / reclassified / restated, wherever necessary to conform to the current year presentation.

III. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Use of Estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Indian GAAP requires judgements, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known/ materialized.

B. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized only when the risk and reward incidental to ownership are transferred to the customer, it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection. Revenue is recorded net of royalties, discounts, and rebates.

Revenue from sale of oil, natural gas and natural gas liquids (NGL) is recognized when the risk and reward of ownership have been transferred, which is when title passes to the customer. This generally occurs when product is physically delivered and the customer has assumed the risks and rewards of ownership. Revenue from the production of oil and gas in which the LP has an interest with other producers is recognized based on the LP's working interest (the entitlement method).

Finance revenue is recognized as the interest accrues.

C. Borrowing Costs:

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalized as a part of cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its

Corporate Information and Significant Accounting Policies on Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2015

intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Profit and Loss Statement in the year in which they are incurred.

D. Inventories:

Inventories of crude oil are stated at lower of cost and net realizable value. The net realizable value of crude oil is based on estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale, at the balance sheet date.

E. Fixed Assets and Depletion:

Intangible Assets under Development and Intangible Assets - Development Rights (Oil and Gas):

The LP has adopted Full Cost Method of accounting for its Oil and Gas activities and all costs incurred are accumulated considering the country as a cost centre. Costs incurred on acquisition of interest in oil and gas ventures and on exploration and evaluation are accounted for as Intangible Assets under Development. Upon a reserve being either 'proved' or deemed to be 'dry', the costs accumulated in Intangible Assets under Development are ratably capitalized to intangible assets in respect of 'proved' reserves. All costs relating to production are charged to the Profit and Loss Statement.

Intangible Assets - Development Rights (Oil and Gas) are depleted in proportion of oil and gas production achieved visà-vis proved reserves considering the estimated future expenditures on developing the reserves as per technical evaluation.

Oil and Gas Joint Ventures are in the nature of Jointly Controlled Assets. Accordingly, assets and liabilities as well as income and expenditure are accounted on the basis of available information on a line-by-line basis with similar items in the LP's financial statements, according to the participating interest of the LP.

F. Impairment:

An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value. Recoverable amount is the higher of net selling price and value in use. For the purpose of calculating the value in use, future cash flows emanating from proved, unproved and contingent reserves are discounted at differential rates calculated based on the weighted average cost of capital of the Holding Company.

An impairment loss is charged to Profit and Loss Statement in the year in which an asset is identified as impaired. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting period is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount.

G. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provision is recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of past event(s) and it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are not discounted to their present value and are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements and are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote.

Contingent assets are neither recognized nor disclosed in the financial statements.

H. Income Taxes:

The LP is not a taxpaying entity for federal or state income tax purposes, and, accordingly, it does not recognize any expense for such taxes. The income tax liability resulting from the LP's activities is the responsibility of the Holding Company.

I. Derivative Instruments:

The LP avails commodity derivatives for trading purposes.

Since the derivative instruments are not designated as hedges, the LP accounts for changes in fair value of open derivative instruments through the Profit and Loss Statement. The fair values are based on market quotes of oil and gas commodities published by the New York Mercantile Exchange (NYMEX).

Realized gains/(losses) on transactions settled during the year are recognized in the Profit and Loss Statement.

1.	PARTNERS CONTRIBUTION				L. UCD
				As at 31st Dec, 2015	In USD As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Partners Contributions:		-		
	Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC			228,327,165	228,327,165
	Reliance Eagleford Upstream GP LLC			22,835	22,835
	TOTAL			228,350,000	228,350,000
2.	SHARE OF NET INCOME				
		31s	As at t Dec, 2015	31s	In USD As at at Dec, 2014
	Profit and Loss Account			-	
	As per last Balance Sheet	652,464,550		396,330,110	
	Add: (Loss) / Profit for the year	(116,911,625)		256,134,440	
			535,552,925		652,464,550
	TOTAL		535,552,925	- 	652,464,550
3.	LONG TERM BORROWINGS				
					In USD
				As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Secured		-		
	Term Loans from Banks (refer Notes 3.1 & 3.2)			-	550,282,129
	Unsecured				
	Loan from Partner (refer Note 3.3 & 18)			2,644,682,251	1,817,182,251
	TOTAL			2,644,682,251	2,367,464,380

- 3.1 On October 19, 2012, the LP executed a five-year revolving credit agreement with a syndicated bank group (the Pioneer Credit Facility) which matures on 19 October 2017. The Pioneer Credit Facility had a maximum commitment of \$1 billion. The Pioneer Credit Facility was held by mortgages on the LP's oil and gas properties and related assets. As on 31 December 2014, the outstanding loan was \$554 million and the accrued interest was Nil. The loan has been repaid and the facility closed on 22 December 2015.
 - Borrowings under the Pioneer Credit Facility attracted interest at the Alternative Base Rate (ABR) or LIBOR (in respect to any Eurodollar borrowings) at the borrower's option. Interest was fixed at LIBOR or ABR plus the Applicable Interest Margin. The ABR is defined as the higher of the prime rate or the sum of the Federal Funds effective rate plus 0.5%. The LIBOR rate is defined as the applicable British Bankers' Association London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) for deposits in U.S. Dollars.
- 3.2 The costs related to raising of the debt on issuance is amortized over the tenure of the debt. The unamortized portion of Nil as at 31 December 2015 and \$ 4 million as at 31 December 2014 has been netted off against the carrying values of related borrowings. The unamortized portion upon repayment of the loan in 2015 was fully charged off.
- 3.3 The LP borrows funds from the Holding Company @ 5.5% per annum interest as per loan agreement.

4. LONG TERM PROVISIONS

In USD

	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
Decommissioning provision	28,222,211	23,856,504
TOTAL	28,222,211	23,856,504

Disclosure under Accounting Standard - 29 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets":

Movement in De-commissioning Provision:

	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
Opening Balance	23,856,504	18,428,874
Add: Provision made during the year	4,365,707	5,427,630
	28,222,211	23,856,504

The outflow on this count may arise over a period of 5 to 50 years upon decommissioning of the shale gas wells.

5. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

		In USD
	As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
Interest payable to Related Party (refer Note 18)	49,745	26,258,472
Other payables to Related Party (refer Note 18)	573,661	2,754,812
Creditors for capital expenditure	13,308,776	52,898,971
TOTAL	13,932,182	81,912,255

6. FIXED ASSETS

In USD

Description		Gross Block		Depletion			Net Block
	As at 01-01-2015	Additions / Adjustments	As at 31-12-2015	As at 01-01-2015	For the Year	As at 31-12-2015	As at 31-12-2015
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)							
Development Rights (Oil and Gas) (Note 1)	3,208,785,514	511,618,289	3,720,403,803	719,990,535	269,486,879	989,477,414	2,730,926,389
Total	3,208,785,514	511,618,289	3,720,403,803	719,990,535	269,486,879	989,477,414	2,730,926,389
Intangible assets under Development (Note 1)							676,923,566

In USD

Description	Gross Block Depletion				Net Block		
	As at 01-01-2015	Additions / Adjustments	As at 31-12-2015	As at 01-01-2015	For the Year	As at 31-12-2015	As at 31-12-2015
INTANGIBLE ASSETS (Other than internally generated)							
Development Rights (Oil and Gas) (Note 1)	2,628,202,058	580,583,456	3,208,785,514	479,233,258	240,757,277	719,990,535	2,488,794,979
Total	2,628,202,058	580,583,456	3,208,785,514	479,233,258	240,757,277	719,990,535	2,488,794,979
Intangible assets under Development (Note 1)							784,885,629

Note: 1. Borrowing costs capitalized during 2015 were \$ 38.2 million (\$ 31.8 million in 2014).

7.	INVENTORIES		In USD
		As at	As at
		31st Dec, 2015	31st Dec, 2014
	Finished goods	194,366	294,817
	TOTAL	194,366	294,817
8.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
			In USD
		As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Balance with bank	777,501	2,620,999
	TOTAL	777,501	2,620,999
9.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
			In USD
		As at 31st Dec, 2015	As at 31st Dec, 2014
	Commodity derivative asset	11,311,038	984,159
	Revenue receivable	60,475,904	105,301,559
	Others	35,584	-
	TOTAL	71,822,526	106,285,718
10.	REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
		2015	In USD
	Sale of Products:		2014
	Gas	91,817,135	137,984,314
	Natural Gas Liquids (NGL)	56,342,917	122,969,177
	Condensate	257,365,729	515,904,212
	TOTAL	405,525,781	776,857,703
11.	OTHER INCOME		
			In USD
		2015	2014
	Interest Income	32,739	17,177
	Gain on derivatives (net)	33,174,430	3,841,165
	TOTAL	33,207,169	3,858,342

12. SH	HARE OF OPERATING EXPENSES IN SHALE GAS OPERATIONS		
			In USD
	_	2015	2014
Op	perating expenses	170,290,792	153,981,102
Pro	oduction taxes	17,814,040	29,795,117
TO	OTAL	188,104,832	183,776,219
13. CH	HANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS		
			In USD
		2015	2014
Inv	ventories (at close)		
Fir	nished goods	194,366	294,817
Le	ess: Inventories (at commencement)		
Fin	nished goods	294,817	266,055
TO	OTAL	100,451	(28,762)
14. EN	MPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE		
			In USD
	_	2015	2014
Sal	laries and wages #	1,504,160	1,751,886
TC	DTAL	1,504,160	1,751,886
# r	represents allocation of expenses incurred by Holding Company, net of capitalization	l	
15. FII	NANCE COSTS		
			In USD
	_	2015	2014
Int	terest expenses #	81,366,015	84,983,602
Otl	her borrowing costs #	14,528,432	12,701,958
TC	DTAL	95,894,447	97,685,560

[#] includes expenses pertaining to transaction with related parties, net of capitalization.

16.	DEPLETION EXPENSE		
			In USD
		2015	2014
	Depletion of development rights	269,486,879	240,757,277
	TOTAL	269,486,879	240,757,277
17.	OTHER EXPENSES		L HCD
			In USD
		2015	2014
	Legal and Professional fees #	478,610	563,439
	General expenses #	75,196	75,986
	General expenses "		

[#] includes recharge of expenses incurred by Holding company

18. RELATED-PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) List of related parties where control exists and related parties where transactions have taken place:

Name of the related party	Relationship		
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Holding company (control exists)		
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate holding company (control exists)		
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	Partner		

(ii)

Related-Party Transactions				
			In USD	
		As at 31 December		
Name of the related party	Balances as at year end	2015	2014	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Standby Letter of Credit	30,000,000	-	
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	Interest payable	49,745	26,258,472	
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	Loan from partner	2,644,682,251	1,817,182,251	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Other payable	573,661	2,746,262	
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	Other payable	-	8,550	
			In USD	
		Year ended 31 December		
Name of the related party	Nature of Transactions	2015	2014	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Guarantee commission	10,798,788	11,526,750	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Allocated salaries and wages	2,790,123	3,095,765	
Reliance Eagleford Upstream LLC	Interest expense	103,592,350	105,907,175	
Reliance Holding USA Inc	Other costs	443,409	671,534	

19. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

In USD

As at 31 December 2015 2014

Contingent Liabilities:

Commitment to EFS Midstream LLC

30,000,000

20. PARTNERSHIP'S SHARE OF PROVED RESERVES

				Developed Reserves Million MT)	
OIL:	2015	2014	2015	2014	
Beginning of the year	23.50	20.50	7.44	6.07	
Revision of estimates	(0.86)	4.48	(0.19)	2.85	
Production	(1.38)	(1.48)	(1.38)	(1.48)	
Closing Balance for the year	21.26	23.50	5.87	7.44	

	Proved Reserves (Million M³) Proved Developed Reserves (Million M³)			
GAS:	2015	2014	2015	2014
Beginning of the year	16,012	14,889	5,123	4,548
Revision of estimates	290	2,016	(116)	1,468
Production	(967)	(893)	(967)	(893)
Closing Balance for the year	15,335	16,012	4,040	5,123

^{# 1} cubic meter $(M^3) = 35.315$ cubic feet, 1 cubic feet = 1000 BTU and 1 MT = 7.5 bbl

21. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Partnership is in the business of development and production of oil and gas from shale reservoirs in the United States of America. Consequently, there is a single business and geographical segment.

22. DISCLOSURE OF THE PARTNERSHIP'S INTEREST IN OIL AND GAS VENTURES (JOINTLY CONTROLLED ASSETS)

Name of the Unincorporated Joint Venture	Company's % interest	Partners and their Participating Interest	Country
EFS JDA Partnership	45%	Pioneer Natural Resources USA Inc - 46.354% (Operator)	USA
		Newpek LLC - 8.646% (Non operator)	

Previous year's interests are same as current year.