

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Financial Statements

For the year ended 31st December, 2021

**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC.**

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of Reliance Eagleford Upstream GP LLC. ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at December 31, 2021, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ('Ind AS') and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at December 31, 2021, and its profit, its total comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section 143(10) of the Act (SAs). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the standalone financial statements.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

As informed to us, there is no information other than the standalone financial statements. Consequently, in our opinion, the reporting requirement under SA 720 "The Auditor's Responsibilities Relating to Other Information" are not applicable.

Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the Ind AS and other accounting principles generally accepted in India.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and

prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Other Reporting Requirements

We further report that:

- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid standalone financial statements.
- b) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Cash Flows and Statement of Changes in Equity, and dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the standalone financial statements.

Restriction on Distribution and Use

These standalone financial statements have been prepared for the limited purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements of Reliance Industries Limited, the Ultimate Holding Company. As a result, these standalone financial Statements may not be suitable for another purpose. Our report is intended solely for the use of the Company and should not be distributed to or used by other parties.

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP
Chartered Accountants
(Firm's Registration No: 117366W/W-100018)

(Abhijit A. Damle)
Partner
Membership No: 102912
UDIN: 22102912AHJRRU3299

Mumbai: April 8, 2022

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC
Balance Sheet as at 31 December, 2021
(amounts in US Dollars)

	Notes	As at 31 December, 2021	As at 31 December, 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Investments	3	-	-
Total Non-Current Assets		-	-
Current Assets			
(a) Financial assets			
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	41,204	9,446
Total Current Assets		41,204	9,446
Total Assets		41,204	9,446
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Member's contribution	5	339,465	339,465
(b) Share of net income	6	(298,261)	(330,019)
Total Equity		41,204	9,446
Total Equity and Liabilities		41,204	9,446
Corporate information and significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1 - 14		

As per report of our even date

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the board

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner

Membership No. 102912

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 08, 2022

Walter Van De Vijver

Director

Place: Houston

Date: April 06, 2022

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC
Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 December, 2021
(amounts in US Dollars)

	Notes	2021	2020
INCOME			
Other income	7	32,057	-
Total Income		32,057	-
EXPENSES			
Finance costs	8	299	304
Other expenses	9	-	302,665
Total Expenses		299	302,969
Profit / (Loss) for the year		31,758	(302,969)
Other comprehensive income (OCI)		-	-
Total comprehensive income / (loss) for the year		31,758	(302,969)

Corporate information and significant accounting policies
and notes to the financial statements 1 - 14

As per report of our even date

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the board

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner

Membership No. 102912

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 08, 2022

Walter Van de Vijver

Director

Place: Houston

Date: April 06, 2022

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 December, 2021
(amounts in US Dollars)

A. MEMBER'S CONTRIBUTION

Balance as at 01 January, 2020	Changes during the year 2020	Balance as at 31 December, 2020	Changes during the year 2021	Balance as at 31 December, 2021
61,800	277,665	339,465	-	339,465

B. SHARE OF NET INCOME

Year ended 31 December, 2020	
Balance as at 01 January, 2020	(27,050)
(Loss) for the year	(302,969)
Balance as at 31 December, 2020	(330,019)

Year ended 31 December, 2021	
Balance as at 01 January, 2021	(330,019)
Profit for the year	31,758
Balance as at 31 December, 2021	(298,261)

As per report of our even date

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner

Membership No. 102912

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 08, 2022

For and on behalf of the board

Walter Van de Vijver

Director

Place: Houston

Date: April 06, 2022

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC
Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended 31 December, 2021
(amounts in US Dollars)

	Notes	2021	2020
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss		31,758	(302,969)
Adjustments for:			
Provision for impairment in the value of investment	7	(32,057)	302,665
Net cash (used in) operating activities		(299)	(304)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital contribution to a Partnership	3	-	(277,665)
Repayment of capital by Partnership	3	32,057	-
Net cash generated / (used in) investing activities		32,057	(277,665)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds towards members contribution		-	277,665
Net cash generated from financing activities		-	277,665
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		31,758	(304)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4	9,446	9,750
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4	41,204	9,446
Corporate information and significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1 - 14		

As per report of our even date

For Deloitte Haskins & Sells LLP

Chartered Accountants

For and on behalf of the board

Abhijit A. Damle

Partner

Membership No. 102912

Place: Mumbai

Date: April 08, 2022

Walter Van de Vijver

Director

Place: Houston

Date: April 06, 2022

RELiance EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021.

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

A. Reliance Eagleford Upstream GP LLC (the "Company") was incorporated as a Texas limited liability company on 17 June, 2010. The registered office of the Company is situated at 800 Brazos, Suite 400, Austin, Texas 78701, United States of America.

The Company is engaged in the business of exploration and production of natural resources, primarily oil and gas from mineral properties through its investment in Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP ("Partnership", "Reliance LP").

The Company is a general partner holding 0.01% in the Partnership.

The Company was a wholly owned subsidiary of Reliance Holding USA Inc. ("RHUSA"). On 14 February, 2020 the entire shareholding of the company was transferred from RHUSA to one of its subsidiaries, Reliance Marcellus, LLC ("RMLLC"), as part of internal restructuring. Effective 14th February, 2020, the Company is a wholly owned subsidiary of RMLLC. Reliance Industries Limited, India continues to remain the ultimate parent of the Company.

2.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS'), notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015.

2.2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention and on accrual basis of accounting except for certain financial instruments that are measured at fair values at the end of each reporting period, as explained in the accounting policies below. The accounting policies have been applied consistently over all period presented in these financial statement.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

In addition, for financial reporting purposes, fair value measurement are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into Levels 1, 2, or 3 based on the degree to which the inputs to the fair value measurements are observable and the significance of the inputs to the fair value measurement in its entirety, which are described as follows:

- i. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;
- ii. Level 2 inputs are inputs, other than quoted prices included within Level 1, that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- iii. Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

2.3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**A. Borrowing Costs:**

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as a part of cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the year in which they are incurred.

B. Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets:

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation as a result of past event(s) and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed in the financial statement only where inflow of economic benefit is probable.

C. Taxation:

The Company on a standalone basis is not a tax paying entity for federal or state income tax purpose and accordingly it does not recognize any expense for such taxes. The income tax liability from Company's activities is the responsibility of the Holding Company as it will be filing consolidated tax return for all its subsidiaries.

D. Revenue Recognition:

Revenue is recognized based on the delivery of performance obligation and assessment of when control of promised goods / services is transferred to a customer, at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled to in exchange for those goods / services. Revenue is measured at the amount of the transaction price allocated to that performance obligation.

E. Investment in Partnership:

The Company has elected to recognize its investment in Partnership at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, 'Separate Financial Statements'. The details of such investments are given in Note 3. Impairment policy applicable on such investments is explained in note 2.3 (F).

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021.

F. Impairment of Investment:

Assets representing investment in partnership is reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include, though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in the economic environment.

Impairment losses, if any, are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Impairment losses are reversed in the Statement of Profit and Loss only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment loss had previously been recognized.

G. Financial Instruments:**I. Non-derivative financial instruments****i. Financial Assets.****a. Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial assets are initially recognised at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

b. Subsequent measurement**Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)**

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

c. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on

- (a) Financial assets at amortised cost
- (b) Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The Company uses historical loss experience to determine the impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ii. Financial liabilities**a. Initial recognition and measurement**

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

b. Subsequent measurement

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

II. De-recognition of financial instruments

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and the transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. On derecognition of a financial asset, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration received is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Company's balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires. On derecognition of a financial liability, the difference between the carrying amount and the consideration paid is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

III. Fair value of financial instruments

In determining the fair value of its financial instruments, the Company uses a variety of methods and assumptions that are based on market conditions and risks existing at each reporting date. The methods used to determine fair value include discounted cash flow analysis, available quoted market prices. All methods of assessing fair value result in general approximation of value, and such value may vary from actual realisation on future date.

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021.

2.4 CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

In the application of the Company's accounting policies, the managers of the Company are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of the assets and liability that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021.

(amounts in US Dollars)

3. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

	As at 31 December, 2021	As at 31 December, 2020
Capital contribution in Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP, a Partnership #	293,443	325,500
Less: Provision for impairment	(293,443)	(325,500)
TOTAL	-	-

Company is 0.01% partner, the balance 99.99% is held by the holding company, Reliance Marcellus LLC.

4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at 31 December, 2021	As at 31 December, 2020
Balance with bank	41,204	9,446
TOTAL	41,204	9,446

5. MEMBER'S CONTRIBUTION

	As at 31 December, 2021	As at 31 December, 2020
Contribution by Members (Refer note 1.A)		
Reliance Holding USA Inc	-	-
Reliance Marcellus LLC	339,465	339,465
TOTAL	339,465	339,465

Details of members holding more than 5% interest:

Name of the Member	As at		As at	
	31 December, 2021		31 December, 2020	
	No. of Common Membership Interest	% held	No. of Common Membership Interest	% held
Reliance Marcellus LLC	-	100%	-	100%
Total	-	100%	-	100%

6. SHARE OF NET INCOME

	As at 31 December, 2021	As at 31 December, 2020
Opening Balance	(330,019)	(27,050)
Profit / (Loss) for the year	31,758	(302,969)
TOTAL	(298,261)	(330,019)

7. OTHER INCOME

	2021	2020
Reversal of provision for diminution in value of investments	32,057	-
TOTAL	32,057	-

8. FINANCE COSTS

	2021	2020
Other borrowing costs	299	304
TOTAL	299	304

9. OTHER EXPENSES

	2021	2020
Provision for diminution in value of investments	-	302,665
TOTAL	-	302,665

RELIANCE EAGLEFORD UPSTREAM GP LLC

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December, 2021.

*(amounts in US Dollars)***10. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES**

The Company does not have financial liabilities. The Company's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents and investment in Group Company. The Company manages the risk by dealing with related parties.

11. CATEGORYWISE CLASSIFICATION OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

	Notes	<u>As at 31 December 2021</u>	<u>As at 31 December 2020</u>
Financial assets			
Measured at amortised cost (AC)			
(i) Investment in Partnership	3	-	-
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	4	41,204	9,446

12. RELATED PARTY

As per Ind AS 24, list of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships are given below:

<u>Name of the related party</u>	<u>Relation</u>
Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company (Control exists)
Reliance Holding USA Inc. (upto 13 February, 2020)	Holding Company (Control existed)
Reliance Marcellus LLC (effective 14 February, 2020)	Holding Company (Control exists)
Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP	Partner Company

Related Party Transactions

<u>Name of the related party</u>	<u>Nature of transaction</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Reliance Marcellus LLC	Member contribution received	-	277,665
Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP	Investment in partnership	-	277,665
Reliance Eagleford Upstream Holding LP	Repayment of capital by partnership	32,057	-

13. SEGMENT REPORTING

The Company is engaged in the business of exploration and production of oil and gas from shale reservoirs in the United States of America through its investments. Consequently, there is a single business and geographical segment.

14. The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on April 06, 2022.

For and on behalf of the board

Walter Van de Vijver
Director

Place: Houston
Date: April 06, 2022