# RELIANCE COMMERCIAL DEALERS LIMITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2020-21

# Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### To The Members of Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### Opinior

We have audited the Financial Statements of Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021, the Statement of profit and loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of changes in equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2021, and its Profit including Other Comprehensive Income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under section

143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the Financial Statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### Other Information

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Board's Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these Financial Statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including Other Comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation of the Financial Statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Financial Statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the Financial Statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Financial Statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

## Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies. Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.

- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid Financial Statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2015, as amended.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2021 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2021 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements as referred to in Note 26 to the financial statements.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- 3. As per Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has not provided/paid any remuneration to its director during the year and hence provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act are not applicable.

For Rajendra & Co Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 108355W K. K. Desai

Partner Membership No. 100805 Place: Mumbai Date: 21st April, 2021 UDIN: 21100805AAAADS5079

# Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited "ANNEXURE A" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE COMMERCIAL DEALERS LIMITED

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- a. The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets on the basis of available information.
- b. As explained to us, all the fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- c. As the Company has no immovable assets and hence, clause (i) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii. As explained to us, physical verification of the inventories have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its inventories. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act and hence reporting under clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not directly or indirectly advanced any loan to the person or given guarantees or securities in connection with the loan taken by persons covered under Section 185 of the Act and hence clause (IV) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company. The Company has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments, loans, guarantee or security given, as applicable.
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause(v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company
- vi. In our opinion, to the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company.
- a. According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Custom, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and any other statutory dues have been generally regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at 31st March, 2021 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable
- According to the information and explanations given to us, the disputed dues on account of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess that have not been deposited before appropriate authorities are as under

Sr. No.	Name of the Statute		Amount (In Crore)	Period to which amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
1		Custom Duty (including Interest and Penalty)	386.06		Assistant Commissioner of Customs
2	Mumbai Municipal	Octroi Duty	0.4	2008-09	Supreme Court of India
3	Central Excise Act, 1944	Service Tax		Various years from 2008-09 to 2010-11	Commissioner of GST
Total		_	404.73		

- In our opinion and according to the information given to us, the Company has not raised loans from financial institutions or banks or government and there are no dues in respect of debentures issued by the Company and hence clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term loans and hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- In our opinion, based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the Financial Statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013.
- xii. In our opinion Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. In our opinion and according to information and explanations provided by the management, transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act and the details have been disclosed in the Financial Statements, as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has made private placements of Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures during the year and the requirements of Section 42 of the Act have been complied with and the amount raised have been used for the purposes for which the funds were raised.
- xv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, during the year, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act and hence reporting under clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. In our opinion, to the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Raiendra & Co

Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No. 108355W

Partner Membership No. 100805 Place: Mumbai Date: 21st April, 2021 UDIN: 21100805AAAADS5079

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## Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited

#### ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE COMMERCIAL DEALERS LIMITED

Report on the internal financial controls with reference to the aforesaid financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

We have audited the Internal Financial Control with reference to financial statements of RELIANCE COMMERCIAL DEALERS LIMITED ("the company") as of 31st March, 2021 in conjunction with our audit of the Financial Statements of the Company for the year then ended.

#### Management Responsibility for the Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the Financial Statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of Financial Statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of Financial Statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial Statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

## Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at 31st March, 2021, based on the internal control with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI.

For Rajendra & Co Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 108355W

K. K. Desai

Partner Membership No. 100805 Date: 21st April, 2021 UDIN: 21100805AAAADS5079

## **Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited** Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2021

Rs. in crores

			RS. III Crores
	Note	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2020
ASSETS			
Non-Current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	1	1,035.07	228.69
Non- Financial Assets			
Other Non-Current Assets	2	170.76	166.80
Total Non-Current Assets		1,205.83	395.49
Current assets			
Inventories	3	26.99	24.16
Financial Assets			
Investments	4	7.23	2.31
Trade Receivables	5	151.28	123.19
Cash and Cash Equivalents	6	7.02	0.31
Loans	7	17.62	10.39
Other Current Assets	9	5.45	9.37
Total Current Assets		215.59	169.73
Total Assets		1,421.42	565.22
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity Share Capital	10	15.00	15.00
Other Equity	11	1,122.39	262.89
Total Equity		1,137.39	277.89
Liabilities			
Non-current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Other Financial liabilities	12	240.00	240.00
Provisions	13	2.45	2.27
Deferred Tax Liability (Net)	14	2.36	2.74
Total Non-Current Liabilities		244.81	245.01
Current Liabilities			
Financial Liabilities			
Trade Payables Due to:	15		
Micro and Small enterprise Other than Micro and Small		33.99	36.38
Other Current Liabilities	16	4.20	5.13
Provisions	17	1.03	0.81
Total Current Liabilities	•	39.22	42.32
Total Liabilities		284.03	287.33
Total Equity and Liabilities	•	1,421.42	565.22

Significant accounting policies See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

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## As per our Report of even date

For Rajendra & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 108355W) For and on behalf of the Board

Nikhil Meswani Chairman P M S Prasad Director Sudhir Nayak Manager

Dipti Baxi **Chief Financial Officer** Vikas Pethe **Company Secretary** 

## K.K. Desai

Partner Membership No. -100805

Place:-Mumbai Date:- 21st April 2021

## **Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited** Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March 2021

Rs. in crores

			RS. In crores
	Note	2020-21	2019-20
Income			
Revenue from operations			
Income from Services	18	447.76	530.16
Other Income	19	1.97	1.09
Total Income		449.73	531.25
Expenses			
Employee Benefits Expense	20	50.00	49.54
Employed Bollonia Expense		33.33	10.01
Finance Cost	21	0.02	0.26
Tillulio oost		0.02	0.20
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	1	54.90	82.94
Bepresiation and Amortisation Expense	•	34.30	02.34
Other Expenses	22	343.87	397.80
Other Expenses	22	343.07	397.00
Total Expenses		448.79	530.54
Total Expenses		440.79	330.34
Profit before tax		0.94	0.71
Profit before tax		0.94	0.71
T			
Tax Expenses Current Tax			0.44
Deferred Tax		(0.40)	0.11
Deferred Tax		(0.48)	(0.31)
B CLC II V			
Profit for the Year		1.42	0.91
Other Comprehensive Income			
a) Items that will not be reclassified to statement of Profit and Loss-	20.1(IV)	0.37	(0.35)
(Gratuity)			
Income tax relating to item that will not be reclassified to profit/loss		(0.09)	0.17
		2.22	(0.40)
Total Other Comprehensive Income for the year (Net of Tax)		0.28	(0.18)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		1.70	0.73
Earnings per Equity share of face value of (Rs.)10 each			
Basic in Rs.	24	0.94	0.61
Diluted in Rs.	24	0.03	0.03
0. 75			
Significant accounting policies	4		
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 32		

## As per our Report of even date

For Rajendra & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 108355W)

K.K. Desai Partner

Membership No. -100805 Place:-Mumbai Date:- 21st April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board Nikhil Meswani Chairman P M S Prasad Director Sudhir Nayak Manager

Dipti Baxi **Chief Financial Officer** Vikas Pethe **Company Secretary** 

# STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

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EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL				Rs. in crores
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2019-20	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March, 2020	Changes in equity share capital during the year 2020-21	Balance at the end of the reporting period i.e. 31st March 2021
15.00	-	15.00	-	15.00

Rs. in crores

# **B. OTHER EQUITY**

As on 31 March 2019			Reserves and Surpl	lus
	Instrument classified as Equity	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income
Balance at the beginning of the reporting	250.00		12.28	(0.15)
period i.e. 1st April, 2019		-		
Zero coupon optionally fully convertible debentures issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Adjustment related to Fixed Assets	-	-	0.03	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	0.91	(0.18)
Balance at the end of the Reporting period i.e. 31st Mar, 2020	250.00	-	13.22	(0.33)

As on 31st March 2020			Reserves and Surp	lus
	Instrument classified as Equity	Debenture Redemption Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other Comprehensive Income
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period i.e. 1st April, 2020	250.00	-	13.22	(0.33)
Zero coupon convertible debentures issued during the year	857.80	_	-	-
Adjustment related to Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	1.42	0.28
Transfer to Debenture Redemption Reserve	-	1.42	(1.42)	-
Balance at the end of the Reporting period i.e. 31st Mar, 2021	1,107.80	1.42	13.22	(0.05)

## As per our Report of even date

For Rajendra & Co. **Chartered Accountants** (Firm Registration No. 108355W)

K.K. Desai Partner

Membership No. -100805 Place:-Mumbai Date:- 21st April 2021

For and on behalf of the Board Nikhil Meswani P M S Prasad Sudhir Nayak Dipti Baxi Vikas Pethe

Chairman Director Manager **Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary** 

# Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st MARCH, 2021

		Rs. in crores		Rs. in crores
	2020-21		2019-20	0
A: CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Profit Before Tax as per Profit and Loss Statement Adjusted for:		0.94		0.71
Depreciation	54.90	-	82.94	-
Effect of Exchange Rate Change Unrealised	0.02	-	1.91	-
Profit on Sale of Investments (net)	(0.39)	-	(0.59)	-
Gains/loss on Actuarial Valuation of Gratuity	0.60	-	0.35	-
Profit on Sale of Asset (Net)	<u> </u>		0.00	-
	_	55.13	_	84.61
Operating profit/ (loss) before working capital changes Adjusted for:		56.07		85.32
Trade and Other Receivables	(31.25)	-	36.27	-
Inventories	(2.83)	-	(4.13)	-
Trade and Other Payables	(3.17)	· _	(26.63)	-
	_	(37.25)		5.51
Cash Generated from Operations		18.82		90.83
Taxes Paid (Net)	_	10.46	_	(3.88)
Net Cash from/ (used in) Operating Activities	_	29.28	_	86.95
B: CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Property, Plant and Equipment		(861.27)		(107.59)
Reduction/(Increase) in Capital Work In Progress (Capital Advance	s)	(14.57)		(2.30)
Proceeds from Sale of Fixed Assets	-,	-		0.01
Purchase of Current Investments		(4.53)		21.97
Net Cash from/ (used in) Investing Activities	=	(880.37)	=	(87.91)
C: CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from issue of Debentures		857.80		-
Net Cash from/ (used in) Financing Activities	_	857.80	_	-
Net Increase/ (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		6.71		(0.96)
Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		0.31		1.27
Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents	_	7.02	_	0.31
(Refer Note No. 14)	_		_	
CHANGE IN LIABILITY ARISING FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
	01st April, 2020	Cash Flow	31st March, 2021	
Zero coupon convertible Loan/Debentures - Non-Current (Refe	250.00	857.80	1,107.80	
	250.00	857.80	1,107.80	
	01st April, 2019	Cash Flow	31st March, 2020	
Zero coupon convertible Loan/Debentures - Non-Current (Refe	250.00	- asiii low	250.00	
2010 004pon donvertible Eddin Debentaries Hon-Outlett (Note	250.00	-	250.00	

## As per our Report of even date

For Rajendra & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No. 108355W)

For and on behalf of the Board Nikhil Meswani P M S Prasad Sudhir Nayak Dipti Baxi Vikas Pethe

Chairman Director Manager Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

K.K. Desai Partner Membership No. -100805 Place:-Mumbai Date:- 21st April 2021

#### Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance Commercial Dealers Limited ("the Company") is a company incorporated in India and is inter alia engaged in providing Air Transport services to its Passengers. The addresses of its registered office and principal place of business is 9th Floor, Maker Chambers IV 222, Nariman Point Mumbai. Maharashtra and Reliance Hanger, Gate No. 8, Old Airport, Near Kalina Millitry Camp, Santacruz (East), Mumbai - 400029 respectively.

#### B. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### B.1 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND PRESENTATION

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the rules noticed under the relevant provisions of the companies Act, 2013.

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (₹), which is also functional currency and all values are rounded to the nearest crore (₹ 00,00,000), except when otherwise indicated.

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments) measured at fair value,
- ii) Defined benefit plans plan assets measured at fair value,

#### B.2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### (a) Property, plant and equipment/Tangible assets:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and arrangements arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Property, Plant and Equipment which are significant to the total cost of that item of Property, Plant and Equipment and having different useful life are accounted separately.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate

Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013 based on useful life of asset except in case of Leasehold improvements on aircraft where the depreciation is being charged on Straight line method.

#### (b) Foreign currency transactions

- i) Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.
- ii) Monetary items denominated in foreign currencies at the year end are restated at year end rates.
- iii) Non monetary foreign currency items are carried at cost.
- iv) Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on translation is recognised in the Profit and Loss Statement except in case of long term liabilities, where they relate to acquisition of fixed assets, in which case they are adjusted to the carrying cost of such assets.

## (c) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost or net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase, cost of conversion, and other costs incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

## (d) Revenue recognition

Revenue from sale of services is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated cost can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing effective control or managerial involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

## Interest Income

Interest Income from a financial asset is recognised using effective interest rate method.

## Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payments has been established.

## (e) Tax expenses

The Tax expenses for the period comprise current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to item recognised in the Comprehensive income or in equity. In which case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or equity.

## Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

## Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

#### Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### (f) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of times recognised as a finance cost.

#### (g) Financial instruments

#### (i) Financial Assets

#### A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

#### B. Subsequent measurement

#### a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are fair valued through profit or loss.

#### C. Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company uses 'Expected Credit Loss' (ECL) model, for evaluating impairment assessment of financial assets other than those measured at fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL).

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

The 12-months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or

Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

For trade receivables company applies 'simplified approach' which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables. Further the company uses historical default rates to determine impairment loss on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date these historical default rates are reviewed and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For other assets, the company uses 12 month ECL to provide for impairment loss where there is no significant increase in credit risk. If there is significant increase in credit risk full lifetime ECL is used.

## ii) Financial liabilities

## A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized at fair value and in case of loans, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

## B. Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

## iii) Derecognition of financial instruments:

The Company derecognizes a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire or it transfers the financial asset and transfer qualifies for derecognition under Ind AS 109. A financial liability (or a part of a financial liability) is derecognised from the Company's Balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expires.

#### Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

#### (h) Employee Benefits

#### (i) Employee Benefits Expense

#### Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees are recognised as an expense during the period when the employees render the services.

#### Post-Employment Benefits

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which the Company pays specified contributions to a separate entity.

The Company makes specified monthly contributions towards Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund and Pension Scheme

The Company's contribution payable to provident fund is recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the period in which the employee renders the related service. If the contribution payable to the scheme for service received before the balance sheet date, exceeds the contribution already paid, the deficit payable to the scheme is recognised as a liability after deducting the contribution already paid exceeds the contribution due for services received before the balance sheet date, then excess is recognised as an asset to the extent that the pre-payment will lead to, for example, a reduction in future payment or a cash refund.

#### Defined Benefit Plan

The Company pays gratuity to the employees whoever has completed five years of service with the company at the time of resignation/superannuation. The gratuity is paid @15 days salary for every completed year of service as per the Payment Gratuity Act 1972.

The gratuity liability amount is contributed to the approved gratuity fund formed exclusively for gratuity payment to the employees. The gratuity fund has been approved by respective IT authorities.

The liability in respect of gratuity and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income

#### **Employee Separation Costs**

The Company recognises the employee separation cost when the scheme is announced and the Company is demonstrably committed to it.

#### (i) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit after tax by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in determination of basic earnings per share to take into account the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the year unless issued at a later date.

#### C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in next financial years.

## a) Depreciation and useful lives of property plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

## b) Recoverability of trade receivable

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

## c) Provision

Provisions and liabilities are recognised in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash flow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. since the cash outflows can take place many years in future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

## D. GLOBAL HEALTH PANDEMIC ON COVID-19

The outbreak of corona virus (COVID-19) pandemic globally and in India is causing significant disturbance and slowdown of economic activity. The Company's operations and revenue during the year were impacted due to COVID-19. The Company has taken into account the possible impact of COVID-19 in preparation of financial statements, including its assessment of recoverable value of its assets based on internal and external information upto the date of approval of these financial statements and current indicators of future economic conditions.

## RELIANCE COMMERCIAL DEALERS LIMITED

Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

1. Property, Plant & Equipment

Rs. in crores

Gross block				Depreciation				Net block		
Description	As at 1st April, 2020	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at 31st March 2021	As at 1st April, 2020	Deductions/ Adjustments	For the year	Upto 31st March 2021	As at 31st March 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
Tangible assets										
Own assets: Aircrafts	586.79	848.40	-	1,435.20	387.88	(0.03)	48.06	435.91	999.29	198.94
Vehicles	0.61	-	-	0.61	0.57	-	-	0.57	0.04	0.04
Aircraft Pushback Tractor	0.35	-	-	0.35	0.33	-	-	0.33	0.02	0.02
Equipment	42.59	12.79	0.07	55.45	13.01	-	6.80	19.81	35.64	29.58
Furniture and Fixtures	1.01	-	-	1.01	0.90	-	0.03	0.93	0.08	0.11
Total	631.35	861.19	0.07	1,492.62	402.69	(0.03)	54.90	457.56	1,035.07	228.69
Previous year	524.89	107.59	(1.09)	631.38	320.45	(0.69)	82.94	402.69	228.69	-

lotes to the i mandal statements for the year ended 31st march 2021		Rs. in crores
2 Other Non-Current Assets	As at	As at
(unsecured and considered good)	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
Capital Advances	164.28	149.72
Deposits	3.22	3.37
Advances Income Tax (Net of Provision)	3.26	13.71
Total	170.76	166.80
	As at	As at
Advance Income Tax (Net of Provision)	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
At start of year	13.71	9.84
Charge for the year	-	0.11
Refund received during the year	(15.35)	(2.83)
Others*	-	(0.05)
Tax paid during the year	4.90	6.64
At end of year	3.26	13.71
* Mainly pertains to Provision for tax on Other Comprehensive Income		
		Rs. in crores
3 Inventories	As at	As at
(valued at lower of cost and net realisable value)	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
Stores & Spares	26.99	24.16
Total	26.99	24.16

Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

	·		Rs. in crores
4	Investments - Current	As at	As at
		31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
	Investments measured at Fair Value through Profit & Loss Investment in Mutual Funds		
	In Units - Unquoted Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund - Growth Plan		
	No of units -1,56,773.93 (-)	5.20	-
	Aditya Birla Sun Life Liquid Fund - Overnight		
	No of units 18,250.82 (21,418.78)	2.03	2.31
	Total of Investments measured at Fair ValueThrough Profit & Loss	7.23	2.31
	Aggregate value of	Book value (NAV)	Book value (NAV)
	Unquoted investments	7.23	2.31
	onquotou in ootinonto	7120	2101
4.1	Category-wise current investment	As at	As at
		31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
	Financial assets carried at amortised cost Financial assets measured at Fair value through other	•	-
	comprehensive income	-	-
	Financial assets measured at Fair value through		
	Profit & Loss	7.23	2.31 <b>2.31</b>
		7.23	2.31
			Do in anona
5 T	rade Receivables	As at	Rs. in crores As at
J. 11	(unsecured and considered good)	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
	Receivables from Related Parties	151.28	123.19
	Other Trade Receivable		-
	Total	<u>151.28</u>	123.19
6	Cash & Cash Equivalents		Rs. in crores
		As at	As at
	Balance with banks - In current Account	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
	Cash & Cash Equivalents as per Balance Sheet Cash & Cash Equivalents as per Cash Flow Statement	7.02 <b>7.02</b>	0.31 <b>0.31</b>
	Total	7.02	0.31
			Rs. in crores
	Loans	As at	As at
	(unsecured and considered good)	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
	Loans Others*	17.62	10.39
	Total	17.62	10.39
	* Includes advances to employees and vendors		

# 8. Taxation Note

Income Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss   Current Tax   Current Tax expenses recognised in the current year   Current Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:    Profit Before Tax   Current Tax Provision (A)   Current Tax Provision (B)   Current Tax Provision (B)   Current Tax Provision (Current Current C	o. Taxation Note	2020-21	<b>Rs. in crores</b> 2019-20
Current Tax Deferred Tax Deferred Tax expenses recognised in the current year         (0.38) (0.37)         (0.38) (0.37)           The income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:         2020-21 (0.38) (0.37)           Profit Before Tax A expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:         2020-21 (0.38) (0.37)           Profit Before Tax Rate         0.94 (0.71)         0.71           Applicable Tax Rate         0.94 (0.72)         0.25           Computed Tax Expense         0.25         0.25           Tax effect of:         0.25         0.25           Expenses Disallowed         14.08 (0.37)         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18) (72.40)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86 (12.71)         (72.40)           Current Tax Provision (A)         2.00         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61) (0.38) (0.37)           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38) (0.37)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38) (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00% (0.38) (0.37)           Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good) <t< th=""><th></th><th>2020-21</th><th>2019-20</th></t<>		2020-21	2019-20
Deferred Tax	Income Tax recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		
Total Income Tax expenses recognised in the current year         (0.38)         (0.37)           The income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:         2020-21         2019-20           Profit Before Tax         0.94         0.71           Applicable Tax Rate         25.170%         34.608%           Computed Tax Expense         0.24         0.25           Tax effect of:         Exempted Income         -           Expenses Disallowed         14.08         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and         42.23         (3.70)           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March, 2021         31st March, 2020           Balance with GST/ sales tax auth		-	
The income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting profit as follows:    2020-21			
Profit Before Tax	Total Income Tax expenses recognised in the current year	(0.38)	(0.37)
Profit Before Tax         0.94         0.71           Applicable Tax Rate         25.170%         34.608%           Computed Tax Expense         0.24         0.25           Tax effect of :         Exempted Income         -         -           Expenses Disallowed         14.08         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March, 2021         As at 31st March, 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Others*         6.55         6.55	The income Tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to the accounting pro-	ofit as follows:	
Applicable Tax Rate         25.170%         34.608%           Computed Tax Expense         0.24         0.25           Tax effect of:         Exempted Income         -         -         -           Expenses Disallowed         14.08         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and         42.23         (3.70)           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March, 2021         31st March, 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55		2020-21	2019-20
Computed Tax Expense         0.24         0.25           Tax effect of:         Exempted Income         -         -           Expenses Disallowed         14.08         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March, 2021         31st March, 2020           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55	Profit Before Tax	0.94	
Tax effect of :         Exempted Income         -	Applicable Tax Rate	25.170%	34.608%
Exempted Income         -         -           Expenses Disallowed         14.08         84.93           Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March , 2021         As at 31st March , 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.         0.00         2.82           Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55	Computed Tax Expense	0.24	0.25
Expenses Disallowed	Tax effect of :		
Additional Allowances net of MAT Credit         (59.18)         (72.40)           Carried Forward Losses Utilised         44.86         (12.71)           Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at As at 31st March, 2021         As at As at 31st March, 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55		-	-
Carried Forward Losses Utilised Current Tax Provision (A)         44.86 (12.71)           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March , 2021         As at 31st March , 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55	Expenses Disallowed	14.08	84.93
Current Tax Provision (A)         -         0.06           Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (42.61)         3.27           Deferred Tax Provision (B)         (0.38)         (0.43)           Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)         (0.38)         (0.37)           Effective Tax Rate         0.00%         0.00%           9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)         As at 31st March, 2021         As at 31st March, 2021           Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*         0.00         2.82           Total         5.45         6.55		, ,	(72.40)
Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets (42.61) 3.27  Deferred Tax Provision (B) (0.38) (0.43)  Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B) (0.38) (0.37)  Effective Tax Rate 0.00% 0.00%  9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good) As at 31st March, 2021  Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others* 0.00 2.82  Total 5.45 6.55		44.86	(12.71)
Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets  Deferred Tax Provision (B)  Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)  Effective Tax Rate  O.00%  O.00%  Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)  O.00%  O.00%  Profit and Loss (A+B)  O.00%  O.00%  Rs. in crores  (unsecured and considered good)  As at 31st March, 2021  Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.  Others*  O.00  O.00  O.00%  O.0	Current Tax Provision (A)		0.06
Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Financial Assets  Deferred Tax Provision (B)  Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)  Effective Tax Rate  O.00%  O.00%  Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)  O.00%  O.00%  Profit and Loss (A+B)  O.00%  O.00%  Rs. in crores  (unsecured and considered good)  As at 31st March, 2021  Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.  Others*  O.00  O.00  O.00%  O.0	Incremental Deferred Tax Liability on account of Tangible and	42.23	(3.70)
Deferred Tax Provision (B)			
Effective Tax Rate  0.00%  9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)  Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*  Rs. in crores As at As at 31st March, 2021 31st March, 2020  0.00 2.82 Total	Deferred Tax Provision (B)		(0.43)
9 Other Current Assets (unsecured and considered good)  Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc. Others*  Total  Rs. in crores  As at 31st March, 2021 31st March, 2020  5.45 5.45 6.55	Tax Expenses recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss (A+B)	(0.38)	(0.37)
(unsecured and considered good)As at 31st March, 2021As at 31st March, 2020Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.0.002.82Others*5.456.55	Effective Tax Rate	0.00%	0.00%
31st March , 2021   31st March , 2020	9 Other Current Assets		Rs. in crores
31st March , 2021   31st March , 2020		As at	As at
Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.       0.00       2.82         Others*       Total       5.45       6.55		31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
<b>Total</b> 5.45 6.55	Balance with GST/ sales tax authorities, etc.		
	Others*	0.00	2.82
5.45 9.37	Total	5.45	6.55
		5.45	9.37

<sup>\*</sup> Includes Prepaid expenses & Claims receivables

Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

10. Share capital		As at 31st March , 2021	Rs. in crores As at 31st March, 2020
Authorised:			
1,50,00,000 (1,50,00,000)	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	15.00	15.00
(1,00,00,000)	Total	15.00	15.00
Issued, subscribed and paid-	up:		
Fully paid-up 1,50,00,000 (1,50,00,000)	Equity shares of Rs. 10 each(Fully Paid -up)	15.00	15.00
	Total	15.00	15.00
Figures in bracket represents (i) THE DETAILS OF SHAR	previous year's figures. EHOLDERS HOLDING MORE THAN 5% SHARES		
		As at 31st March , 2021 No of Shares (% held)	As at 31st March, 2020 No of Shares (% held)
Reliance Industries Limite	d	150 00 000 100%	150 00 000 100%
(ii) Reconciliation of opening	ng and closing number of shares		
Particulars		As at 31st March , 2021 No. of shares	As at 31st March, 2020 No. of shares
Equity shares outstanding Add: Equity shares issued	at the beginning of the year	1,50,00,000	1,50,00,000
Equity shares outstanding		1,50,00,000	1,50,00,000

- (iii) No Bonus Shares have been issued during the last five years.
- (iv) The Company has one class of ordinary shares viz :-1,50,00,000 fully paid up Equity shares of Rs.10/- each amounting to

#### (v) Rights, preference and restrictions attached to shares:

The Equity shares in the Company is rank pari passu in all respects including voting rights and entitlement of dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company in proportion to the number of equity shares held.

11

	Rs. in crores
As at 31st March , 2021	As at 31st March, 2020
250.00 857.80	250.00
-	-
1.42	-
13.22	12.28
-	0.03
	0.91
(1.42)	-
13.22	13.22
(0.33)	(0.15)
0.28	(0.18)
(0.05)	(0.33)
1,122.39	262.89
	31st March , 2021  250.00 857.80

- The Loan shall, at the option of the Company, be fully convertible into Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each at par. The Lender shall have an option to convert the outstanding amount of loan into Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each at par after 3 months from the date of first disbursement. The Equity Shares arising out of conversion of the Loan shall rank pari passu in all respects with the then outstanding equity shares of the Company. The outstanding amount of Loan, if not opted for conversion shall be repayable, within 10 years from the date of first disbursement or such other period as may be mutually agreed between the Company and
- The Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures (OFCD) of Rs. 10/- each amounting to Rs. 857.80 crore held by Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited (Fellow Subsidiary Company) shall be either redeemed at Rs.10/- or converted into 1 (one) Equity Share of Rs. 10/- each at any time at the option of the Company, but not later than 20 years from the date of allotment of the OFCD. The equity shares arising out of conversion of the OFCDs will rank pari passu in all respects with the then outstanding equity shares of the Company on the date of such conversion, except for dividend, which if declared, shall be paid on pro-rata basis from the date of allotment of such Equity Shares.
- During the year, the Company has created the Debenture Redemption Reserve in terms of Section 71(4) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 18(7) of the Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014 to the extent of current year profit. 11.3

#### The details of holder holding more than 5% Debentures: 11.4

Name of the Debentureholder	As at March 31, 2021		As at March 31, 2020	
	Nos.	% held	Nos.	% held
Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	85,78,00,000	100.00	-	-
Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited				

The reconciliation of debentures outstanding outstanding is set out below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2021	As at March 31, 2020	
	No. of Debentures	No. of Debentures	
Debentures at the beginning of the year	-	-	
Add: Debentures issued during the year	85,78,00,000	-	
Debentures at the end of the year	85,78,00,000	-	

			Rs. in crores
12. Non- Current Liabilities		As at	As at
		31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
Unsecured			
Deposits received from customer - Re (Refer Note No. 28 (ii))	elated Party	240.00	240.00
\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Total	240.00	240.00
			Rs. in crores
13 Provisions - Non Current		As at	As at
		31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
Provision for Employee Benefits*		2.45	2.27
	Total	2.45	2.27
* Refer Note 20.1			

## Rs. in crores

## 14. Deferred tax Liability (net)

	As at	As at	
	31st March , 2021	1st March, 2020	
At the start of the year	2.74	3.17	
Charge/(credit) to profit or loss	(0.38)	(0.43)	
At the end of year	2.36	2.74	

COMPONENT OF DEFERRED TAX LIA	As at 31st March, 2020	to profit or loss	As at 31st Mar 2021
Defended to the Wilse (Access) is relative to			
Deferred tax liabilities / (asset) in relation to	0:		
Property, plant and equipment	12.26	(42.23)	54.49
Employee Benefits	(1.03	) (0.15)	(0.88)
Unabsorbed Business Losses	(8.50	) 42.76	(51.26)
Total	2.74	0.38	2.36

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		Rs. in crores
Trade payables	As at	As at
	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020
Trade payables		
Micro and Small Enterprises (i)	-	-
Others	33.99	36.38
Total	33.99	36.38

<sup>(</sup>i) There are no overdue amounts to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as at March 31, 2021 for which disclosure requirements under Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 are applicable.

16. Other Current Liabilities	Rs. in crores		
	As at	As at	
	31st March , 2021	31st March, 2020	
Others Payables*	4.20	5.13	
Total	4.20	5.13	

Includes advances/ deposits received and statutory liabilities.

14010.	s to the i maneral statements for the year chaca orse	. Mai Cii 202 i	Rs. in crores
17	7 Provisions	As at	As at
		31st March , 2021 11	st March, 2020
	Provision for employee benefits*	1.03	0.81
	Total	1.03	0.81
	* Refer Note 20.1		
18. Re	evenue from operations		Rs. in crores
		2020-21	2019-20
	Income from Services	447.76	530.16
	Less: Service Tax recovered	-	-
	ADD: CGST recovered	27.03	31.78
	ADD:SGST recovered	27.03	31.78
	Less: CGST Paid	(27.03)	(31.78)
	Less:SGST paid	(27.03)	(31.78)
	Total	447.76	530.16
18.1	Broad Category of services Sevices rendered	2020-21	2019-20
	Income from Air Transportation of Passengers	447.76	530.16

		Rs. in crores
19. Other income	2020-21	2019-20
Net gain on sale of Current investments	0.39	0.59
Other non-operating income	0.56	0.18
Interest on Income Tax Refund	1.02	0.32
Total	1.97	1.09
20 Employee benefits expense	2020-21	<b>Rs. in crores</b> 2019-20
Salaries and Wages	45.79	45.87
Contribution to Provident and Other Funds	2.80	2.67
Staff Welfare Expenses	1.41	1.00
Total	50.00	49.54

## Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

20.1 As per Indian Accounting Standard 19 "Employee Benefits", the disclosures as defined are given below :

## Defined Contribution Plan

Contribution to Defined Contribution Plan, recognized as expense for the year are as under :

Rs. in crores

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Employer's Contribution to Provident Fund	1.83	1.80
Employer's Contribution to Superannuation Fund	0.12	0.08
Employer's Contribution to Pension Fund	0.07	0.12

## I. Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of Defined Benefit Obligation

		No. III CI OI Co	
	2020-21	2019-20	
Particulars	Gratuity (Funded)		
	As at 31	st March	
Defined Benefit Obligations at the beginning of the year	4.12	3.10	
Current Service Cost	0.60	0.53	
Add: on Acquisition/Transfer	-	-	
Interest Cost	0.28	0.25	
Actuarial (Gain / Loss)	(0.36)	0.35	
Benefits Paid	(0.08)	(0.11)	
Defined Benefit Obligations at the end of the year	4.56	4.12	

#### II. Reconciliation of Opening and Closing Balances of Fair Value of Plan Assets

its. in crore				
	Gratuity	Funded		
Particulars	2020-21	2019-20		
Fair value of Plan Assets at beginning of year	4.12	3.10		
Expected Return on Plan Assets(Interest income)	0.28	0.25		
Assets Transferred In/Acquisition	-	-		
Actuarial Gain / (Loss)	-	-		
Employer Contribution	0.15	0.78		
Benefits Paid	-	-		
Actual return on Plan Assets	0.01	(0.00)		
Fair value of Plan Assets at year end	4.56	4.12		

#### III. Reconciliation of the Fair Value of Assets and Obligations

Rs. in crores

	2020-21	2019-20
	Gratuity	(Funded)
Particulars	As at 31	st March
Fair Value of Plan Assets	4.56	4.12
Present Value Obligation	(4.56)	(4.12)
Amount Recognised in Balance sheet (Surplus/Deficit)		

IV. Expenses recognized during the year

Rs. in crores

Particulars	2020-21	2019-20
Farticulars	Gratuity	(Funded)
In Income Statement	As at 31:	st March
Current Service Cost	0.60	0.53
Interest Cost	(0.37)	0.35
Net Cost	0.23	0.88
		-
In Other Comprehensive Income	-	
Actuarial (Gain / Loss)	(0.39)	0.35
Return on Plan Assets	0.01	0.00
Net (Income)/ Expense For the period Recognised in O	(0.37)	0.35

## V Investment Details

v. investment details	As at 31st l	March,2021	As at 31st I	March,2020
	Rs in crore	% Invested	Rs in crore	% Invested
Insurance Policies	4.56	100.00%	4.12	100.00%
Others (including bank balances)	-	-	-	-

## VI. Actuarial Assumptions

Mortality Table (IALM)	Gratuity(	Funded)
	2020-21	2019-20
Discount Rate ( Per Annum)	6.95%	6.84%
Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets(Per Annum)	8.00%	8.00%
Rate of Escalation in Salary (Per Annum)	6.00%	6.00%

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial Valauation, take into account inflation, seniority promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market the above information is certified by the actuary.

## VII. The expected contributions for Defined Benefit Plan for the next financial year will be in line with FY 2020-21

## VIII. Sensitivity Analysis

Significant Actuarial Assumptions for the determination of the defined benefit obligation are discount trade, expected salary, increase and employee turnover. The sensitivity analysis below, have been determined based on reasonably possible changes of the assumptions occurring at end of the reporting period , while holding all other assumptions constant. The result of Sensitivity analysis is given below :

Particulars	As at 31st N	March, 2021	As at 31st N	larch, 2020
Faiticulais	Decrease	Increase	Decrease	Increase
Change in rate of discounting ( delta effect of +/- 0.5%)	3.90%	-3.60%	4.30%	-4.00%
Change in rate of salary increase( delta effect of +/- 0.5%)	-3.70%	3.90%	-4.10%	4.30%
Change in rate of employee turnover ( delta effect of +/- 0.	-0.10%	0.10%	-0.10%	0.10%

21 Finance Costs	2020-21	<b>Rs. in crores</b> 2019-20
Interest Expenses	0.02	0.26
Total	0.02	0.26

				Rs. in crores
22. Other Expenses		2020-21		2019-20
Operational Expenses				
Lease Rent	140.92		145.91	
Fuel Expenses	14.96		57.20	
Airport Charges	36.75		42.35	
Maintenance and Spares Charges	88.43		68.32	
Subscription for Aircraft	5.83		3.54	
		286.89		317.32
Establishment expenses				
Professional Fees	6.36		6.23	
General Expenses	0.00		0.00	
Rent Rates & Taxes	8.11		4.12	
Insurance	11.09		8.27	
Other Repairs	2.71		2.54	
Travelling Expenses	7.61		17.66	
Payments to Auditors (Refer Note 22.1)	0.07		0.06	
Catering/Canteen Expenses	2.75		11.66	
Administration Expenses	13.11		16.64	
Seminar & Training Expenses	5.05		10.65	
Exchange Gain(Realised and Unrealised) Net	0.12	56.98	2.65	80.48
Total	<u> </u>	343.87		397.80

22.1 Payments to Auditors (excluding GST)

Rs. in crores					
	R۹	in	cr	۸r	20

		2020-21		2019-20
Fees as Auditors	0.05		0.04	
Tax Audit Fees	0.01		0.01	
Fees for Other Services	0.01		0.01	
Total		0.07		0.06

Fees for other services primarily includes certification fees paid to auditors. Statute and regulation permit auditors to certify export / import documentation, quarterly fillings, XBRL fillings among others. Fees as Auditors includes Statutory Audit fees and XBRL fees.

## 22.2 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

- (a) CSR amount required to be spent as per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule VII thereof by the Company during the year is Rs. 0.22 Crore (Previous Year Rs. 0.22 Crore).
- (b) Expenditure related to Corporate Social Responsibility is Rs 0.25 Crore (Previous Year Rs. Rs 0.25 Crore).

## Details of Amount spent towards CSR given below:

## Rs. in crores

2020-21	2019-20
0.25	0.25
0.25	0.25

(c) Out of note (b) above entire amount of Rs 0.25 Crore (Previous year Rs 0.25 Crore) is spent through Reliance Foundation, which is a related party. (Refer Note No. 28)

23 The Company is mainly engaged in 'Air Transportation of Passengers' in and outside India. All the activities of the Company revolve around this main business. Accordingly, the Company has only one identifiable segment reportable under Ind AS 108: Operating segments. The Board (the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'), who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance obtains financial information. Revenue from one Customer contributed a substantial percentage of the Company's revenue for F.Y. 2020-21.

		Amt in Rs.cr
24 Earnings per share (EPS)	2020-21	2019-20
Face Value per share	10	10
Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (in Rs. crore)	1.42	0.91
Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	1 50 00 000	1 50 00 000
Basic Earnings per share of face value of Rs.10 each (In Rs.)	0.94	0.61
Net Profit after Tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders (in Rs. crore)	1.42	0.91
Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS	40 69 83 562	26 50 00 000
Basic and Diluted Earnings per share of face value of Rs. 10 each (In Rs.)	0.03	0.03
RECONCILIATION OF WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF SHARES		
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	1,50,00,000	1,50,00,000
Total Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares*	39,19,83,562	25,00,00,000
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating Diluted EPS  * Dilutive impact of Zero coupon convertible loans and Zero coupon optionally fully convertible debentures.	40,69,83,562	26,50,00,000

<sup>25</sup> The Income Tax Assessments of the Company have been completed upto Assessment Year 20-21 .

The additional demand raised on the Company amounts to Rs. NIL.

The Company does not expect any liability in respect of pending assessments.

# 26. Details of Contingent Liabilities & Commitments

Rs. in crores
As at As at

Sr.No. Particulars 31st March 2021 31st Mar 2020

## (I) CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

(A) Claims against the company / disputed liabilities

(a) In respect of others\* 404.73 398.16

\* this includes Bank Guarantees issued against the disputed liabilities not acknowledged as debts of Rs 120.19 Crore (Previous Year Rs 120.19 Crore)

(B) Guarantee

(i) Guarantees to Banks and Financial

Institutions against credit facilities

extended to third parties

(a) In respect of others 40.38 38.51

## (II) COMMITMENTS

(A) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for:

(a) In respect of others 165.31 NIL

#### 27. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

- The fair value of investment in quoted Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.
- All foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate at reporting date.

#### A. Fair Value Measurement Hierarchy

Rs. in crores

	As at 31st March, 2021				As at 31st March, 2020			2020
Particulars	Carrying Level of input used in		Carrying	Level of input used in				
	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Amount	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets								
At Amortised Cost								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Receivables	151.28	-	-	-	123.19	-	-	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents	7.02	-	-	-	0.31	-	-	-
Loans	17.62	-	-	-	10.39	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets	5.45	-	-	-	9.38	-	-	-
At FVTPL								
Investments	7.23	7.23	-	-	2.31	2.31	-	-
Financial Liabilities								
At Amortised Cost							•	
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	33.99	-	-	-	36.38	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	240.00	-	-	-	240.00	-	-	-

The financial instruments are categorized into three levels based on the inputs used to arrive at fair value measurements as described below:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2: Inputs other than the quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Inputs based on unobservable market data.

Valuation Methodology
All financial instruments are initially recognized and subsequently re-measured at fair value as described below:

- The fair value of investment in quoted Equity Shares, Bonds, Government Securities, Treasury Bills and Mutual Funds is measured at quoted price or NAV.
- All foreign currency denominated assets and liabilities are translated using exchange rate at reporting date.

#### Financial Risk Management

The different types of risks the Company is exposed to are market risk, commodity risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company uses derivative financial instruments such as forwards,

#### Market Risk

#### i) a) Foreign Currency Risk

The following table shows foreign currency exposures in US Dollar, Euro and Japanese Yen on financial instruments at the end of the reporting period. The exposure to all

Foreign Currency Exposure Rs. in crores As at As at **Particulars** 31st March, 2021 31st March, 2020 GBP USD USD EUR **EUR** GBP Borrowings Trade and Other Payables (2.39)(0.56)(3.15)(0.98)Trade and Other Receivables 164.84 0.73 0.27 Derivatives Forwards and Futures Currency Swaps Options 162.46 (0.56)(0.71) Exposure (2.42)

The net exposures have natural hedges in the form of future foreign currency earnings and earnings linked to foreign currency

for which the company may follow hedge accounting.

#### Sensitivity analysis of 1% change in exchange rate at the end of reporting period.

#### Foreign Currency Sensitivity

						Rs. in crores
1 % Depreciation in INR	As at 3	As at 31st March, 2021 As at 31st M		March, 2020		
	USD	EUR	JPY	USD	EUR	JPY
Impact on P&L (Loss)	1.62	(0.01)	-	(0.02)	(0.01)	-
Total	1.62	(0.01)	-	(0.02)	(0.01)	-
1 % Appreciation in INR	As at 3	1st March, 202	21	As at 31st March, 2020		
	USD	EUR	JPY	USD	EUR	JPY
Impact on P&L	(1.62)	0.01	-	0.02	0.01	-
Total	(1.62)	0.01	-	0.02	0.01	-

#### Interest Rate Risk b)

The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rate relates to the floating rate debt obligations and derivative products taken to mitigate interest rate risk.

Since the Company doesn't have interest bearing borrowing outstanding at the end of the financial year, the exposure of the Company's borrowings and derivatives to interest rate changes at the end of the reporting year are NIL.

#### ii) Commodity Price Risk

Commodity price risk arises due to fluctuation in prices of crude oil, other feed stock and products and bullion. The Company has a risk management framework aimed at prudently managing the risk arising from the volatility in commodity prices and freight costs.

The Company's commodity risk is managed centrally through well-established trading operations and control processes. In accordance with the risk management policy, the Company enters into various transactions using derivatives and uses over-the-counter as well as Exchange Traded Futures, Options and Swap contracts to hedge its commodity and freight exposure.

#### iii) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to perform or pay the amounts due causing financial loss to the Company. Credit risk arises from Company's activities in investments, dealing in derivatives and receivables from customers.

The Company has a prudent and conservative process for managing its credit risk arising in the course of its business activities. Credit risk across the Company, is actively managed through Letters of Credit, Bank Guarantees, Parent Group Guarantees, advance payments, security deposits and factoring and forfaiting without recourse to Company. The Company restricts its fixed income investments in liquid securities carrying high credit rating.

#### iv) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk arises from the Company's inability to meet its cash flow commitments on the due date. The Company maintains sufficient stock of cash, marketable securities and committed credit facilities. The Company accesses global and local financial markets to meet its liquidity requirements. It uses a range of products and a mix of currencies to ensure efficient funding from across well-diversified markets and investor pools. Treasury monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's cash flow position and ensures that the Company is able to meet its financial obligation at all times including contingencies.

The Company's liquidity is managed centrally with operating units forecasting their cash and liquidity requirements. Treasury pools the cash surpluses from across the different operating units and then arranges to either fund the net deficit or invest the net surplus in the market.

28 As per IND AS -24 'Related Party Disclosures', the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

## (i) List of related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

- Sr Name of the related party 1 Reliance Industries Limited (From 28.05.2019) Reliance Industries Limited (Upto 28.05.2019)
  - Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited (Upto May 17, 2020)
  - Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited (Upto May 17, 2020)
  - Reliance Strategic Investments Limited (Upto May 17, 2020) Reliance Jio Infocomm Limited
- 5
- Reliance Ventures Limited
- Reliance Retail Limited
- Reliance Strategic Business Ventures Limited 8
- Reliance Projects and Property Management services Limited
- 10 Shri Sudhir Nayak (Manager)
- 11 Shri. Vikas Pethe (appointed as a Company Secretary w.e.f. April 12, 2019)
- 12 Ms. Dipti Baxi (Chief Financial Officer)
- 13 Reliance Foundation

## Relationship

- Holding company
- Ultimate Holding company
- Fellow Subsidiary company Key managerial Personnel
- Key managerial Personnel
- Key managerial Personnel
- Enterprise over which Key Managerial Personal of Ultimate holding company are able to exercise significant influence

#### (ii] Transactions during the year with related parties (excluding reimbursements):

	nsactions during the year with related parties (exclu	Holding	Fellow	Key		Amount in ₹ Crore
Sr No	Nature of transactions	company - RIL	subsidiary company	Managerial Personnel	Others	Total
1	Revenue from Operations	360.12	87.63	•	-	447.75
		(430.21)	(99.94)	-	-	(530.15)
2	Purchases	<b>5.10</b> (12.54)	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<u>-</u> -	<b>5.10</b> (12.54)
3	Business Support services	<b>6.35</b> (2.77)	0.70	-	-	<b>7.05</b> (2.77)
4	Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel	-	-	<b>1.48</b> (1.44)	-	<b>1.48</b> (1.44)
5	Unsecured Loan Taken /Debentures issued	-	857.80 -	-	- -	857.80 -
6	Donation	-	- -	- -	<b>0.25</b> (0.25)	<b>0.25</b> (0.25)
Bal	ance as at 31st March, 2021					
1	Share capital	<b>15.00</b> (15.00)	-	-	-	15.00 15.00
2	Unsecured Loans	<u>-</u> -	<b>250.00</b> (250.00)	-	-	<b>250.00</b> (250.00)
3	Long term Liabilities	<b>240.00</b> (240.00)	<u>-</u> -	- -	<u>-</u>	<b>240.00</b> (240.00)
4	Trade Receivables	<b>135.50</b> (88.83)	<b>15.76</b> (34.36)	-	-	<b>151.26</b> (123.19)
5	Trade Payables	<b>2.27</b> (0.58)	0.70 -	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<b>2.97</b> (0.58)
6	Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures		857.80			857.80 -

## Notes to the Financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2021

29 Disclosure in respect of major related party transactions:

- 1 Revenue from Operations includes Reliance Industries Limited-Rs. 360.12 cr (previous year Rs. 430.21 cr)
- 2 Purchases includes purchase of ATF from Reliance Industries Limited Rs.5.10 cr (previous year Rs.12.54 cr )
- 3 Trade Receivables includes Reliance Industries Limited- Rs.135.50 cr (previous year Rs.88.83 cr), Reliance JIO Infocomm Ltd Rs.NIL (previous year Rs.22.30 Cr) and Reliance Retail Ltd Rs. 15.76 cr (previous year 12.06 cr).
- 4 Trade Payables includes Reliance Industries Limited- Rs. 2.27 cr (previous year Rs. 0.58 cr) & Reliance Projects & Propert Management Services Ltd Rs.Rs.0.70 cr (previous year -Nil)
- 5 Remuneration to key Managerial personnel includes the following:-

Amount in ₹ Cr						
Particulars	Relationshi p	2020-21	2019-20			
Shri Sudhir Nayak (Manager)	Key	1.06	1.04			
Shri Vikas Pethe	Managerial	0.18	0.16			
Ms. Dipti Baxi (C F O)	Personnel	0.24	0.24			
Total		1.48	1.44			

The remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel during the year was as follows:

		2020-21	2019-20
:	Short term	1.42	1.38
1.	benefits	1.42	1.30
	Post		
ii.	employment	0.06	0.06
	benefits		
Total		1.48	1.44

- Business support services includes Hangar Rent /Branding / Manpower /Covid Material purchased from RIL amounting to Rs.6.36 cr (Previous Year Rs.2.77cr) and Restaurant services availed from Reliance Projects and Property Management services Limited amounting to Rs.0.71cr (Previous Year Nil).
- 30 Details of loans given, investment made, guarantee given and securities provided covered u/s 186(4) of the Companies Act, 2013:
  - (i) Loans given or investment made as at 31st March, 2021 is Nil (Previous Year Nil).
  - (ii) Securities provided or guarantee given by the Company in respect of Loans as at 31st March, 2021 is Nil (Previous Year Nil).
- 31 The figures for the corresponding previous year have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary, to make them comparable.

## 32 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved for issue by the board of directors on 21st April, 2021.

## As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board
Nikhil Meswani Chairman
For Rajendra & Co.
P M S Prasad Director
Chartered Accountants
Sudhir Nayak Manager

(Firm Registration No. 108355W) Dipti Baxi Chief Financial Officer
Vikas Pethe Company Secretary

K.K. Desai

Partner Membership No. -100805 Place:-Mumbai Date:- 21st April 2021