NETWORK18 HOLDINGS LIMITED ANNUAL ACCOUNTS - FY: 2016-17

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

#### TO THE MEMBERS OF NETWORK18 HOLDINGS LIMITED

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Network18 Holdings Limited ('the Company'), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs (financial position), profit or loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether these financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial controls relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on these financial statements.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31 March 2017, and its profit/loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

For Mohan L. Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 005345N

#### **Ankush Jain**

Partner Membership No. 540194

# Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017

Date: 13.04.2017

					Amount in USD
		Notes	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
ASSET	rs				
(1) N	on - current assets				
(a	) Financial Assets				
	(i) Investments	1	13,896,738	13,896,738	13,896,738
	(ii) Others	2	24,125,615	34,947,902	36,092,751
(b	Other non- current assets	3	633,899	633,899	633,899
(2) C	urrent assets				
(a	i) Financial Assets				
	(i) Cash and cash equivalents	4	546,849	661,450	689,562
	(ii) Loans	5	14,782,480	14,400,033	14,031,591
	(iii) Others	6	4,037	4,560	4,528
(b	o) Other current assets	7	33,509,080	32,756,396	34,718,956
	Total Assets		87,498,698	97,300,978	100,068,025
EQUIT	TY AND LIABILITIES				
(1) E	quity				
(a	) Equity Share capital	8	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
(b	Other Equity	9	16,030,521	5,245,913	5,473,214
			17,530,521	6,745,913	6,973,214
	iabilities				
	on - current liabilities				
Fi	inancial Liabilities				
_	Other financial liabilities	10	-	22,045,924	23,405,084
(3) C	urrent liabilities				
(a					
_	Borrowings	11	34,653,164	33,911,853	33,138,360
(b	o) Other current liabilities	12	1,807,614	1,842,581	1,839,437
(c	e) Provisions	13	33,507,399	32,754,707	34,711,930
	Total Equity and Liabilities		87,498,698	97,300,978	100,068,025
	cant Accounting Policies companying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 25			
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	s of our report attached		1 1 1 16 641 TO	1.60	
Charter	phan L. Jain & Co. red Accountants reg. No. 005345N	For a	nd on behalf of the B	oard of Directors	
Ankusl		Sharif	f Golam Hossen	M Aslam Koor	nar
Partner		Direct		Director	
	ership No. 540194	_ = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =			
Place:-	Noida	Place:	- Noida		
D . 1	2.04.2017	D 4	12.04.2017		

Date: 13.04.2017

## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

Amount in USD Notes Year ended Year ended 31.03.2017 31.03.2016 I Revenue from operations II Other income 14 641,495 317,407 III Total Income (I+II) 317,407 641,495 **Expenses** (a) Finance costs 15 3,513,053 3,485,402 Other expenses 16 16,772 19,019 3,529,825 3,504,421 Total expenses (IV) Profit/(Loss) before exceptional items and tax (III-IV) (3,212,418)(2,862,926)VI Exceptional items VII Profit/(Loss) before tax (V-VI) (3,212,418)(2,862,926)VIII Tax expense: 17 Current tax expense Net tax expense IX Profit/(Loss) for the year (VII-VIII) (3,212,418)(2,862,926)**Other Comprehensive Income** X XI Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year (IX + X) (3,212,418) (2,862,926)18 XII Earnings per equity share (Face value of US\$ 1 each) (a) Basic (2.14)(1.91)(b) Diluted (0.24)(0.21)

In terms of our report attached

Significant Accounting Policies

See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 005345N

Ankush Jain Partner Membership No. 540194

Place:- Noida Date: 13.04.2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shariff Golam Hossen

1 to 25

M Aslam Koomar Director

Director

## Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2017

## OTHER EQUITY

**Amount in USD** 

		Reserves an		
	Equity Instrument *	Capital Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Balance as at 01 April 2015				
Opening Balance	12,000,000	-	(19,214,453)	(7,214,453)
Addition during the year	-	12,687,667	-	12,687,667
	12,000,000	12,687,667	(19,214,453)	5,473,214
Balance as at 31 March 2016				
Opening Balance	12,000,000	12,687,667	(19,214,453)	5,473,214
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	(2,862,926)	(2,862,926)
Addition during the year	-	2,635,626	-	2,635,626
	12,000,000	15,323,293	(22,077,380)	5,245,913
Balance as at 31 March 2017				
Opening Balance	12,000,000	15,323,293	(22,077,380)	5,245,913
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-	-	(3,212,418)	(3,212,418)
Addition during the year	-	13,997,026	-	13,997,026
	12,000,000	29,320,319	(25,289,798)	16,030,521

<sup>\*</sup> Please refer note no. 9 (a).

In terms of our report attached

**For Mohan L. Jain & Co.** Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 005345N

Partner Membership No. 540194

Place:- Noida Date: 13.04.2017

**Ankush Jain** 

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Shariff Golam Hossen M Aslam Koomar Director Director

# Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

				Amount in USD
	Particulars		Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
<b>A.</b>	Cash flow from operating activities			
	Profit before tax		(3,212,418)	(2,862,926)
	Adjustments for:			
	- Finance costs		3,511,510	3,483,954
	- Net (gain) / loss on Fair Valuation of Financial Assets/Liabilities		58,190	(268,704)
	<ul> <li>Interest income</li> </ul>		(375,598)	(377,350)
	Operating profit before working capital changes		(18,316)	(25,026)
	Changes in working capital:			
	Adjustments for (increase) / decrease in operating assets:			
	<ul> <li>Current Financial Assets other than cash</li> </ul>		(1,134,609)	2,372,137
	<ul> <li>Other current liabilities</li> </ul>		1,459,036	(1,954,079)
	Cash generated from operations		306,111	393,032
	Net income tax (paid)			
	Net cash flow from operating activities	<b>(A)</b>	306,111	393,032
B.	Cash flow from investing activities			
	Interest received		375,598	377,350
	Net cash flow (used in) investing activities	<b>(B)</b>	375,598	377,350
C.	Cash flow from financing activities			
	Finance costs		(796,310)	(798,493)
	Net cash flow from / (used in) financing activities	<b>(C)</b>	(796,310)	(798,493)
	Net increase/ (decrease) in Cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)	(114,601)	(28,111)
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year		661,450	689,561
	Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year		546,849	661,450

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 005345N

**Ankush Jain** 

Partner Membership No. 540194

Place:- Noida Date: 13.04.2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Shariff Golam Hossen** 

Director

M Aslam Koomar

Director

#### A CORPORATE INFORMATION

Network 18 Holdings Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Cayman Islands on 19th April, 2006 and had its registered office at Regatta Office Park, West Bay Road, Windward 1, P.O. Box 31106, Grand Cayman, Cayman Islands. The Company migrated from Cayman Islands to Mauritius and was granted Certificate of Registration by Continuation under Section 299 of the Companies Act 2001 of Mauritius with effect from 19th April 2012. The registered office of the Company is situated at 5th Floor, Ebene Esplanade, 24 Cyber City, Ebene, Mauritius. The Company's principal activity is business of making investments. The company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Network 18 Media & Investment Limited.

#### B ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### **B.1** Basis of preparation and presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the Accounting Standards notified under the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statement has been prepared for the purpose of preparation of consolidated financial statement of Network18 Media & Investments Limited, the parent entity of the Company incorporated and listed in India.

Up to the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company has prepared the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Indian GAAP, which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as "Previous GAAP".

These financial statements are the Company's first Ind AS financial statements and as covered by Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Company's financial statements are presented in US Dollars (\$), which is its functional currency.

#### **B.2** Summary of significant accounting policies

### (a) Property, plant and equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and arrangements arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided using straight line method. Depreciation is provided based on useful life of the assets as prescribed in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013.

The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of a property, plant and equipment are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Tangible assets carrying value under previous GAAP is recognised as deemed cost.

### (b) Intangible assets:

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes less accumulated amortisation and impairment loss, if any. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use and net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### (c) Leases:

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

#### Company as a lessee

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit and loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalized in accordance with the Company's general policy on the borrowing costs.

A leased asset is depreciated over the useful life of the asset. However, if there is no reasonable certainty that the Company will obtain ownership by the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the estimated useful life of the asset and the lease term.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term except where another systematic basis is more representative of time pattern in which economic benefits from the leased assets are consumed.

#### (d) Borrowings Cost

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets are capitalised as part of the cost of such assets. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use.

All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they are incurred.

#### (e) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realizable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of purchase cost and other overheads, net of recoverable taxes, incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

#### (f) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each balance sheet date, the Company assesses whether there is an indication that any property, plant and equipment and intangible assets may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of impairment, if any. Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value, using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessment of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in the statement of profit or loss.

### (g) Provisions and Contigencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed unless the possibility of outflow of resources is remote. Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed in the financial statements.

#### (h) Employee Benefits

#### (i) Short Term Employee Benefits

The undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits expected to be paid in exchange for the services rendered by employees is recognized as an expense during the period when the employee render the services.

#### (ii) Long Term Employee Benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation as at the Balance Sheet date on the basis of acturial valuation.

## (iii) Post-Employment Benefits

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

A defined contribution plan is a post-employment benefit plan under which specified contributions are made. The contributions are recognised as an expense in the Profit and Loss Statement during the period in which the employee renders the related service.

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

The liability in respect of defined benefit plans and other post-employment benefits is calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method and spread over the period during which the benefit is expected to be derived from employees' services.

Re-measurement of defined benefit plans in respect of post-employment and other long term benefits are charged to the Other Comprehensive Income.

### (i) Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income and equity.

#### Current tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

The Company is a "Category 1 Global Business Licence Company" for the purpose of the Financial Services Act 2007 of Mauritius. The profit of the company, as adjusted for income tax purposes, is subject to income tax at 15%. It is, however, entitled to a tax credit equivalent to the higher of the foreign taxes paid on 80% of the Mauritius tax on its foreign source income.

### (j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits with any qualifying financial institution, repayable on demand or maturing within three months of the date of acquisition and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### (k) Foreign currencies

### **Transactions and Translation**

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency closing rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are recorded using the exchange rates at the date of the transaction.

#### (l) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue is recognised only if the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the customer;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor
  effective control over the goods sold;
- It is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

Revenue from operations includes sale of goods and services measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividends Income is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

## (m) Financial instruments

#### 1) Financial assets

#### 1.a Initial recognition and measurement:

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are added to the fair value on initial recognition. Regular way purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

### 1.b Subsequent measurement

#### i) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

## ii) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### iii) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

#### 1.c Equity instruments

Equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

#### 1.d Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures

The company has accounted for its investments in subsidiary at cost.

#### 1.e Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model to the following:

- a. Financial assets at amortised cost
- b. Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive income

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

Historical loss experience used to determine the impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

#### 2 Financial liabilities

#### 2.a Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

#### 2.b Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

#### C CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

#### C.1 Depreciation and useful lives of Property, Plant and Equipments:

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over the estimated useful lives of the assets, after taking into account their estimated residual value. Intangible assets are amortised over its estimated useful lives. Management reviews the estimated useful lives and residual values of the assets annually in order to determine the amount of depreciation/ amortisation to be recorded during any reporting period. The useful lives and residual values are based on the Company's historical experience with similar assets and take into account anticipated technological changes. The depreciation/ amortisation for future periods is adjusted if there are significant changes from previous estimates.

#### C.2 Provisions:

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgment to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

### C.3 Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or a group of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transaction are taken into account, if no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

#### C.4 Recoverability of trade receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

#### C.5 Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

#### D FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS:

The company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2016 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly, the impact of transition differences has been provided in the Opening Reserve as at 1st April 2015 and all the periods presented have been restated accordingly.

### **D.1** Exemptions from retrospective application:

#### (a) Business combination exemption

The Company has applied the exemption as provided in Ind AS 101 on non-application of Ind AS 103, "Business Combinations" to business combinations consummated prior to April 1, 2015 (the "Transition Date"), pursuant to which goodwill arising from a business combination is stated at the carrying amount prior to the date of transition under Indian GAAP.

#### (b) Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates

The company has elected to measure investments in subsidiary at cost.

				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
1	NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS			
	Investment Classification at Cost			
	Unquoted, fully paid up			
(a)	In Equity Shares of subsidiary companies			
	9,261,733 (March 2016 : 9,261,733   April 2015 : 9,261,733 ) Ordinary shares of USD 0.2 each in NW18 HSN Holdings PLC	13,831,969	13,831,969	13,831,969
<b>(b)</b>	In preference shares of subsidiary companies			
	i) 500 (March 2016 : 500   April 2015 : 500 ) Class A Preference Shares of USD 0.2 each in NW18 HSN Holdings PLC	1,000	1,000	1,000
	ii) 1,275,367 (March 2016 : 1,275,367   April 2015 : 1,275,367 ) Class O Preference Shares of USD 0.2 partly paid up of USD 0.05 each in NW18 HSN Holdings PLC	63,769	63,769	63,769
	Total	13,896,738	13,896,738	13,896,738
	Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	13,896,738	13,896,738	13,896,738
				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
2	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - LONG TERM			
	Share warrants	24,125,614	24,125,614	24,125,614
	Preference Shares		10,822,288	11,967,138
		24,125,615	34,947,902	36,092,751
				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
3	OTHER NON- CURRENT ASSETS			
	(a) Advance income tax	609,715	609,715	609,715
	(b) Share warrants - partly paid up (Investments in subsidiary)	24,184	24,184	24,184
		633,899	633,899	633,899

Amount in USD As at As at As at 31.03.2017 31.03.2016 01.04.2015CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Cash on hand Balances with banks 546,849 661,450 689,562 661,450 689,562 546,849 Cash and cash equivalents as per statement of cash flow

- **4.1** Cash and Cash Equivalents includes deposits maintained by the Company with banks, which can be withdrawn by the Company at any point of time without prior notice or penalty on the principal.
- **4.2** The MCA Notification vide G.S.R 308(E), dated 30th March 2017, regarding disclosure requirements on holding and dealing of Specified Bank Notes (SBN) during the period 08.11.2016 to 30.12.2016 is not applicable to the company.

				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
5	LOANS - SHORT TERM (Unsecured and considered Good)			
	Loan & Advance to related parties (Refer Note No. 19 b)	14,782,480	14,400,033	14,031,591
		14,782,480	14,400,033	14,031,591
				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
6	OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS - SHORT TERM			
	Interest accrued on deposits and advances	4,037	4,560	4,528
		4,037	4,560	4,528
				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
7	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured and considered good)			
	(a) Advances other than capital advances			
	<ul> <li>Receivable from a related party *</li> </ul>	33,507,399	32,754,704	34,711,930
	(b) Prepaid expenses	1,681	1,692	7,026
		33,509,080	32,756,396	34,718,956
	* Please refer note no. 13.			

							Amou	unt in USD
			As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016			
			Number of Shares	USD	Number of Shares	USD	Number of Shares	USD
8	SHA	ARE CAPITAL						
	(a)	Authorised Share Capital:						
		Ordinary shares of USD 1 each	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
		Preference shares of USD 1 each	5,400,000	5,400,000	5,400,000	5,400,000	5,400,000	5,400,000
	<b>(b)</b>	Issued, Subscribed and fully paid up						
		Ordinary shares of USD 1 each fully paid up	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
		Total	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000

#### Notes:

(i) The Company has only one class of ordinary shares having par value of USD 1 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. All shareholders are equally entitled to dividends. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holder of the ordinary shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after payment of all liabilities. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of ordinary shares held by the shareholders.

### (ii) Details of shares held by holding company and their subsidiaries:

Particulars		s at 3.2017		at .2016	As 01.04.	
	Number of Shares	USD	Number of Shares	USD	Number of Shares	USD
Network18 Media & Investments Limited,	1 500 000	1 500 000	1 500 000	1 500 000	1,500,000	1 500 000
the Holding Company	1,500,000					

#### (iii) Details of shares held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares:

Particulars		As at 31.03.2017					As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of Shares		Number of Shares		Number of Shares	% Holding		
Network18 Media & Investments Limited	1,500,000	100%	1,500,000	100%	1,500,000	100%		

### (iv) Reconciliation of the number of shares and amount outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year:

Particulars	As at 31.03.2017		As at 31.03.2016		As at 01.04.2015	
	Number of Shares	Amount (USD)	Number of Shares	Amount (USD)	Number of Shares	Amount USD
Equity Shares opening balance	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
Add: Shares issued during the period	-	-	-	-	-	-
Equity Shares closing balance	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000

<sup>(</sup>v) No shares have been issued for consideration other than cash or as bonus shares or bought back in the current reporting period or in the last five years immediately preceding the current reporting period.

				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
9	OTHER EQUITY			
(a)	<b>Equity component of compound financial instruments</b>			
	12,000,000 (March 2016 : 12,000,000   April 2015 : 12,000,000)  Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures of			
	USD 1 each *	12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000
		12,000,000	12,000,000	12,000,000
<b>(b)</b>	Capital reserve			
	Opening balance	15,323,293	12,687,667	-
	Addition during the year	13,997,026	2,635,626	12,687,667
		29,320,319	15,323,293	12,687,667
(c)	Surplus/ (Deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss			
	Opening balance	(22,077,380)	(19,214,453)	(19,214,453)
	Profit for the year	(3,212,418)	(2,862,926)	-
		(25,289,798)	(22,077,380)	(19,214,453)
	Total Other Equity	16,030,521	5,245,913	5,473,214

### \* Terms of redeemption/conversion

The Optionally Convertible Debentures of 1 each were issued on 01.10.2013. The debenture has coupon rate of 0.01% per annum, a tenure of ten years from the allotment date and option to convert into equity shares of the Company at par value.

					Amount in USD
			As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
10	ОТ	THER FINANCIAL LIABILITIES - LONG TERM			
	i.	Share warrants call money payable	-	17,512,851	19,304,304
	ii.	Preference shares call money payable	-	4,533,073	4,100,780
			<u> </u>	22,045,924	23,405,084
					Amount in USD
			As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
11	во	DRROWINGS - CURRENT			
	i.	Unsecured Loans and advances from related parties			
		(Refer Note No 19 b)	34,653,164	33,911,853	33,138,360
			34,653,164	33,911,853	33,138,360

				Amount in USD
		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
12	OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	i) Due to related parties	1,798,683	1,828,683	1,828,683
	ii) Others	8,931	13,898	10,754
		1,807,614	1,842,581	1,839,437
				Amount in USD
		As at	As at	As at
		31.03.2017	31.03.2016	01.04.2015
13	PROVISIONS - SHORT TERM			
	Provision for Indemnity (refer note 7)*	33,507,399	32,754,707	34,711,930
		33,507,399	32,754,707	34,711,930
	Provision for indemnity	<del></del>		
	Opening balance	32,754,707	34,711,930	34,711,930
	Foreign exchange fluctuation	(752,692)	1,957,223	-
	Closing balance	33,507,399	32,754,707	34,711,930

<sup>\*</sup> During the year ended 31 March 2011, Roptonal Limited, Cyprus ("Roptonal") a subsidiary of the holding company's jointly controlled entity, Viacom18 Media Private Limited made a public offer for purchase of entire issued capital of The Indian Film Company Limited, Guernsey ('TIFC'). The Company and its ultimate holding company, in their capacity as shareholders in TIFC accepted the public offer. Further, pursuant to an agreement between Roptonal and the Company, the Company has agreed to indemnify Roptonal against the amount, if any, by which the net cash generated by TIFC from its existing film library in respect of the period from the date on which the aforementioned public offer becomes unconditional up to 21 July 2014 is less than the net asset value of the film library as per the TIFC's therein mentioned accounts for the year ended 31 March 2010.

The Company has also agreed to indemnify Roptonal against certain Indian tax liabilities that may potentially arise in TIFC or Roptonal in respect of certain withholding tax recoveries stated in TIFC's financial statements and other taxes relating to the sale of Company's shares in TIFC. The aforementioned agreement further provided that if the Company does not fulfill the indemnity obligations agreed in the agreement, the indemnity shall be provided by the holding company. Based on the assessment of estimated cash flow of the indemnified assets, the Company has estimated the liability as Rs. 2,17,26,19,721 {equavlent to USD 33,507,399 (previous year 32,754,707)}.

		Amount in USI		
		Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016	
14	OTHER INCOME			
	(a) Interest income on			
	<ul> <li>From related parties (refer note no. 19 b)</li> </ul>	367,447	368,442	
	<ul> <li>Deposit with banks</li> </ul>	8,151	8,908	
	(b) Other non-operating income			
	Exchange Gain/Loss Conversion (On fair valuation)	596,458	1,408,995	
	Other Income (On fair valuation)	(654,648)	(1,144,850)	
		317,407	641,495	

				Amount in USD
			Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
15	FINANCE COSTS			
	(a) Interest expense on			
	<ul> <li>On fair valuation</li> </ul>		2,715,198	2,685,461
	<ul> <li>On loan from related party</li> </ul>		796,310	798,493
	(b) Bank Charges		1,545	1,448
			3,513,053	3,485,402
				Amount in USD
			Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
16	OTHER EXPENSES			
	- Establishment Expenses			
	Legal and professional expenses (See note below)		16,580	18,974
	Exchange loss		192	45
			16,772	19,019
16.1	Payments to the auditors:			
	Statutory audit fees		3,500	3,500
	Other services		-	-
			3,500	3,500
				Amount in USD
	Particulars	As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
17.	TAX ASSETS/LIABILITIES NOTE			
	Current Tax Assets (Net)			
	At start of year	609,715	609,715	609,715
	Charge for the year	-	-	-
	Tax paid during the year			
	At the end of the year	609,715	609,715	609,715

Amount in USD

	Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2017	Year ended 31.03.2016
18	EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)		
	Net Profit after Tax as per Profit and Loss Statement attributable to Equity Shareholders	(3,212,418)	(2,862,926)
	Weighted average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating Basic EPS	1,500,000	1,500,000
	Total Weighted Average Potential Equity Shares	12,000,000	12,000,000
	Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for calculating diluted EPS	13,500,000	13,500,000
	Earnings per Equity Share		
	1) Basic (USD)	(2.14)	(1.91)
	2) Diluted (USD)	(0.24)	(0.21)
	Face Value per Equity Share (USD)	1	1

### 19 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:

a) List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Sr. no.	Name of related party	Relationship
1	Independent Media Trust	
2	Adventure Marketing Private Limited*	
3	Watermark Infratech Private Limited*	
4	Colorful Media Private Limited*	
5	RB Media Holdings Private Limited*	
6	RB Mediasoft Private Limited*	Enterprises exercising Control
7	RRB Mediasoft Private Limited*	
8	RB Holdings Private Limited*	
9	Teesta Retail Private Limited (formerly Shinano Retail Private Limited which has merged with Teesta Retail Private Limited effective 29.12.2016)*	
10	Network18 Media & Investments Limited	
11 12	Reliance Industries Limited (RIL) Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Beneficiary/Protector of Independent Media Trust
13	E-18 Limited	
14	ibn18 (Mauritius) Limited	
15	NW18 HSN Holdings PLC	Fellow Subsidiaries
16	Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited	
17	Television Eighteen Media and Investsment Limited	
18	Web18 Holdings Limited	
19	Roptonal Limited, Cyprus	Subsidiary of a JV of fellow subsidiary

<sup>\*</sup> Control by Independent Media Trust of which RIL is the sole beneficiary.

## b) Transactions during the year with related parties:

Amount in USD

			I	Hount III USD
Particulars	Enterprises exercising control	Fellow subsidiaries	Subsidiary of a JV of fellow subsidiary	Associates
Transactions during the year				
<b>Interest income</b>				
Television Eighteen Media and	-	367,447	-	-
Investsment Limited	(-)	(368,442)	(-)	(-)
Interest expense				
ibn18 (Mauritius) Limited	-	752,816	-	-
	(-)	(754,879)	(-)	(-)
Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited	-	43,495	-	-
	(-)	(43,614)	(-)	(-)
Additional Loan given during the year				
Television Eighteen Media and	-	15,000	-	-
Investsment Limited	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Loan repaid during the year				
ibn18 (Mauritius) Limited	-	55,000	-	-
	(-)	(25,000)	(-)	(-)
Web18 Holdings Limited	-	30,000	-	-
	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Balances at end of the year				
Balance payable				
Network 18 Media & Investments Limited	9,998	-	-	-
	(9,998)	(-)	(-)	(-)
	(9,998)	(-)	(-)	(-)
Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited	-	1,675,001	-	-
	(-)	(1,675,001)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(1,675,001)	(-)	(-)
Web18 Holdings Limited	-	113,684	-	-
	(-)	(143,684)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(143,684)	(-)	(-)
Loans/borrowings				
ibn18 (Mauritius) Limited	-	28,414,360	-	-
	(-)	(27,716,544)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(26,986,665)	(-)	(-)
Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited	-	1,704,404	-	-
	(-)	(1,660,909)	(-)	(-)
	(-)	(1,617,295)	(-)	(-)

b) Transactions during the year with related parties: (Continued)

Amount in USD

Amount					
Particulars	Enterprises exercising control	Fellow subsidiaries	Subsidiary of a JV of fellow subsidiary	Associates	
E-18 Limited	-	4,534,400	-	-	
	(-)	(4,534,400)	(-)	(-)	
	(-)	(4,534,400)	(-)	(-)	
Short-term Provisions					
Roptonal Limited, Cyprus	-	-	33,507,399	-	
	(-)	(-)	(32,754,707)	(-)	
	(-)	(-)	(34,711,930)	(-)	
Loans and Advances					
Television Eighteen Media and	-	14,414,038	-	-	
Investsment Limited	(-)	(14,400,033)	(-)	(-)	
	(-)	(14,031,591)	(-)	(-)	
Network 18 Media & Investments Limited	33,507,399	-	-	-	
	(32,754,707)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
	(34,711,930)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
Warrant subscription money					
NW18 HSN Holdings PLC	-	24,184	-	-	
	(-)	(24,184)	(-)	(-)	
	(-)	(24,184)	(-)	(-)	
Optionally Convertible Debenture					
Network 18 Media & Investments Limited	12,000,000	-	-	-	
	(12,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)	
	(12,000,000)	(-)	(-)	(-)	

<sup>20</sup> The Board of Directors, vide its written resolution, have approved the amalgamation of the Company with Network18 Media & Investments Limited, the holding Company ("Transferee Company") in accordance with the proposed Scheme of Amalgamation for amalgamation of Colosceum Media Private Limited, Digital18 Media Limited, Capital18 Fincap Private Limited, RVT Finhold Private Limited, RRK Finhold Private Limited, RRB Investments Private Limited, Setpro18 Distribution Limited, Reed Infomedia India Private Limited, Web18 Software Services Limited, Television Eighteen Media and Investments Limited, Television Eighteen Mauritius Limited, Web18 Holdings Limited, E18 Limited and Network18 Holdings Limited with the 'Transferee Company' with appointed date as 1st April, 2016, subject to necessary approvals.

## 21 FIRST TIME IND AS ADOPTION RECONCILIATIONS

## 21.1 Effect of IND AS adoption on the Standalone Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2016 and 1st April, 2015

Amount in USD

	As at 31st March, 2016			As at 1st April, 2015		
Particulars	As per Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet	As per Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
Non-current assets						
(a) Financial Assets						
(i) Investment	13,896,738	-	13,896,738	13,896,738	-	13,896,738
(ii) Loans	24,184	(24,184)	-	14,665,490	(14,665,490)	-
(iii) Others	-	34,947,902	34,947,902	-	36,092,751	36,092,751
(b) Other Non-current assets	-	633,899	633,899	-	633,899	633,899
Current assets						
(a) Financial Assets						
(i) Cash and cash equivalents	661,450	-	661,450	689,562	-	689,562
(ii) Loans	15,011,440	(611,407)	14,400,033	7,026	14,024,565	14,031,591
(iii) Others	-	4,560	4,560	-	4,528	4,528
(b) Other current assets	32,759,265	(2,869)	32,756,396	34,716,457	2,499	34,718,956
Total Assets	62,353,077	34,947,901	97,300,978	63,975,273	36,092,752	100,068,025
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
(a) Equity Share capital	1,500,000	-	1,500,000	1,500,000	-	1,500,000
(b) Other Equity	-	5,245,913	5,245,913	-	5,473,214	5,473,214
(c) Reserve & Surplus	(19,656,064)	19,656,064	-	(19,214,454)	19,214,454	-
Liabilities						
Non-Current liabilities						
Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	12,000,000	(12,000,000)	-	12,000,000	(12,000,000)	-
(ii) Others	-	22,045,924	22,045,924	-	23,405,084	23,405,084
Current liabilities						
(a) Financial Liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	33,911,853	-	33,911,853	33,138,360	-	33,138,360
(ii) Trade payable	-	-	-	10,754	(10,754)	-
(b) Other current liabilities	1,842,581	-	1,842,581	1,828,683	10,754	1,839,437
(c) Provisions	32,754,707	-	32,754,707	34,711,930	-	34,711,930
Total Equity & Liabilities	62,353,077	34,947,901	97,300,978	63,975,273	36 092 752	100,068,025

### 21.2 Reconciliation of Reserve between IND AS and Previous GAAP

**Amount in USD** 

Sr. No.	Nature of adjustments	Year ended 31st March, 2016	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
	Net Profit/Reserves as per Previous Indian GAAP	(441,610)	(19,656,064)	(19,214,454)
1	Fair Valuation of Preference Shares and warrants	(2,421,316)	(2,421,316)	-
2	Zero Coupon Optionally Fully Convertible Debentures	-	12,000,000	12,000,000
3	Capital Reserve on Fair Valuation of Preference Shares and warrants	-	15,323,293	12,687,668
	Total	(2,421,316)	24,901,977	24,687,668
	Net profit before OCI/Reserves as per Ind AS	(2,862,926)	5,245,913	5,473,214

#### **Notes:**

- 1 This is due to Fair valuation of liabilities and assets arise on Preference shares and warrants.
- 2 Debentures shows in Long term borrowings as per previous GAAP while it has transferred to other Equity.
- 3 This is due to share premium of HSN Holding PLC on Fair valuation of liabilities and assets arise on Preference shares and warrants.

## 21.3 Effect of Ind AS adoption on the statement of profit and loss for the year ended 31st March, 2016

**Amount in USD** 

Particulars		Year ended 31st March	n, 2016
	As per Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
Other income	377,350	264,145	641,495
Total Income	377,350	264,145	641,495
Expenses			
Finance costs	799,941	2,685,461	3,485,402
Other expenses	19,019	-	19,019
Total Expense	818,960	2,685,461	3,504,421
Profit/(Loss) before tax	(441,610)	(2,421,316)	(2,862,926)
Tax expense			
Current tax	-	-	-
Net tax expense		<u>-</u>	
Profit/(Loss) for the year	(441,610)	(2,421,316)	(2,862,926)

### 22 SEGMENT REPORTING

Considering the nature of Company's business, there is only one Reportable Segment in accordance with the requirement of IND AS-108 on "Segment Reporting", hence separate disclosure of the segment information is not considered necessary.

23 There are no Contingent liabilities and outstanding Commitments as at 31st March, 2017, 31st March, 2016 and 1st April, 2015.

#### 24 OTHER DISCLOSURES \*

Amount in USD

		As at 31.03.2017	As at 31.03.2016	As at 01.04.2015
i.	Disclosures under MSMED Act 2006	-	-	-
ii.	Earning in Foreign Currency	-	-	-
iii.	Expenditure in Foreign Currency	-	-	-
iv.	Value of Imports on CIF basis	-	-	-

<sup>\*</sup> Not applicable being an entity of foreign domicile.

#### 25 PRIOR YEAR COMPARATIVES

Previous year's figures have been regrouped / reclassified wherever necessary to correspond with the current period's classification/disclosure.

In terms of our report attached

For Mohan L. Jain & Co.

Chartered Accountants Firm Reg. No. 005345N

Ankush Jain
Partner

Membership No. 540194

Place:- Noida Date: 13.04.2017 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Shariff Golam Hossen** 

sen M Aslam Koomar Director

Director Director