

Independent Auditor's Report

TO THE MEMBERS OF RELIANCE UNIVERSAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying Financial statements of

Reliance Universal Enterprises Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and a summary of the significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit or loss, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed under section 133 of the Act.

This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the Financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the Financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Company's preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Company's Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the Financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India including the Ind AS, of the state of affairs (financial position) of the Company as at 31st March, 2017, and its loss (financial performance including other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order.
- 2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

- b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, the Cash Flow Statement and Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
- e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2017 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2017 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- i. The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position.
- ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- iii. There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. The Company did not hold any Specified Bank Notes as on 8th November, 2016 and Company had not dealt with such notes during the period from 8th November, 2016 to 30th December, 2016 and hence, the requirement of disclosure in financial statements is not applicable to the Company.

For Pathak H.D & Associates

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Ashutosh Jethlia Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai Date : April 18, 2017

"Annexure A" to the Independent Auditors' Report on the Financial Statements of Reliance Universal Enterprises Limited (Referred to in Paragraph 1 under the heading of "Report on other legal and regulatory requirements" of our report of even date)

- i) As the Company has no Fixed assets during the year, clause (i) (a) to clause (i) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ii) As explained to us, physical verification of the inventories have been conducted at reasonable intervals by the management, which in our opinion is reasonable, having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its inventories. No material discrepancies were noticed on such physical verification.
- iii) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Act. Consequently, the requirement of clause (iii) (a) to clause (iii) (c) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- iv) Company has not directly or indirectly advanced loan to the persons covered under Section 185 of the Act or given guarantees or securities in connection with the loan taken by such persons and has complied with the provisions of section 186 of the Act, in respect of investments, loans, guarantee or security given, as applicable.
- v) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under. Therefore, the clause (v) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi) To the best of our knowledge and explanations given to us, the Central Government has not prescribed the maintenance of cost records under sub section (1) of Section 148 of the Act in respect of the activities undertaken by the Company.
- vii) In respect of Statutory dues:
 - a) According to the records of the Company, undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess and any other statutory dues have been regularly deposited with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of the aforesaid dues, were outstanding as at March 31, 2017 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of income tax, sales tax, service tax, duty of customs, duty of excise, value added tax, cess on account of any dispute, which have not been deposited.
- viii) The Company has not raised any loans from financial institutions or banks or government or debenture holders. Therefore, the clause (viii) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix) The company has not raised money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) or term Loan and hence clause (ix) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x) Based on the audit procedures performed for the purpose of reporting the true and fair view of the financial statements and as per information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the year.
- xi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- xii) In our opinion company is not a Nidhi company. Therefore, the provisions of clause (xii) of paragraph 3 of the Order are not applicable to the company.
- xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, all transactions with related parties are in compliance with sections 177 and 188 of the Act and their details have been disclosed in the financial statements etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year and hence clause (xiv) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

- xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transaction with the directors or persons connected with him and covered under section 192 of the Act. Hence, clause (xv) of the paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi) To the best of our knowledge and as explained, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Pathak H.D & Associates

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Ashutosh Jethlia Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai Date : April 18, 2017

ANNEXURE "B" TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON THE Financial STATEMENTS OF RELIANCE UNIVERSAL ENTERPRISES LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 2 (f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' of our report of even date)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of

Reliance Universal Enterprises Limited ("the Company") as of 31st March, 2017 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the Financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that

the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31stMarch, 2017, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI.

For Pathak H.D & Associates

Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration no. 107783W)

Ashutosh Jethlia

Partner

Membership No.: 136007

Place : Mumbai Date : April 18, 2017

Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2017

				(Amount ₹)
		As at	As at	As at
ASSETS	Notes	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	1st April, 2015
Non-current assets Financial Assets				
Investments	1	3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678
	1			
Total Non-Current assets		3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678
Current assets Financial Assets				
	2	27 (4 99)	7.42.501	12 69 705
Cash and cash equivalents	2 3	37 64 882	7 43 501	13 68 795
Current tax assets (Net) Other Current Assets		-	-	21 799
	4			14 380
Total Current assets		37 64 882	7 43 501	14 04 974
Total Assets		3416 93 66 560	3416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Equity				
Equity Share capital	5	6 42 50 000	6 42 50 000	6 42 50 000
Other Equity	6	3410 24 25 038	3410 15 77 859	3409 62 52 340
Total equity		3416 66 75 038	3416 58 27 859	3416 05 02 340
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Other Current liabilities	7	26 91 522	5 17 320	65 04 312
Total current liabilities		26 91 522	5 17 320	65 04 312
Total Liabilities		26 91 522	5 17 320	65 04 312
Total Equity and Liabilities		3416 93 66 560	3416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652
Significant Accounting Policies				
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statemen	nts 1 to 2	.1		
As per our Report of even date	For and o	n behalf of the Board		
For Pathak H. D. & Associates Chartered Accountants	S Sudhak	ar		
Registration No.: 107783W	Chairman			
Ashutosh Jethlia	K.V.V.S.	Murthy	Raj Mullick	
Partner	Director		Director	
Membership No. :136007	D1		n ~	
	Dhiren D Director	alal	B. Chandrase Director	ekaran
Mumbai	Tapas Mi	tra	Ashoo Mote	
Dated : April 18, 2017		ancial Officer	Secretarial Of	ficer

Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2017

			(Amount ₹)
	Notes	2016-17	2015-16
INCOME			
Revenue from operation			
Sale of Products	8	2 06 005	1 81 079
		2 06 005	1 81 079
Other Income	9	-	1 972
Total Income		2 06 005	1 83 051
EXPENDITURE			
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade		2 05 480	1 80 440
Other Expenses	10	34 43 346	63 87 092
Total Expenses		36 48 826	65 67 532
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax		(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	3	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the Year		(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Other comprehensive income:			
a) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
b) Other item not to be reclassified in Profit & Loss account		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year		(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Earnings per equity share of face value of ₹ 10 each			
Basic (in ₹)	11	-0.54	-0.99
Diluted (in ₹)	11	-0.54	-0.99
Significant Accounting Policies	1 01		
See accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements	1 to 21		

As per our Report of even date	For and on behalf of the Board			
For Pathak H. D. & Associates				
Chartered Accountants	S Sudhakar			
Registration No.: 107783W	Chairman			
Ashutosh Jethlia	K.V.V.S. Murthy	Raj Mullick		
Partner	Director	Director		
Membership No. :136007				
-	Dhiren Dalal	B. Chandrasekaran		
	Director	Director		
Mumbai	Tapas Mitra	Ashoo Mote		
Dated : April 18, 2017	Chief Financial Officer	Secretarial Officer		

Statement of changes in Equity for the year ended 31st March, 2017

A.	EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL	
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(Amount ₹) Balance at the Balance at the Changes in Balance at the Changes in beginning of equity share end of the equity share end of the the reporting capital during reporting capital during reporting the year 2016-17 period i.e. the year period i.e. period i.e. 2015-16 1st April, 2015 31st March, 2016 31st March, 2017 6 42 50 000 6 42 50 000 6 42 50 000

B. OTHER EQUITY

(Amount ₹)

	Reserves and Surplus			
	Instruments classified as Equity	Securities Premium Reserve	Retained Earnings	Total
Year ended 31st March, 2016				
Balance at beginning of reporting period	6 83 33 000	3403 41 67 000	(62 47 660)	3409 62 52 340
Unsecured Zero Coupon Optionally Convertible Loan	1 17 10 000			1 17 10 000
Total Comprehensive Income for the year			(63 84 481)	(63 84 481)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	8 00 43 000	3403 41 67 000	(1 26 32 141)	3410 15 77 859
Year ended 31st March, 2017				
Balance at beginning of reporting period	8 00 43 000	3403 41 67 000	(1 26 32 141)	3410 15 77 859
Unsecured Zero Coupon Optionally Convertible Loan	42 90 000			42 90 000
Total Comprehensive Income for the year			(34 42 821)	(34 42 821)
Balance at the end of the reporting period	8 43 33 000	3403 41 67 000	(1 60 74 962)	3410 24 25 038

As per our Report of even date	For and on behalf of the Board				
For Pathak H. D. & Associates					
Chartered Accountants	S Sudhakar				
Registration No.: 107783W	Chairman				
Ashutosh Jethlia	K.V.V.S. Murthy	Raj Mullick			
Partner	Director	Director			
Membership No. :136007					
-	Dhiren Dalal	B. Chandrasekaran			
	Director	Director			
Mumbai	Tapas Mitra	Ashoo Mote			
Dated : April 18, 2017	Chief Financial Officer	Secretarial Officer			

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31st March, 2017

		20	016-17		(Amount ₹) 2015-16
A	Cash Flow from Operating Activities				
	Net Profit / (Loss) before tax as per Profit and Loss Statement		(34 42 821)		(63 84 481)
	Adjusted for:				
	Loss on premature redemption of Fixed Deposit	-		2 647	
	Interest paid				-
					2 647
	Operating (Loss) before Working Capital Changes		(34 42 821)		(63 81 834)
	Adjusted for:				
	Other current liabilities payable	21 74 202		(59 86 992)) -
			21 74 202		(59 86 992)
	Cash from (used in) Operations		(12 68 619)		(1 23 68 826)
	Taxes paid				21 799
	Net Cash from (used in) Operating Activities		(12 68 619)		(1 23 47 027)
В	Cash Flow from Investing Activities				
	Interest received				11 733
	Net Cash from (used in) Investing Activities		-		11 733
C	Cash Flow from Financing Activities				
	Proceeds from Borrowings		42 90 000		1 17 10 000
	Interest paid				
	Net Cash from (used in) Financing Activities		42 90 000		1 17 10 000
	Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		30 21 381		(6 25 294)
	Opening Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		7 43 501		13 68 795
	Closing Balance of Cash and Cash Equivalents		37 64 882		7 43 501
	(Refer Note No. 2)				

As per our Report of even date	For and on behalf of the Board				
For Pathak H. D. & Associates					
Chartered Accountants	S Sudhakar				
Registration No.: 107783W	Chairman				
Ashutosh Jethlia	K.V.V.S. Murthy	Raj Mullick			
Partner	Director	Director			
Membership No.:136007					
-	Dhiren Dalal	B. Chandrasekaran			
	Director	Director			
Mumbai	Tapas Mitra	Ashoo Mote			
Dated: April 18, 2017	Chief Financial Officer	Secretarial Officer			

Notes to the Financial Statements

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Reliance Universal Enterprises Limited ['the company'] is a public limited company incorporated in India. The address of its registered office and principal place of business is at 9th Floor, Maker Chambers IV, 222 Nariman Point, Mumbai 400021. The principal activity of the company is Wholesale Trading of Goods.

B. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

B.1 Basis of Preparation and Presentation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements of the Company have been prepared to comply with the Indian Accounting standards ('Ind AS'), including the Accounting Standards notified under the relevant provisions of the companies Act, 2013.

Upto the year ended March 31, 2016, the Company prepared its financial statements in accordance with the requirement of Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), which includes Standards notified under the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006 and considered as "Previous GAAP".

These financial statements are the Company's first Ind AS consolidated financial statements and as covered by Ind AS 101 - First time adoption of Indian Accounting Standards.

Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (₹), which is its functional currency.

B.2 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

(a) Borrowings Cost

All borrowing costs are charged to the Profit and Loss Statement in the period in which they are incurred.

(b) Inventories

Items of inventories are measured at lower of cost and net realisable value after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventories comprises of cost of purchase and other costs net of recoverable taxes incurred in bringing them to their respective present location and condition.

Cost of Inventories are determined on weighted average basis.

(c) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

(d) Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in the comprehensive income or in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income and equity.

Current Tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities, based on tax rates and laws that are enacted or substantively enacted at the Balance sheet date.

Deferred Tax

Deferred tax is recognised on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The carrying amount of Deferred tax liabilities and assets are reviewed at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents includes cash in hand and deposits with any qualifying financial institution repayable on demand or maturing within three months of the date of acquisition and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

(f) Foreign currencies

Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also its functional currency.

Transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the functional currency spot rates of exchange at the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items are recognised in profit or loss.

(g) Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured, regardless of when the payment is being made. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, taking into account contractually defined terms of payment and excluding taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government.

Revenue is recognised only if following condition are satisfied:

- > The Company has transferred risks and rewards incidental to ownership to the customer;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- > It is probable that the economic benefit associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- > it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection

Revenue from operations includes sale of goods, services and service tax..

Interest income

Interest income from a financial asset is recognised when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably. Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Dividends

Revenue is recognised when the Company's right to receive the payment has been established.

(h) Financial instruments

i) Financial Assets

A. Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair value. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities, which are not at fair value through profit or loss, are adjusted to the fair value on initial recognition. Purchase and sale of financial assets are recognised using trade date accounting.

B. Subsequent measurement

a) Financial assets carried at amortised cost (AC)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold the asset in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

b) Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)

A financial asset is subsequently measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

c) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial asset which is not classified in any of the above categories are subsequently fair valued through profit or loss.

C. Equity instruments

All equity investments are measured at fair value, with value changes recognised in statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the company has elected to present the value changes in 'Other Comprehensive Income'.

D. Investment in Holding, Subsidiaries, Associates and Joint Ventures

The Company has accounted for its investments in holding, subsidiaries, associates and joint venture at cost.

E. Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit loss (ECL) model to the following:

- a) Financial assets at amortised cost
- b) Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive income

The company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance. The application of simplified approach does not require the Company to track changes in credit risk. Rather, it recognises impairment loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date, right from its initial recognition.

The company uses historical loss experience to determine the impairment loss allowance on the portfolio of trade receivables. At every reporting date, the historical observed default rates are updated and changes in the forward looking estimates are analysed.

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 12-month ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If, in a subsequent period, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognising impairment loss allowance based on 12-month ECL.

ii) Financial Liabilities

A. Initial recognition and measurement:

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and in case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable cost. Fees of recurring nature are directly recognised in profit or loss as finance cost.

B. Subsequent measurement:

Financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For trade and other payables maturing within one year from the balance sheet date, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short maturity of these instruments.

C. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY:

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgement, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of revenue, expenses, assets and liabilities and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

(a) Recoverability of trade receivable:

Judgements are required in assessing the recoverability of overdue trade receivables and determining whether a provision against those receivables is required. Factors considered include the credit rating of the counterparty, the amount and timing of anticipated future payments and any possible actions that can be taken to mitigate the risk of non-payment.

(b) Provisions

Provisions and liabilities are recognized in the period when it becomes probable that there will be a future outflow of funds resulting from past operations or events and the amount of cash outflow can be reliably estimated. The timing of recognition and quantification of the liability require the application of judgement to existing facts and circumstances, which can be subject to change. Since the cash outflows can take place many years in the future, the carrying amounts of provisions and liabilities are reviewed regularly and adjusted to take account of changing facts and circumstances.

(c) Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected cash loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation, based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

D. FIRST TIME ADOPTION OF IND AS

The Company has adopted Ind AS with effect from 1st April 2016 with comparatives being restated. Accordingly the impact of transition has been provided in the Opening Reserves as at 1st April 2015 and all the periods presented have been restated accordingly.

a) Exemptions from retrospective application:

(i) Investments in holding, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and associates

The Company has elected to measure investment in holding, subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries and associates at cost.

	31s	t March, 2017	31s	t March, 2016	(Amount ₹) 1st April, 2015
1. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS (Long Term Investments)	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units Amount
Other Investments Investments measured at Cost					
In Equity Shares of Ultimate Holding Company Quoted, fully paid up Reliance Industries Limited of ₹ 10 each	1,65,00,000	1979 81 01 678	1,65,00,000	1979 81 01 678	1,65,00,000 1979 81 01 678
In Preference shares of Fellow Subsidiary Companies (Revised Classification Equity) Unquoted, fully paid up 10% Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference shares of Reliance Aromatics and					
Petrochemicals Limited of ₹ 10 each	28,73,500	1436 75 00 000	28,73,500	1436 75 00 000	28,73,500 1436 75 00 000
		1436 75 00 000		1436 75 00 000	1436 75 00 000
Total Non Current Investments		34,16,56,01,678		34,16,56,01,678	34,16,56,01,678
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		1979 81 01 678		1979 81 01 678	1979 81 01 678
Market Value of quoted investments		2179 48 50 000		1724 58 00 000	1362 90 00 000
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		1436 75 00 000		1436 75 00 000	1436 75 00 000
1.1 Category-wise Non current investment	3	As at 31st March, 2017	3	As at B1st March, 2016	(Amount ₹) As at 1st April, 2015
Financial assets measured at Cost					
In Equity Shares of Ultimate Holding Company		1979 81 01 678		1979 81 01 678	1979 81 01 678
In Preference shares of Fellow Subsidiary Companies		1436 75 00 000		1436 75 00 000	1436 75 00 000
		3416 56 01 678		3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678

_	CACH AND CACH EQUIVALENTS			
2.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			(Amount ₹)
		As at	As at	As at
		31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	1st April, 2015
	Bank Balances:			
	In Current Accounts	37 64 882	7 43 501	1 68 795
	Fixed Deposits with Banks			12 00 000
	Cash and cash equivalents as per balance sheet	37 64 882	7 43 501	13 68 795
	Cash and cash equivalent as per	25 (4 002		12 (0 707
	statement of cash flows	37,64,882	7,43,501	13,68,795
3.	TAXATION			(Amount ₹)
		As at	As at	As at
		31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	1st April, 2015
	a) Income tax recognised in profit or loss			
	Current tax			
	In respect of the current year			
		-	-	-
	Deferred tax			
	Total income tax expenses recognised in the current ye	ar		
	relating to continuing operations			
	The income tax expenses for the year can be reconciled to	the accounting profit as	s follows:	
		Agot	As at	(Amount ₹) As at
		As at 31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016	1st April, 2015
	Profit before tax from continuing operations	(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)	1 /
	Income tax expenses recognised in profit or loss			
	The Company has no deferred tax assets or liabilities			(Amount ₹)
		As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
	b) Current tax assets (Net)			
	At start of year	-	21 799	21 799
	Charge for the year	-	-	
	Over provision prior period	-	-	
	Tax paid / (refund received) during the year	-	(21 799)	
	At end of year			21,799
	At end of year		-	

	OTHER CHIPPINE ACCORD		31st Mar	As at rch, 2017	31st March, 2	As at 2016 1	(Amount ₹) As at st April, 2015
4.	OTHER CURRENT ASSETS (Unsecured and Considered Good)						
	Interest Recievable on Fixed Deposits			-		-	14 380
							14 380
			As at t March, 2017		As at t March, 2016		(Amount ₹) As at st April, 2015
_	CHARE CADITAL	Units	Amount	Units	Amount	Units	Amount
5.	SHARE CAPITAL Authorised:						
	Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each	70,50,000	7 05 00 000	70,50,000	7 05 00 000	70,50,000	7 05 00 000
	Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each	79,50,000	7 95 00 000	79,50,000	7 95 00 000	79,50,000	7 95 00 000
		, ,	15 00 00 000		15 00 00 000		15 00 00 000
	Issued, Subscribed and Paid up:					-	
	Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up 11% Non-Cumulative Optionally	64,25,000	6 42 50 000	64,25,000	6 42 50 000	64,25,000	6 42 50 000
	Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up	4,86,520	48 65 200	4,86,520	48 65 200	4,86,520	48 65 200
	11% Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up	63,46,780	6 34 67 800	63,46,780	6 34 67 800	63,46,780	6 34 67 800
	Total Paid up Capital		13 25 83 000		13 25 83 000	-	13 25 83 000
	Less: Instruments classified as Equity		(6 83 33 000)		(6 83 33 000)		(6 83 33 000)
			6 42 50 000		6 42 50 000		6 42 50 000
5.1	The details of shareholders holding mo	ore than 5% s	hares:				
	Name of the Shareholders	No. of	st March, 2017	No. of	1st March, 2016	No. of	st April, 2015
	Holding Company : Equity Shares	shares	% held	shares	% held	shares	% held
	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	64 25 000	100.00	64 25 000	100.00	64 25 000	100.00
	Fellow Subsidiary Companies : Preference Shares						
	Reliance Aromatics and						
	Petrochemicals Limited	1 79 500	36.89	1 79 500	36.89	1 79 500	36.89
	Reliance Chemicals Limited Petroleum Trust	3 07 020	63.11	3 07 020	63.11	3 07 020	63.11
	retroieum Irust	63 46 780	100.00	63 46 780	100.00	63 46 780	100.00

5.2 The reconciliation of the number of shares outstanding is set out below:

Name of the Shareholders	As at 31st March, 2017		As at 31s	st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015	
	Equity	Preference	Equity	Preference	Equity	Preference
	(Nos.)	(Nos.)	(Nos.)	(Nos.)	(Nos.)	(Nos.)
Shares at the beginning of the year	64 25 000	68 33 300	64 25 000	68 33 300	64 25 000	68 33 300
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-
Shares at the end of the year	64 25 000	68 33 300	64 25 000	68 33 300	64 25 000	68 33 300

5.3 Rights, Preferences and Restrictions attached to shares

The Equity Shareholder is eligible for one vote per share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting, except in case of interim dividend. In the event of liquidation, the equity shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the Company after distribution of all preferential amount, in proportion to their shareholding.

All the Preference Shares shall carry a preferential right over the Equity shares of the Company as regards to payment of dividend and repayment of capital, in the event of winding-up of the Company. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

6. OTHER EQUITY

					(Amount ₹)
		As at		As at	As at
	3	1st March, 2017	3	1st March, 2016	1st April , 2015
Securities Premium Reserve					
As per last Balance Sheet		3403 41 67 000		3403 41 67 000	3403 41 67 000
Retained Earnings					
As per last Balance Sheet	(1 26 32 141)		(62 47 660)	1	
Less: Loss for the year	(34 42 821)		(63 84 481)	1	
		(1 60 74 962)		(1 26 32 141)	(62 47 660)
Instruments classified as Equity					
11% Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	40 (7 200		40.65.200		
of ₹ 10/- each [Refer Note 1(a)]	48 65 200		48 65 200		
11% Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares of ₹ 10/- each [Refer Note 1(b)]	6 34 67 800		6 34 67 800)	
Unsecured Zero Coupon Optionally					
Convertible Loan (Refer Note 2)	1 60 00 000		1 17 10 000)	
		8 43 33 000		8 00 43 000	6 83 33 000
		3410 24 25 038		3410 15 77 859	3409 62 52 340

^{1) 11%} Non-Cumulative Optionally Convertible Preference Shares as follows -

⁽a) 1,79,500 Nos. & 3,07,020 Nos. issued to Reliance Aromatics and Petrochemicals Limited and Reliance Chemicals Limited (fellow subsidiary companies) respectively of \mathfrak{T} 10 each fully paid up, redeemable on or before 31.03.2028 at a premium of \mathfrak{T} 4,990 per share. The Preference shares may be redeemed on or before 31.03.2028 by the Company, by giving 15 days' notice to the preference shareholders on such terms and conditions as may be mutually agreed to with the shareholders. At any time during the tenure, the Issuer will have an option for early conversion by giving one month notice to the holder of the Preference Shares. The conversion of the Preference Shares will be based on higher of the book value or face value of the share as at March 31, 2015.

(b) 63,46,780 Nos. issued to Petroleum Trust of ₹ 10 each fully paid up, these Preference shares are redeemable at a price of ₹ 5000 per share on expiry of 15 years from the date of allotment i.e. 31.10.2009. The Preference Shares shall at the option of the Issuer or the Preference Shareholder be redeemable by way of converting them in to Equity Shares of the Company. Upon conversion, the Issuer shall issue 600 equity shares of ₹ 10/- each, for cash, at par, for every one Preference Share held by the Preference Shareholder.

2) The Zero Coupon Optionally Convertible Loan from Reliance Strategic Investments Limited (a fellow subsidiary company) is fully convertible into equity shares of ₹ 10/- each at par, at the option of the Company. The outstanding amount of Loan, if not opted for conversion shall be repayable, at the end of 10 years from the date of first disbursement i.e., 18-02-2016 or such other period as may be mutually agreed between the Company and the Lender.

7. OTHER FINANCIAL AND CURRENT LIABILITIES

			(Amount ₹)
	As at 31st March, 2017	As at 31st March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
Other Payables *	26 91 522	5 17 320	65 04 312
	26 91 522	5 17 320	65 04 312

^{*} Includes Statutory Dues and liabilities for expenses.

The Company does not have creditors governed by the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006.

SALE OF PRODUCTS		(Amount ₹)
	2016-17	2015-16
Sale of Fabrics	2 06 005	1 81 079
	2 06 005	1 81 079
OTHER INCOME		(Amount ₹)
	2016-17	2015-16
Interest		
From Others	-	872
Other Non Operating Income	-	1 100
	<u>-</u> _	1 972
OTHER EXPENSES		(Amount ₹)
Establishment Expenses	2016-17	2015-16
Professional Fees	27 93 872	56 73 639
General Expenses	1 412	2 423
Filing fees	4 830	15 000
Profession Tax	2 500	2 500
Demat / Custodian charges	1 832	1 798
Directors Sitting Fees	6 14 750	6 71 910
Payment to Auditors	24 150	17 175
Loss on premature redemption of Fixed Deposit	-	2 647
	34 43 346	63 87 092
	Sale of Fabrics OTHER INCOME Interest From Others Other Non Operating Income OTHER EXPENSES Establishment Expenses Professional Fees General Expenses Filing fees Profession Tax Demat / Custodian charges Directors Sitting Fees Payment to Auditors	Sale of Fabrics 2016-17 Comparison of Fixed Deposit Sale of Fabrics 206 005 2 06 005 Cother Income From Others - Other Non Operating Income - Cother Non Operating Income - Cother EXPENSES 2 Establishment Expenses 2016-17 Professional Fees 27 93 872 General Expenses 1 412 Filing fees 4 830 Profession Tax 2 500 Demat / Custodian charges 1 832 Directors Sitting Fees 6 14 750 Payment to Auditors 24 150 Loss on premature redemption of Fixed Deposit -

Professional fees include payment to Key Managerial Personnel ₹ 26 73 122 (Previous year ₹ 56 28 326)

10.1 Payment to Auditors as		(Amount ₹)
	2016-17	2015-16
Statutory Audit fees	18 400	17 175
Certification fees	5 750	-
	24,150	17,175
Certification fees includes certification fees paid to auditors towards certification of	XBRL filings.	
11. EARNINGS PER SHARE		
	2016-17	2015-16
Net Profit after Tax from Continuing operations as per		
Profit and Loss Statement attributable to Equity Shareholders (₹)	(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares for calculating Basic EPS	64 25 000	64 25 000
Effect of dilution:		
Optionally Convertible Preference Shares	405 13 28 000	5 29 17 191
Optionally Convertible Loans	12 69 145	35 194
Weighted average number of Equity shares adjusted for calculating Diluted EPS	405 90 22 145	5 93 77 385
Weighted Average number of Equity Shares used as denominator for		
calculating Diluted EPS	405 90 22 145	5 93 77 385
Basic Earnings per share (₹)	(0.54)	(0.99)
Diluted Earnings per share (₹)	(0.54)	(0.99)
Face Value per Equity Share (₹)	10	10

- 12. The Income-Tax assessments of the Company have been completed up to Assessment Year 2014-15. The disputed demand outstanding up to the said Assessment Year is ₹ Nil.
- 13. Deferred tax assets (net) as at Balance Sheet date consists of the following items. As a matter of prudence, the Company has not recognised deferred tax assets in the books of accounts

		(Amount ₹)
	As at	As at
	31st March, 2017	31st March, 2016
Deferred Tax Liabilities	Nil	Nil
Deferred Tax Assets		
Carried forward Losses	41 83 227	38 24 720
	41 83 227	38 24 720

14. DETAILS OF LOANS GIVEN, INVESTMENTS MADE AND GUARANTEE GIVEN COVERED U/S 186 (4) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Investments made are given under the respective heads

No Loans and no Guarantees / Securities are given by the Company during the financial year 2016-17.

15. DETAILS OF SPECIFIED BANK NOTES (SBN) HELD AND TRANSACTED DURING THE PERIOD 08/11/2016 TO 30/12/2016 IS AS UNDER:

The Company does not receive or, does not make any payment in Cash. Accordingly Cash balance as on 8th November 2016 and as on 30th December 2016 was Nil.

16. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on April 18, 2017.

17 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(i) As per Ind AS 24, the disclosures of transactions with the related parties are given below:
List of related parties where control exists and related parties with whom transactions have taken place and relationships:

Sr. No.	Name of the Related Parties	Relationship
1	Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding Company
2	Reliance Industrial Investments and Holdings Limited	Holding Company
3	Reliance Aromatics and Petrochemicals Limited	
4	Reliance Chemicals Limited	Fellow Subsidiary Companies
5	Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited	renow Subsidiary Companies
6	Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	
7	Shri KVVS Murthy (Manager) - upto November 18, 2015	Key Managerial Personnel

(Amount ₹)

ii)	Transactions	during the	vear with	related	parties:
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Sr. No.	Nature of Transaction (Excluding reimbursements)	Ultimate Holding Company	Holding Company	Fellow Subsidiary Companies	Key Managerial Personnel	Total
1	Net Loans taken / (repaid)	-	-	42 90 000 1 17 10 000	-	42 90 000 <i>1 17 10 000</i>
2	Purchases	2 05 480 <i>1 80 440</i>	-	-	-	2 05 480 1 80 440
3	Professional Fees	-	-	- -	- 34 75 813	34 75 813
Role	ance as at 31st March, 2017					(Amount ₹)
4	Equity Share Capital	-	6 42 50 000 6 42 50 000	-	-	6 42 50 000 6 42 50 000
5	Preference Share Capital (including premium)	-	-	243 26 00 000 243 26 00 000	-	243 26 00 000 243 26 00 000
6	Long Term Borrowings	-	-	1 60 00 000 <i>1 17 10 000</i>	-	1 60 00 000 1 17 10 000
7		9 81 01 678 <i>9 81 01 678</i>	-	1436 75 00 000 <i>1436 75 00 000</i>	-	3416 56 01 678 3416 56 01 678
8	Other Current Liabilities	24 40 677	-	-	-	24 40 677

Note: Figures in Italic represents previous year's amount.

	Disclosure in Respect of Material Related Party Transactions during the year:				
	Particulars	Relationship	2016-17	2015-16	
1	Net Loans taken / (repaid)				
	Reliance Strategic Investments Limited	Fellow Subsidiary	42 90 000	1 17 10 000	
2	Purchases				
	Reliance Industries Limited	Ultimate Holding	2 05 480	1 80 440	
3	Professional Fees				
	Shri KVVS Murthy	Key Managerial Personnel	-	34 75 813	

Notes:

- 1 The transactions with related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions. Review of Outstanding Balances are undertaken each financial year through examining the financial position of the related party and the market in which the related party operates. These balances are unsecured and settlement occurs through banking channel.
- 2 Professional fees towards key managerial personnel are provided by Reliance Corporate IT Park Limited, a fellow subsidiary company.

18 SEGMENT INFORMATION

The Company operating segments are established on the basis of those components which are evaluated regularly by the Board (the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined in Ind AS 108 'Operating Segments'), in deciding how to allocate resources and in assessing performance. These have been identified taking into account nature of activities and the differing risks and returns.

The Company has two principal operating and reporting segments; viz. Finance & Investments and Trading as follows:

- a) The Finance and Investment segment, which comprises of loans, investments and borrowings of the Company.
- b) The Trading segment, denotes wholesale trading of Fabrics undertaken by the company
- c) No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating segments.
- d) Revenue and expenses have been identified to a segment on the basis of relationship to operating activities of the segment. Revenue and expenses which relate to enterprise as a whole and are not allocable to a segment on reasonable basis have been disclosed as "Unallocable".

Year ended 31st March, 2017				(Amount ₹)
Sr Particulars	Finance & Investments	Trading	Unallocable	Total
1 Segment Revenue External Turnover	-	2 06 005	-	2 06 005
Total Revenue		2 06 005	-	2 06 005
2 Income / (expenses) Depreciation and amortisation	-	-	-	-
3 Segment Profit	(1 832)	525	(34 41 514)	(34 42 821)
Current tax	-	-		
Deferred tax	-	-		
Profit after tax	(1 832)	525	(34 41 514)	(34 42 821)
4 Total Assets	3416 93 66 560	_	-	3416 93 66 560
5 Total Liabilities	26 91 522		-	26 91 522
6 Other disclosures				
Capital Expenditure				

Year	ended 31st March, 2016				(Amount ₹)
Sr	Particulars	Finance & Investments	Trading	Unallocable	Total
1	Segment Revenue External Turnover	-	1 81 079	-	1 81 079
	Total Revenue		1 81 079		1 81 079
2	Income / (expenses) Depreciation and amortisation			-	-
3	Segment Profit	(1 798)	639	(63 83 322)	(63 84 481)
	Current tax				
	Deferred tax	-	-		
	Profit after tax	(1 798)	639	(63 83 322)	(63 84 481)
4	Total Assets	3416 63 45 179	_		3416 63 45 179
5	Total Liabilities	5 17 320			5 17 320
6	Other disclosures Capital Expenditure	-	-	-	-
As a	t 1st April, 2015				(Amount ₹)
Sr	Particulars	Finance & Investments	Trading	Unallocable	Total
1	Total Assets	3416 70 06 652			3416 70 06 652
2	Total Liabilities	65 04 312	_		65 04 312
3	Other disclosures Capital Expenditure				
Rec	onciliations to amounts reflected i	in the financial statements			(Amount ₹)
Rec	onciliation of profit			2016-17	2015-16
Segi	ment profit			(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Prof	rit / (Loss) Before Tax			(34 42 821)	(63 84 481)
Rec	onciliation of assets	31st March,	As at 2017 31s	As at the March, 2016	As at 1st April, 2015
	ment operating assets	3416 93 66		416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652
_	al assets	3416 93 66		416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652
	ment operating liabilities	26 91		5 17 320	65 04 312

Notes:

- 1) Since all the operations of the Company are conducted within India, as such there is no separate reportable geographical segment.
- 2) Entire Revenue is from sale to its largest customer. No other single customer contributed 10% or more to the Company's revenue for both 2016-17 and 2015-16.

19 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company manages its capital to ensure that it will continue as going concern while maximising the return to stakeholders. The company manages its capital structure and make adjustment in light of changes in business condition. The overall strategy remains unchanged as compared to last year.

20 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to liquidity risk and credit risk.

The company's risk management is carried out by the company as per policies approved by the management. The company identifies, evaluates and mitigates financial risk in close co-operation with its operation team. The company's overall risk management programme focuses on unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the company's financial performance.

A) Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that suitable sources of funding for the company's business activities may not be available. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves and matching maturity profiles of financial assets and financial liabilities.

B) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer will fail to pay amounts due causing financial loss to the company. It arises from cash and cash equivalents and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables.

21. FIRST-TIME IND AS ADOPTION RECONCILIATIONS

21.1 Effect of Ind AS adoption on the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March, 2016 and 1st April, 2015

(Amount ₹)

	As	As at 31st March, 2016		As at 1st April, 2015		
	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per Ind AS balance sheet
ASSETS						
Financial Assets						
Investments	3416 56 01 678		3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678		3416 56 01 678
Total Non Current Assets	3416 56 01 678	-	3416 56 01 678	3416 56 01 678	-	3416 56 01 678
Current assets						
Financial Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	7 43 501	-	7 43 501	13 68 795	-	13 68 795
Current tax assets (Net)				21 799		21 799
Total Non Current Assets	7 43 501	-	7 43 501	14 04 974	-	14 04 974
Total Assets	3416 63 45 179	_	3416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652		3416 70 06 652
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
Equity						
Equity Share capital	6 42 50 000	-	6 42 50 000	6 42 50 000	-	6 42 50 000
Other Equity	3410 15 77 859		3410 15 77 859	3409 62 52 340		3409 62 52 340
Total equity	3416 58 27 859	-	3416 58 27 859	3416 05 02 340	-	3416 05 02 340
Liabilities						
Current liabilities						
Other Current liabilities	5 17 320	-	5 17 320	65 04 312	-	65 04 312
Total current liabilities	5 17 320	-	5 17 320	65 04 312	-	65 04 312
Total Liabilities	5 17 320		5 17 320	65 04 312		65 04 312
Total Equity and Liabilities	3416 63 45 179		3416 63 45 179	3416 70 06 652		3416 70 06 652

21.2 Reconciliation of Profit and Other Equity between IndAS and Previous GAAP

(Amount ₹)

	Net Profit	Other Equity	
	Year end	As at	As at
	31st March, 2016	31st March, 2016	1st April, 2015
Net Profit / Other Equity as per Previous Indian GAAP	(63 84 481)	3410 15 77 859	3409 62 52 340
Net profit before OCI / Other Equity as per Ind AS	(63 84 481)	3410 15 77 859	3409 62 52 340

21.3 Effect of Ind AS adoption on	the Profit and Loce Statement for	r the year ended 31st March, 2016

(Amount ₹)

	2015-16		
INCOME	Previous GAAP	Effect of transition to Ind AS	As per IndAS Balance Sheet
Revenue from operation			
Sale of Products	1 81 079	-	1 81 079
	1 81 079		1 81 079
Other Income	1 972	-	1 972
Total Income	1 83 051		1 83 051
EXPENDITURE			
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	1 80 440	-	1 80 440
Other Expenses	63 87 092	-	63 87 092
Total Expenses	65 67 532	-	65 67 532
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	(63 84 481)		(63 84 481)
Tax Expenses			
Current Tax	-	-	-
Deferred Tax	-	-	-
Profit / (Loss) for the Year	(63 84 481)	-	(63 84 481)

As per our Report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Pathak H. D. & Associates

Chartered Accountants Registration No.: 107783W

K.V.V.S. Murthy Director

Raj Mullick Director

Membership No. :136007

Ashutosh Jethlia

Dhiren Dalal

S Sudhakar

Chairman

B. Chandrasekaran

Director

Director

Mumbai Dated : April 18, 2017 **Tapas Mitra**Chief Financial Officer

Ashoo Mote Secretarial Officer